



CITY OF LODI, CALIFORNIA
COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

CITY OF LODI, CALIFORNIA
COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT
Year Ended June 30, 2015

BOB JOHNSON, MAYOR
MARK CHANDLER, MAYOR PRO TEM
DOUG KUEHNE, COUNCILMEMBER
JOANNE MOUNCE, COUNCILMEMBER
ALAN NAKANISHI, COUNCILMEMBER
STEVE SCHWABAUER, CITY MANAGER

Prepared by the Financial Services Division
Ruby Paiste, Financial Services Manager
Derrick Cotten, Supervising Accountant

**CITY OF LODI
 COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015**

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CITY COUNCIL

BOB JOHNSON, Mayor
MARK CHANDLER, Mayor Pro
Tempore
COUNCILMEMBERS:
DOUG KUEHNE
JOANNE MOUNCE
ALAN NAKANISHI

CITY OF LODI
CITY HALL, 221 WEST PINE STREET
P.O. BOX 3006
LODI, CALIFORNIA 95241-1910
(209) 333-6706
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STEVE SCHWABAUER
City Manager

JENNIFER FERRAILOLO
City Clerk

JANICE MAGDICH
City Attorney

February 3, 2016

**To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council and the City Manager
of the City of Lodi:**

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the year ended June 30, 2015, is hereby submitted. This report is provided to present the financial position, changes in financial position, and where applicable, cash flows of the City of Lodi (City) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The report conforms to the highest standards of financial reporting as established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), for reporting by State and local governments. The responsibility for the accuracy, fairness and completeness of the report rests with the City.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the City has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed to protect the City's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. We believe that the information is accurate in all material respects, and that it is presented in a manner designed to fairly present the financial position and changes in financial position of the City. In addition, we believe that all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain a full understanding of the City's financial activities have been included.

This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) and should be read in conjunction with it. The MD&A can be found immediately following the independent auditor's report.

THE REPORTING ENTITY AND SERVICES PROVIDED

The funds included in the CAFR are those deemed dependent upon the City and controlled by the City Council and reflect the City's financial reporting entity in accordance with GASB Statement No.14, as amended by GASB Statement No. 61.

The City was incorporated December 6, 1906, as a municipal corporation under the general laws of the State of California. The City operates under a Council-Manager form of government. Under the Council-Manager form of government, policy making and legislative authority are entrusted to the City Council. The City Council consists of five members elected at-large by its voters for four-year terms, with no term limits. Elections are held

in November of even-numbered years. Each year the Mayor and Mayor Pro-Tempore are chosen by the members of the City Council. The Mayor presides at Council meetings and acts as the ceremonial head of the City, the Mayor Pro Tempore serves as Mayor in his or her absence. The City Manager is responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances of the City Council, for appointing department heads, and overseeing the operations of the City. The City Manager, City Attorney and the City Clerk are appointed by the City Council.

The City provides a wide range of municipal services including public safety (police, fire and graffiti abatement), public utilities services (electric, water and wastewater), transportation services (streets, flood control and transit) leisure, cultural and social services (parks and recreation, library and community center), and general government services (management, community development, human resources administration, financial administration, building maintenance and equipment maintenance).

Several municipal services are provided through other government agencies, private companies or public utility companies, including:

	Number of Facilities
Elementary and Secondary Schools	18
Sanitation (solid waste) and Cable Television	3
Ambulance	1
Gas and Telephone	2

ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

The City is located in the San Joaquin Valley between Stockton, 10 miles to the south, and Sacramento, 35 miles to the north, and adjacent to U.S. Highway 99. The City population is 63,719 and is contained in an area of 13.98 square miles. The City has grown steadily since incorporation in 1906. The City’s growth is provided for in both the General Plan and the City’s growth control ordinance that allows an increase in population of 2% per year until the growth limits are reached.

The City is built on a strong and broad based local economy. The City is known for its Zinfandel wine. It is an authentic dynamic wine region with over 80 wineries within 10 miles of downtown. The employment base is diversified with food processing, packaging, plastic and service industries.

In addition, the City has a wide range of small, financially sound businesses that add to the economic strength of the City. These companies range in size from 10 to 150 employees and produce a wide variety of products, services and commodities.

Over the past several years, there has been an increase in industrial and residential development that has been unprecedented since the early 1980s. This new development combined with the growing strength of the wine/grape industry is a positive indicator for the City. The City’s focus on economic development has encouraged numerous big industries to move to the City that collectively created hundreds of new jobs.

Economic Development

The City continues to be committed to promoting economic development (business retention and attraction) and expanding the tax base to fund City services rather than increase taxes to pay for these services. The City has provided for additional retail sales and commercial activity with approval of new retail developments adjacent to Highway 99 and Harney Lane in the southeast corner of the City, and with a large retail development in the southwest corner of the City. The City is also committed to an Enterprise Zone with San Joaquin County.

MAJOR GOALS, OBJECTIVES AND PROJECTS

To assist the citizens of the City in understanding where the City intends to allocate available resources, the City Council, the City Manager and Department Heads established in 2004 a hierarchy of major aspirational goals, objectives and major projects that support and re-enforce the City's mission statement. Council then set project specific goals at a series of workshops in 2015.

1). Aspirational Goals

Four major City goals were established as policy direction and focal points for the efforts of City staff. These goals include:

- Ensure a High Quality of Life and a Safe Environment for Citizens
- Ensure Efficient and Productive City Organization
- Ensure Public Trust, and
- Ensure the Development of the Lodi Economy for a Fiscally Sound City Organization

City Council, the City Manager and Department Heads established nineteen major City objectives:

- | | |
|---|---|
| Maintain City's Sense of Community | Provide Employee Training and Education |
| Provide for a Balanced Community | Evaluate Telecommunications Opportunities |
| Enhance Access through Implementation of Information Systems Strategic Plan | Provide Resources to Maintain City's Infrastructure |
| Promote Urban Forestry | Promote Public Relations and Marketing Efforts |
| Attract, Retain and Invest in a Quality City Work Force | Ensure Open and Accessible Public Meetings |
| Encourage Public Arts, Cultural and Recreational Opportunities | Pursue Efforts to be Entrepreneurial |
| Provide Appropriate and Sufficient City Facilities | Improve Customer Service |
| Develop Short and Long Range Operational Plans | Continue to use Partnerships to Advance City's Objectives |
| Develop Effective Records Management Program | Provide a Balanced Budget and Adhere to Adopted Policies |
| Promote Commercial/Industrial Base | |

2). Project Specific Goals

Projects represent the foundation of the planning statements for the City. These projects are designed to accomplish specific objectives and become the focus for organization-wide effort. Council set the following priorities and categories in 2015:

- Economic development for "shovel ready" land
- Economic development and incentive program to focus on underutilized parcels
- Public Safety, Gang Reduction Intervention Program, training and increase in staffing

Fiscal sustainability, asset preservation, CALPERS and Other Post-Employment Benefits
East side rehabilitation, incentive programs and infrastructure

Additional priorities that did not fit into the above categories include 1) addressing homelessness issues, 2) providing downtown Wi-Fi and music and 3) beautification of highway overpasses.

As discussed above, economic revitalization continued to be an active focal point of the City in 2014-15. The following projects are underway and will see significant progress or be completed in 2014 or 2015.

Fire Station #2

The City awarded a \$4.2 million construction contract in August 2014 for building a replacement for the existing Fire Station #2. Construction is substantially complete and the new building will be occupied in January 2016.

Lodi Shopping Center

The Lodi Shopping Center development in the southwestern corner of the City has cleared all legal hurdles and is currently under construction. Anchored by a WalMart supercenter, the site will encompass 12 building pads and approximately 340,000 square feet of retail space. Construction began on the main building and a number of smaller pads in 2015.

Reynolds Ranch

Reynolds Ranch is a planned development on the south eastern edge of the city that will eventually incorporate residential and commercial development. Development continues with additional retail space completed in 2014 and 2015. Construction continues on a number of pads and tenants should be in place in 2016. Build-out of the commercial space will occur over the next 10 years.

Residential Development

The City has five residential development projects that have been approved and total about 1,100 dwelling units. Dwelling units are fairly evenly divided among low, medium and high density units. Sales in one of the five projects are ongoing in 2015. Construction is expected in two of the remaining four projects in the coming year.

Water Meters and Water Infrastructure

Under state law, all residential housing must be billed for water usage on a metered basis by 2025. The City has embarked on a program to install meters on approximately 14,000 parcels over an eight year period. A portion of this project will also include moving mains and service connections from alleys and rear yards to streets and front yards. Additionally, the City will be appropriately sizing water mains as part of this project. Construction began during FY 2009-10 and will continue through FY 2017-18. To date, approximately 10,900 meters have been installed. Estimated cost for the complete program is \$42.5 million.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION, MANAGEMENT AND CONTROL

A detailed understanding of the financial position and change in financial position of the City is provided in the following sections of this report. The following is a brief description of the City's financial condition, management practices and control techniques.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to the policy as to when revenues, expenditures or expenses are recognized in the financial accounts and reported in the financial statements. The City's accounting records for general government operations are maintained on a modified accrual basis. Revenues are recorded when available and measurable. Expenditures are recorded when the services or goods are received and the liability incurred. For proprietary fund types, the City uses the accrual basis of accounting. As such, the measurement focus is on operating income in addition to financial position and changes in financial position. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized as the liability is incurred. We believe that the City's internal accounting controls adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions.

Accounting System and Budgetary Control

In developing the City's accounting system, consideration is given to the adequacy of the internal controls. The objective of the City's internal accounting controls is to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that the assets are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition; and to ensure that transactions are properly recorded to permit the preparation of financial statements in accordance with GAAP. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of the controls should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived and that estimates and judgments are required to be made by management in evaluating these costs and benefits.

In addition, the City maintains budgetary controls. The objective of these controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the City Council. The City Manager is responsible for the preparation of the budget and its implementation after adoption. The City Council has the authority to amend the budget at any time during the year. The City Manager has the authority to make adjustments to the budget as long as those changes will not have a significant policy impact nor affect budgeted year-end fund balances. During fiscal year 2014-15, the City Council and City Manager made several supplemental appropriations for operating budgets and capital projects.

Fund Balance

It is the City's goal to target and maintain an unassigned fund balance in the General Fund of at least 16% of revenues and working capital balances in the Water and Wastewater enterprise funds, and at least 25% of operating expenses. Based on a reserve policy adopted in March 2014, the target for the Electric enterprise fund working capital is \$23.7 million for fiscal year 2014-15. The goals allow for variations from year-to-year to account for economic and fiscal changes. The General Fund maintained an unassigned fund balance of \$12,107,040 or 28.65%, of revenues at the end of fiscal year 2014-15.

Cash Management

The City has written investment policies that address a wide range of investments. These policies describe the City's investment objectives, investment authority, allowable investment vehicles, maturity terms and eligible financial institutions. They also describe the City's capital preservation and cash management objectives. As provided in the policy, investments are intended to be held until maturity and investment terms are to be consistent with the City's cash flow needs. Investment reports are issued quarterly to the City Manager and City Council to provide detailed information regarding the City's investments and compliance with City policy and state law. An important objective of the City's investment policy is to achieve a reasonable rate of return on public funds while minimizing risks and preserving capital. In evaluating the performance of the City's investment portfolio, investments are expected to yield a rate of return that regularly meets or exceeds an average rate of return on a three-month U.S. Treasury Bill.

Appropriation Limitation

Article XIII B of the Constitution of the State of California (Proposition 4) provides for the limitation of expenditures by state and local governments. Under the provisions of this article, City appropriations funded through tax sources may not exceed Fiscal Year 1979 appropriation levels except as adjusted for increases in population and the growth in the California per capita income or non-residential assessed valuation due to new construction within the City.

Excluded from the limitation are appropriations funded through charges for services, fines and forfeitures, grants, transfers of service responsibilities between government agencies and indebtedness incurred prior to Fiscal Year 1979. Pursuant to subsequent legislation adopted after Article XIII B, the City is required to annually establish and adopt its appropriations limit by resolution. For 2014-15, the City's appropriations subject to limit were \$34,129,895 and the appropriation limit was \$86,477,897, leaving appropriations at \$52,348,002 below the limit.

Debt Administration

At June 30, 2015, the City had outstanding Certificates of Participation and Revenue Bonds of \$169,717,617. These liabilities are discussed in Note 8 of the Basic Financial Statements and summarized below.

In 1999, the Electric Utility issued \$43.96 million Certificates of Participation to finance the costs of certain improvements to the distribution and transmission facilities of the City's electric system. These bonds were refunded by the issuance of the 2002 Electric Systems Revenue Certificates of Participation. The 2002 bonds were refunded with the 2008 Electric Systems Revenue Certificates of Participation thereby eliminating a variable rate obligation.

In 2004, the City issued \$27,360,000 in Wastewater Certificates of Participation (2004A) to finance the costs of improvements to the wastewater collection, treatment and disposal system. These bonds were partially refunded with the 2012 Refunding Wastewater Revenue Bonds, Series A.

In 2007, the City issued \$30,320,000 in Wastewater Certificates of Participation (2007A) to finance Phase III of the wastewater improvements and to refund the 1991 Certificates of Participation.

On July 24, 2008, the City issued the \$60,685,000 2008 Electric System Revenue Certificates of Participation to provide funds to currently refund the outstanding \$46,760,000 principal amount of the Electric System Revenue Certificates of Participation 2002 Series A Variable Rates Certificates (the "Refunded 2002 Certificates"); and to pay certain costs relating to the termination of a swap agreement relating to the Refunded 2002 Certificates.

On October 1, 2010, the City issued \$9,015,000 Water Revenue Certificates of Participation, 2010 Series A and \$29,650,000 Water Revenue Bonds, 2010 Series B (Federally taxable - Build America Bonds) to finance the construction of the Surface Water Treatment Facility which is designed to pump water from the Mokelumne River, treat and deliver it to the City's water distribution system.

On September 1, 2012, the City issued \$19,080,000 Refunding Lease Revenue Bonds (2012 LRB) to prepay and cause the immediate defeasance of the outstanding \$21,025,000 Certificates of Participation (2002 COP). The 2002 COP were issued in January 2002 to provide funds to finance the costs of constructing, furnishing and equipping a new police building and jail for the City, to finance portions of certain other projects and to refund the outstanding 1995 and 1996 Certificates of Participation.

The City also issued the \$17,105,000 2012 Refunding Wastewater Revenue Bonds (2012 Bonds) in September 2012 to advance refund the \$17,115,000 principal amount of the 2004 Wastewater Revenue Certificates of Participation (2004 COP). The 2004 COP were issued to provide funds to finance the costs of certain improvements to the wastewater collection, treatment and disposal system of the City.

The City's debt management policy includes a commitment to monitor all forms of debt annually during the preparation of the City's Financial Plan and Budget to ensure compliance. Also, the City will generally conduct financing on a competitive basis, will seek an investment grade rating on any direct debt and will obtain credit enhancements such as letters of credit or insurance when necessary for marketing purposes, availability and cost effectiveness.

Interim Financial Reporting

Monthly financial reports are prepared to present the City's financial condition and changes in financial position. These executive reports are organized using the "pyramid" approach. As such, the highest level of summary data is presented first, followed by progressively greater levels of detail. The reports provide current period and year to date revenues, expenditures and encumbrances for all activities and funds, including year-to-date estimates and variances. The reports are available to all departments.

Single Audit

The City is subject to financial and compliance reporting required by the Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996 and OMB Circular A-133, which is a requirement of all local and state governments receiving and expending in excess of \$500,000 of federal financial awards annually. As part of the Single Audit, tests are made to determine the adequacy of internal controls, including that portion related to federal financial awards, as well as to determine that the City has complied with certain applicable laws and regulations governing federal funds. The Single Audit report is published as part of the annual financial statements for easy reference.

Competitive Bidding Policy

All required purchases for materials, equipment and services during 2014-15 were made pursuant to competitive bidding procedures as established under the City's purchasing ordinance. Contracts for construction projects were awarded pursuant to competitive bidding procedures established by the State of California for projects in excess of \$5,000.

Risk Management

The City is self-insured for dental care, workers' compensation, general liability and unemployment insurance. General liability and workers' compensation are administered by outside agencies. The City administers unemployment insurance. Self-insurance transactions are accounted for under the Insurance Funds. At June 30, 2015, the Insurance Fund had a net position of \$4,053,434.

INDEPENDENT AUDIT

The City Council requires an annual audit of the records and accounts of the City by an independent certified public accountant. To ensure proper internal control, periodically the City conducts a request for proposal (RFP) process for auditing services. The accounting firm of Macias Gini & O'Connell LLP was selected to perform this audit. The independent auditor's report precedes the basic financial statements and concludes that the City's basic financial statements are presented fairly, in all material respects, in accordance with GAAP.

CERTIFICATES OF ACHIEVEMENT

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the year ended June 30, 2014. These Certificates of Achievement are prestigious national and state awards recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government financial reports. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a governmental unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR, whose contents conform to program standards. The CAFR must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. The City has received a Certificate of Achievement for the last twenty-two consecutive years. We believe our current report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement program requirements and we are submitting it to GFOA this year.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

As always the professionalism, dedication and efficiency of the Financial Services Division Accounting staff made it possible for the timely preparation of this report and are to be commended. I would also like to personally thank Ruby Paiste, Financial Services Manager, Derrick Cotten, Supervising Accountant, Tyson Mordhorst, Senior Programmer Analyst and Nancy Spinelli, Finance Technician. Their work in preparing this year's CAFR is greatly appreciated.

I would also like to thank you for your continued interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the City in a responsible and progressive manner.

Respectfully submitted,



Jordan Ayers
Deputy City Manager/Internal Services Director



Government Finance Officers Association

**Certificate of
Achievement
for Excellence
in Financial
Reporting**

Presented to

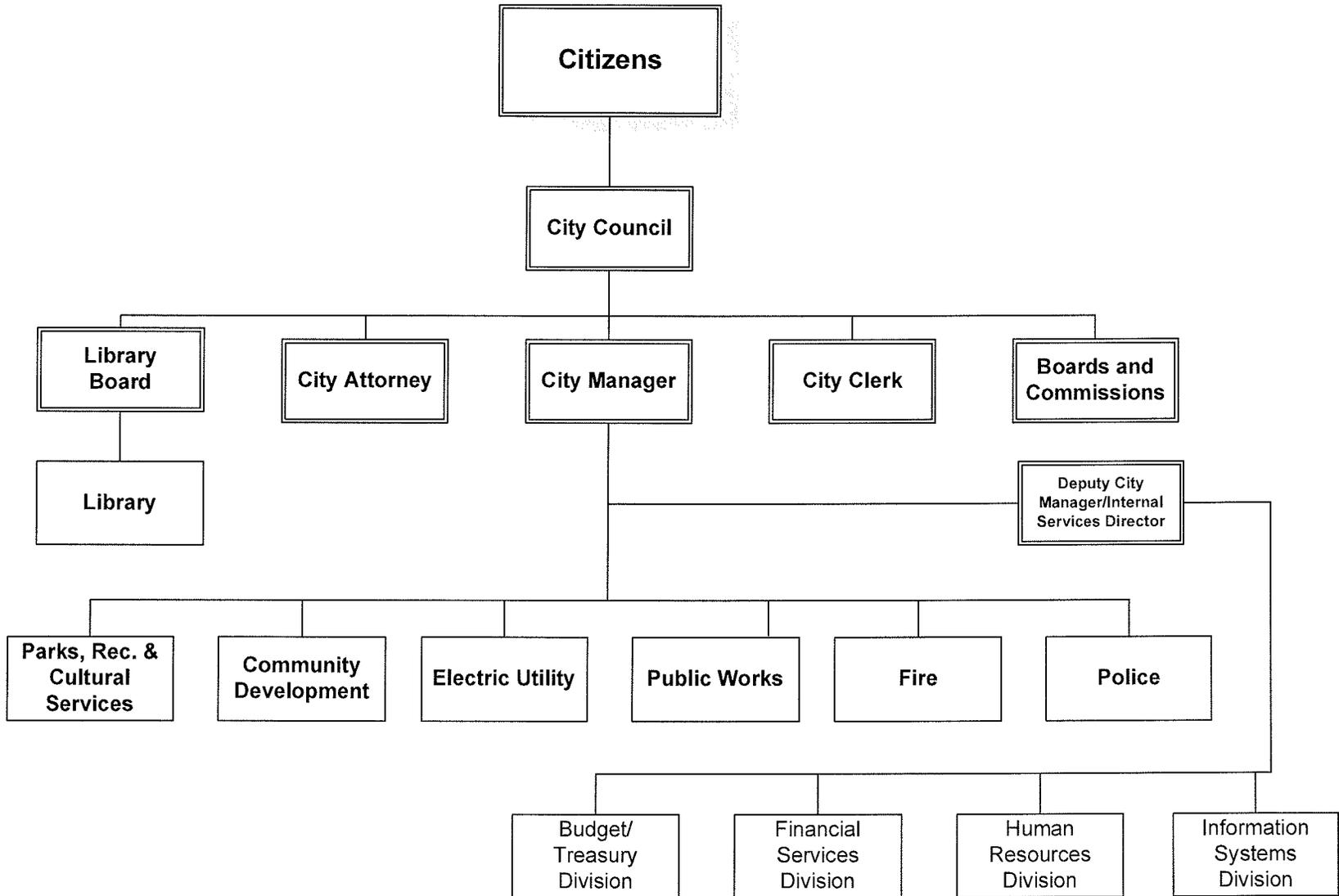
**City of Lodi
California**

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2014

Executive Director/CEO

City of Lodi



FY 2014-2015

DIRECTORY OF OFFICIALS AND ADVISORY BODIES

CITY COUNCIL

Bob Johnson
Mark Chandler
Doug Kuehne
JoAnne Mounce
Alan Nakanishi

Mayor
Mayor Pro Tempore
Council Member
Council Member
Council Member

ADVISORY BODIES

Planning Commission
Library Board
Recreation Commission
Site Plan and Architectural Review Committee

Lodi Improvement Committee
Lodi Arts Commission
Youth Commission
Lodi Senior Citizens' Commission

PRINCIPAL ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICERS

Steve Schwabauer
Jordan Ayers
Janice Magdich
Jennifer Ferraiolo
Dean Gualco
Larry Rooney
Jeff Hood

Wally Sandelin
Elizabeth Kirkley
Steve Schwabauer
Tod Patterson

City Manager
Deputy City Manager
City Attorney
City Clerk
Library Services Director
Fire Chief
Parks, Recreation &
Cultural Services Director
Public Works Director
Electric Utility Director
Community Development Director
Interim Police Chief

FINANCIAL SECTION

The Financial Section is comprised of the Independent Auditors' Report, Management Discussion and Analysis, Basic Financial Statements, including the notes, required Supplementary Information, and Supplementary Information which includes Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules.



Independent Auditor's Report

The Honorable Members of City Council
City of Lodi, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Lodi, California (City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As described in Note 1 to the basic financial statements, effective July 1, 2014, the City implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27* and GASB Statement No. 71, *Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68*. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management’s discussion and analysis, the schedules of changes in net pension liability and related ratios, the schedule of pension contributions, the schedule of funding progress for the OPEB plan, and the schedule of revenues, expenditures and change in fund balance – budget and actual – for the General Fund as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management’s responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City’s basic financial statements. The accompanying introductory section, combining and individual fund statements and schedules, statistical section, schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and the continuing disclosures section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund statements and schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund statements and schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory, statistical, and continuing disclosures sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 3, 2016 on our consideration of the City’s internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City’s internal control over financial reporting and compliance.



Sacramento, California
February 3, 2016

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report is presented as discussion and analysis of the financial performance of the City of Lodi (City) for the year ended June 30, 2015.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets and the deferred outflows of resources of the City exceeded its liabilities and the deferred inflows of resources at the close of the fiscal year by \$171,425,284 (net position). Of this amount, \$73,254,063 is unrestricted deficit.
- The City's total net position decreased by \$12,863,903 in fiscal year 2015.
- As of June 30, 2015, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$24,436,361, an increase of \$3,293,392 in comparison with the prior year. Of this amount, \$12,107,040 is available for spending at the City's discretion (unassigned fund balance).
- At the close of the fiscal year, fund balance for the general fund was \$12,478,553, of which \$12,107,040 is unassigned or 28.65% of total general fund revenues of \$42,254,075.
- The City's total long-term liabilities decreased by \$9,528,619 (4.45%) during the current fiscal year.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: (1) **Government-wide** financial statements, (2) **Fund** financial statements, and (3) **Notes** to the Basic Financial Statements. This report also includes other **supplementary information** in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The **statement of net position** presents information on all of the City's assets, deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether or not the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The **statement of activities** presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods, such as revenues pertaining to uncollected taxes and expenses pertaining to earned but unused vacation and sick leave.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through users fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public protection, public works, community development, library, parks and recreation. The business-type activities of the City include electric operations, wastewater operations, water operations and public transit operations.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements are designed to report information about groupings of related accounts, which are used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into the following three categories: Governmental funds, Proprietary funds, and Fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the City's basic services are reported in governmental funds. These statements, however, focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets can readily be converted to available resources and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Such information may be useful in determining financial resources available in the near future to finance City programs.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains several individual governmental funds organized according to their type (special revenue, capital projects and debt service). Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund which is considered to be a major fund. Data from the remaining governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of the non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The City adopts an annual budget for its general fund and special revenue funds. Budgetary comparison statements and schedules have been provided for the general fund and the special revenue funds to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

Proprietary Funds. Proprietary funds are generally used to account for services for which the City charges customers, either outside customers, or internal units or departments of the City. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as shown in the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The City maintains the following two types of proprietary funds:

- **Enterprise funds** are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for the operations of the Electric, Wastewater, Water, all of which are considered to be major funds and the Transit system, which is considered to be a non-major proprietary fund.

- **Internal Service funds** are used to report activities that account for various employee benefits, self-insurance, and fleet activities of the City. Because these activities predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the City. The activities of the Industrial Way-Beckman special assessment and various landscape and lighting districts are accounted for and reported under the fiduciary funds. The activities of the Private-Purpose Trust and the Hutchins Street Square Bequest are also accounted for under the fiduciary funds. Since the resources of these funds are not available to support the City's own programs, they are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes to the basic financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report presents certain required supplementary information concerning changes in net pension liability and related ratios for the City's Miscellaneous and Safety pension plans, the City's progress in funding its obligation to provide other postemployment benefits (OPEB) to its employees, and schedules comparing budget to actual amounts in the General Fund.

Combining Statements

The combining statements in connection with non-major governmental funds and fiduciary funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information on pensions.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The City's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$171,425,284 at the close of the current fiscal year.

City of Lodi's Net Position

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total	
	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014
Assets:						
Current and other assets	\$ 44,957,568	39,219,664	82,429,647	86,449,184	\$ 127,387,215	125,668,848
Capital assets	125,703,452	125,248,452	238,569,011	234,608,951	364,272,463	359,857,403
Total assets	<u>170,661,020</u>	<u>164,468,116</u>	<u>320,998,658</u>	<u>321,058,135</u>	<u>491,659,678</u>	<u>485,526,251</u>
Deferred outflows of resources	<u>6,317,566</u>	<u>462,397</u>	<u>8,240,201</u>	<u>7,371,560</u>	<u>14,557,767</u>	<u>7,833,957</u>
Liabilities:						
Net OPEB obligation	5,343,727	4,767,274			5,343,727	4,767,274
Net pension liability	74,791,178		16,870,603		91,661,781	
Long-term liabilities	34,313,177	35,661,889	170,074,211	178,254,118	204,387,388	213,916,007
Other liabilities	6,505,235	4,679,095	10,723,874	10,781,887	17,229,109	15,460,982
Total liabilities	<u>120,953,317</u>	<u>45,108,258</u>	<u>197,668,688</u>	<u>189,036,005</u>	<u>318,622,005</u>	<u>234,144,263</u>
Deferred inflows of resources	<u>12,226,800</u>		<u>3,943,356</u>		<u>16,170,156</u>	
Net position:						
Net investment in capital assets	105,943,664	105,461,769	119,924,203	116,156,098	225,867,867	221,617,867
Restricted	12,001,224	11,808,701	6,810,256	6,702,976	18,811,480	18,511,677
Unrestricted	(74,146,419)	2,551,785	892,356	16,534,616	(73,254,063)	19,086,401
Total net position	\$ <u>43,798,469</u>	<u>119,822,255</u>	<u>127,626,815</u>	<u>139,393,690</u>	\$ <u>171,425,284</u>	<u>259,215,945</u>

Assets. The City's total assets increased by \$6,133,427. The increase is primarily due to the following:

Governmental activities. Total assets for the governmental activities had an increase of \$6,192,904 or 3.77% resulting largely from an increase in cash and investments due to increases in property tax revenue, \$495,193; sales tax, \$513,673; State mandated reimbursements from claims

submitted in prior years including interest, \$958,106; and transfers from the Electric, Wastewater, Water Enterprise Funds and the Internal Service Fund for various capital projects, \$3,600,000. Other insignificant activities make up the difference.

Business-type activities. Total assets for the business-type activities had a decrease of \$59,477. Current and other assets decreased by \$4,019,537 primarily due to decreases in cash and investments and restricted assets as a result of payments for debt service and an increase in contributions to the Capital Outlay Fund for various projects, \$3,550,000; offset by the increase in Greenhouse gas allowance compared to prior year of \$1,869,672 and the increase in charges for services revenue due to increased rates in Wastewater Fund of \$409,030 and in the Electric Fund by \$544,512, due to the overall increase in usage by customers. Capital assets increased by \$3,960,060 primarily from the purchase of thirteen buses in the Transit Fund, \$2,585,873, increase in construction in progress, \$10,449,092; offset by depreciation of buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment, and vehicles. Other insignificant activities contributed to the difference.

Deferred outflows of resources. The increase in deferred outflows of resources of \$ 6,723,810 is primarily due to the recording of the current pension contributions made after the measurement date of June 30, 2014 of the CalPERS valuation report.

Liabilities. The City's total liabilities increased by \$84,477,742 or 36.08%. The increase is primarily due to the following:

Governmental activities. Total liabilities for the governmental activities had a significant increase of \$75,845,059 or 168.14%, primarily from pension related liability.

Business-type activities. Total liabilities for the business-type activities increased by \$8,632,683 or 4.57%. The increase is primarily attributable to the pension related liability. Other insignificant activities offset the difference.

Deferred inflows of resources. The increase in deferred inflows of resources of \$16,170,156 represents the plan earnings of both Miscellaneous and Safety Plans in excess of projected in the CalPERS actuarial report.

Net position. The City's overall financial position has increased during the fiscal year. The net position has increased by \$12,863,903, excluding the restatement of \$100,654,564, or 4.96%.

The largest portion (\$225,867,867) of the City's net position reflects its investment in capital assets net of any associated depreciation (e.g., land, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the City's net position, \$18,811,480 (10.97%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position amounts to a deficit of \$73,254,063. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City is able to report positive balances in two categories of net position for the City as a whole. Unrestricted net position is negative for the governmental-type activities.

City of Lodi's Change in Net Position

	Governmental		Business-type		Total	
	Activities		Activities			
	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014
Revenues						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 6,193,492	5,692,708	92,904,205	91,956,874	\$ 99,097,697	97,649,582
Operating grants and contributions	3,369,054	2,685,911	5,185,575	4,431,258	8,554,629	7,117,169
Capital grants and contributions	3,130,921	5,359,070	5,283,584	2,846,263	8,414,505	8,205,333
General revenues:						
Property taxes	13,502,085	12,758,079			13,502,085	12,758,079
Other taxes	11,128,660	10,960,317			11,128,660	10,960,317
Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs	10,650,893	10,138,096			10,650,893	10,138,096
Rent	1,941,477	1,905,709	4,200	4,200	1,945,677	1,909,909
Other	750,606	730,690	3,376,133	3,126,882	4,126,739	3,857,572
Total revenues	50,667,188	50,230,580	106,753,697	102,365,477	157,420,885	152,596,057
Expenses						
General government	9,108,789	9,580,379			9,108,789	9,580,379
Public protection	27,426,291	27,883,875			27,426,291	27,883,875
Public works	10,281,419	10,644,153			10,281,419	10,644,153
Community development	1,164,964	1,174,428			1,164,964	1,174,428
Library	1,324,130	1,282,257			1,324,130	1,282,257
Parks and recreation	3,115,763	3,163,506			3,115,763	3,163,506
Interest on long-term debt	817,918	824,517			817,918	824,517
Electric			64,366,530	61,974,538	64,366,530	61,974,538
Wastewater			12,911,955	12,526,711	12,911,955	12,526,711
Water			9,905,544	11,013,911	9,905,544	11,013,911
Transit			4,133,679	3,833,786	4,133,679	3,833,786
Total expenses	53,239,274	54,553,115	91,317,708	89,348,946	144,556,982	143,902,061
Changes in net position before transfers	(2,572,086)	(4,322,535)	15,435,989	13,016,531	12,863,903	8,693,996
Transfers	7,513,614	4,792,000	(7,513,614)	(4,792,000)		
Changes in net position	4,941,528	469,465	7,922,375	8,224,531	12,863,903	8,693,996
Net position at beginning of year, as previously reported	119,822,255	120,585,956	139,393,690	134,435,142	259,215,945	255,021,098
Adjustment related to pensions	(80,965,314)		(19,689,250)		(100,654,564)	
Adjustment for OPEB and deferred costs		(1,233,166)		(3,265,983)		(4,499,149)
Net position at beginning of year, as restated	38,856,941	119,352,790	119,704,440	131,169,159	158,561,381	250,521,949
Net position at end of year	\$ 43,798,469	\$ 119,822,255	\$ 127,626,815	\$ 139,393,690	\$ 171,425,284	\$ 259,215,945

Analysis of Changes in Net Position

Governmental activities

Net position for the governmental activities increased by \$4,941,528 in the current fiscal year, which is an increase of \$4,472,063 from last year's increase of \$469,465. The key factors impacting this increase are:

Revenues increased \$436,608 from the prior fiscal year. Key elements of this increase are:

- Charges for services increased by 8.8%, a net amount of \$500,784 from the prior fiscal year, mainly from the increase revenue from engineering inspection fees and engineering fees of \$415,705.
- Operating grants and contributions increased by \$683,143 or 25.43% compared to the prior year from the increase in the State mandated reimbursements of \$958,106 offset by the decrease in Police Hiring grant of \$194,984 and decrease of CalGRIP funding of \$177,776.
- Capital grants and contributions decreased by \$2,228,149 or 41.58% from the prior fiscal year. The decrease in capital contributions was mainly attributable to federal funds used for the Harney Lane Grade Separation project and the Sacramento Street Pedestrian Beautification project totaling \$1,761,762, decrease gas tax allocation of \$167,740 and decrease in CDBG allocation of \$307,992.
- Property taxes increased by \$744,006 or 5.83% compared to prior year. The economy continues to show evidence of positive movement particularly in the housing market. Rising home prices coupled with record lows in mortgage rates are helping the process to generate sales, resulting in an increase in property tax revenues in the current year.
- Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs increased by \$512,797 or 5.06% basically from sales tax revenues which increased by \$513,673. The overall increase in sales tax is attributed to a general increase in consumer spending and steady increase in auto sales spurred by low interest rates, easy credit and manufacturer's incentives.

Expenses for governmental functions totaled \$53,239,274, a decrease of \$1,313,841 from the prior fiscal year. The key elements of this decrease are:

- General government – the decrease in general government of \$471,590 is primarily due to decrease in salaries and benefits due to vacancies and the effect of the Council approved one-time payment given to employees and the increase in the cap for medical premiums in the prior year. Other insignificant increases offset the difference.
- Public protection – a decrease of \$457,584 in public protection is primarily due to vacancies and the one-time payment given to employees and the increase in the cap for medical premiums in the prior year. Other insignificant increases offset the difference.
- Public works – the decrease of \$362,734 is primarily due to vacancies and the one-time payment given to employees and the increase for medical premiums in the prior year. Other insignificant increases offset the difference.

Transfers increased by \$2,771,614, primarily due to contributions from the enterprise funds for various capital projects.

Business-type activities

Business-type activities increased the City's net position by \$7,922,375 in the current year, which is a decrease of \$302,156 from last year's increase of \$8,224,531. The key elements of this decrease are:

- Transfers to the governmental activities for various capital projects increased by \$2,771,614 in comparison to the prior year.
- Charges for services in the Electric fund increased by \$544,512 primarily from sales due to growth and increased usage by commercial customers.
- Increase in the Greenhouse gas allowance (GHG) of \$1,869,672 in the Electric fund related to Assembly Bill 32: Global Warming Act, which set the 2020 greenhouse gas emissions reduction into law and also adopted a regulation that established a system of market-based declining annual aggregate emission limits for sources or categories of sources that emit greenhouse gases. In 2011, the California Air Resources Board (ARB) adopted the cap-and-trade regulation. This program covers major sources of GHG emissions in the State such as refineries, power plants, industrial facilities, and transportation fuels. The cap-and-trade program includes an enforceable emissions cap that will decline over time. The State distributes allowances which are tradable permits, equal to emissions allowed under the cap.

- Capital contributions increased by \$2,437,321, primarily from federal funds received for the purchase of buses for the Transit Fund.
- Increase in depreciation expense of \$1,146,358 as the result of adding \$5,416,421 in capital assets.
- Bulk power cost increased by \$1,209,397 compared to the prior year is primarily attributed to increasing transmission access charges per MWH charged by NCPA.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

Governmental Funds

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. Types of governmental funds reported by the City include the General Fund, special revenue funds, debt service fund and capital projects funds.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$24,436,361. This represents an increase of \$3,293,392, an increase of \$2,162,924 in comparison to the prior year increase of \$1,130,468 resulting from the increase in total revenues and increase in transfers in, offset by the increase in capital outlay.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$12,107,040 while total fund balance was \$12,478,553. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance and total fund balance represent 33.56% and 34.59% of total General Fund expenditures, respectively.

The fund balance of the General Fund increased by \$3,004,793 during the current fiscal year, an increase of \$1,496,245 from last year's increase of \$1,508,548. Key factors in this growth are as follows:

- Total revenues increased by \$2,653,051, primarily from the increase in sales tax of \$513,673; increase in property tax of \$495,193, increase in property tax in-lieu of \$244,564, increase in State mandated reimbursements of \$958,106; increase in engineering and inspection fees, \$415,705; and, increase in transient occupancy tax of \$72,636. Other insignificant increases and decreases offset the difference.
- Total expenditures increased by \$297,571, primarily from increase in public works for professional services related to construction testing and inspection services for various city projects. Salaries and wages also decreased by \$747,481 and offset by the increase of overtime by \$ 446,372 due to vacancies. Other insignificant increases and decreases offset the difference.

Proprietary Funds

The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position at the end of the year for the Wastewater Fund was \$5,698,680, Water Fund was \$2,087,340 and for the Transit Fund, \$3,489,661. The Electric Fund unrestricted net position was (\$10,383,325) and the Internal Services Funds unrestricted net position was (\$615,623).

Other factors concerning the finances of these funds are discussed in the City's business-type activities.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Differences between the original budget and the final budget in the General Fund were a net increase in appropriations of \$99,422. The increase in appropriations can be briefly summarized as follows:

- \$61,923 increase in general government
- \$301,499 decrease in public protection
- \$128,511 increase in public works
- \$11,643 increase in library

Significant differences between the final budget and the actual revenues and expenditures can be briefly summarized as follows:

- Taxes – a favorable variance of \$467,835 was due to positive variances in property tax (\$57,041), real property transfer tax (\$29,493), transient occupancy tax (\$116,419), in-lieu of vehicle license fees (\$122,721), cable TV franchise fees (\$59,537), electric, gas and industrial waste franchise (\$106,235), card room tax (\$23,217), offset by a negative variance in business license tax (\$46,828).
- Intergovernmental revenues – a favorable variance of \$1,359,792 was mainly due to a positive variance in sales tax (\$366,733), State mandated reimbursements (\$962,932), and in Prop. 172 (\$31,865).
- For expenditures, a favorable variance between the final budget and actual expenditures of \$948,082 was due to savings from vacancies and the continued overall effort to reduce spending and costs.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital assets

The City’s investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2015, amounts to \$364,272,463 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment, vehicles, infrastructure, works of art, and construction in progress. The total increase in the City’s investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was \$4,415,060, a 1.23% increase (a 0.36% increase in governmental activities and 1.69% increase in business-type activities) as shown in the table below.

	Changes in Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation					
	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total	
	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Land	\$ 24,947,834	\$ 24,933,134	\$ 5,535,718	\$ 5,535,718	\$ 30,483,552	\$ 30,468,852
Construction in Progress	12,124,679	4,407,042	14,478,947	4,029,855	26,603,626	8,436,897
Buildings and Improvements	36,344,383	38,288,041	29,340,217	31,130,846	65,684,600	69,418,887
Machinery and Equipment	549,226	726,413	184,431,755	191,198,079	184,980,981	191,924,492
Vehicles	1,758,667	1,318,240	4,782,374	2,714,453	6,541,041	4,032,693
Infrastructure	49,673,756	55,270,675			49,673,756	55,270,675
Work of Art	304,907	304,907			304,907	304,907
Total	<u>\$ 125,703,452</u>	<u>\$ 125,248,452</u>	<u>\$ 238,569,011</u>	<u>\$ 234,608,951</u>	<u>\$ 364,272,463</u>	<u>\$ 359,857,403</u>

An increase in construction in progress compared to prior year was primarily from the ongoing improvements for Fire Station # 2 and Fire Station #3, City Hall Annex improvements, the Harney Lane Grade separation project, White Slough Plant improvements, and the Water Meter Programs - Phases #4 and #5. The increase in vehicles resulted from the purchase of thirteen buses.

Additional information on the City’s capital assets can be found in Note 6 on pages 49-51 of this report.

Long-term debt

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had total bonded debt outstanding of \$169,717,613. Of this amount, \$19,950,250 is the outstanding balance of the bonds issued to fund the new public safety building, refinancing of the performing arts center and the downtown and Cherokee Lane improvements. The total of \$149,767,363 from the business-type activities consists of \$35,907,504 for the Water Fund; \$47,556,412 for the Wastewater Fund; and \$66,303,447 for the Electric Fund.

City of Lodi's Outstanding Debt

	<u>Governmental Activities</u>	<u>Business-type Activities</u>	<u>Total</u>
Certificates of Participation and Revenue Bonds	\$ 19,950,250	149,767,367	169,717,617

The City's total bonded debt decreased by \$7,583,005 during the current fiscal year.

Bond Rating

In December 2015, Moody's Rating Services maintained its A2 rating with a stable outlook on outstanding electric utility debt instruments given management's focus on improving financial performance and no plans to issue additional debt in the near future.

In September 2015, Standard & Poor's Rating Services raised its long-term rating to A+ from A on the outstanding public improvement bonds with a stable outlook.

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 8 on pages 52-58 of this report.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

The City continues to see a number of positive economic indicators and is slowly returning to revenue levels seen before the Great Recession. General Fund revenues including transfers from other funds are projected to increase for the first time to exceed the historic high of \$45.5 million in 2007/08 to a conservatively projected \$46,708,260 in 2015/16, representing a 7.2 percent growth in revenues.

This past year has seen the continued growth for Costco and Home Depot stores. Moreover, plans are now on file for construction of several businesses and additional retailers are moving forward with plans to complete other sections of the development at Reynolds Ranch. Additionally, the Lodi Shopping Center is moving forward and is under construction.

The General Fund continues to be of the greatest focus. It funds all of the core municipal services including police, fire, administration, economic development, transfers to the parks and library funds and other essential public services. The General Fund houses the large majority of City employees.

The City has reduced its workforce by 17% over the past ten years, from 470 full-time budgeted employees in 2004/05 to 391 full-time budgeted employees in 2015/16. The City will add a net of 8 positions this year to address capital maintenance needs, succession planning and operational efficiencies in various departments.

The City will continue its capital efforts in the coming year. Significant projects expected to be undertaken during the year include various electrical system maintenance projects, water meter and water system maintenance projects, PCE/TCE remediation projects, various wastewater system maintenance projects, street maintenance and replacing boating facilities at Lodi Lake Park under a State Division of Boating and Waterways Local Assistance grant. The City began a phased financial systems implementation and activated the financials, human resources and payroll during the fiscal year 2014/15. Utility billing, business license and animal license and fleet maintenance management modules will be brought live during the budget year. Additionally, the City is expecting to complete construction of Fire Station #2 and refurbish the City Hall Annex to house Parks Administration, Fire Administration and the City's computer systems.

Balancing the 2015/16 budget involves balancing several critical issues: employee costs and retirement contributions; capital programs; and cost increases beyond the City's control that were either imposed by external entities or negotiated by the City with its bargaining groups.

Employee costs and retirement contributions – Prior to the economic downturn, Lodi and its employees aggressively moved to manage employment costs. Positions not deemed vital to City operations were held vacant, and other departmental expenses were closely monitored. Importantly, as the economy plummeted, in March 2009, City employees made a number of temporary salary and benefit concessions to reduce salary costs, including salary reductions, furloughs, and waiving of the City's deferred compensation match. These concessions alone were valued at over \$2.3 million for FY 2009-10, \$2.7 million for FY 2010-11, and \$3.0 million for FY 2011-12. Consequently, the City largely avoided employee layoffs and drastic service cuts so common in other cities. In 2013, the majority of employees agreed to a historic restructuring of their salary and benefits, permanently reducing employee expenses. Employees agreed to paying their full seven or nine percent retirement contribution and capping the City's medical costs. The effect of these agreements was to reduce employment costs seven to nine percent below the 2007/08 levels.

For 2014/15, the City negotiated an additional one-year agreement with all of its bargaining units (except IBEW). For the first time since 2007/08, the City returned a portion of the concessions agreed to by employees, issuing a one-time payment of \$2,300 per employee to all employees, and increasing the medical cap to January 2014 rates. In addition, the City increased safety uniform allowances by 1 percent on a one-year non-PERSable basis. The one-time dollars were paid for from amounts over the City's General Fund reserve targets at the close of the 2012/13 budget year. The ongoing health costs were funded through the budget.

Looking forward to 2015/16 and beyond, the City has reached an agreement with The agreements reached generally call for 3 percent raises in year one and 2 percent raises in years two and three.

Capital programs – The City continues to utilize one-time funds for capital maintenance, rather than ongoing operations. In prior years, the City assessed its physical plant and is using one-time funds generated by the Lodi Energy Center, to address deferred maintenance projects on its buildings. Scheduled to be completed this year are Fire Station #2, City Hall Annex remodel, financial system implementation and various roof, parking lot and facility maintenance projects totaling about \$1.6 million. The 2015/16 budget also includes \$767,000 in unallocated one-time revenues that could be put toward additional capital projects.

Imposed costs – While revenues have increased by over \$3.1 million, the cost of retirement and insurance continue to rise. In the last few years, CalPERS has revised a number of its actuarial assumptions and policies. Rates for Miscellaneous plan employees rose 1.9 percent while Safety plan rates increased 2.9 percent. Total additional cost to the City is about \$600,000.

In December of 2014, CalPERS released its long awaited five-year rate projections resulting from its major policy shift regarding the time frame within which it recovers market losses. In years past, CalPERS recovered these losses over a 30-year rolling period. In 2013, CalPERS reduced

that time frame. The increase is phased in on a bell curve over five years, levels out for 20 years and decreasing for the last five. The bell curve structure means Lodi will see its greatest impact in the 2019/20 budget year. Projected contribution rates ranges from 19.994% to 27.7% for the Miscellaneous group, and 40.87% to 54.59% for the Safety group, in the next five years.

A second cost increase that is a cause of concern is rapidly increasing health care costs. While the City has negotiated a medical insurance cap with its bargaining units, costs are expected to increase and impact the net pay of the workforce. Staff is evaluating the impact of the Affordable Care Act and believes that prudent management of part-time hours will allow the City to avoid an economic impact.

A third cost increase that is a cause of concern is worker's compensation. The City is self-funded for worker's compensation costs. There has been a moderation in the cost and severity of claims and the City has funded its actuarial liability at slightly more than the 90% percent confidence level. Staff continues to manage the program and provide education to employees to minimize injuries and work time losses.

Economic Development

During the Great Recession, the City has fared better than the surrounding area, as a whole. While not immune to the foreclosure crisis, the City housing stock has seen fewer foreclosures and has maintained housing values better than the surrounding communities.

The City's unemployment rate continues to track roughly 1 percent lower than that of San Joaquin County. The City's diversified economic base continues to help the City maintain its revenue base.

Although agriculture is an important part of the City's past, present and future by providing residents with employment on farms and in processing plants, even more jobs can be found in food and plastics manufacturing and in health-related businesses.

Lodi Health Hospital, Blue Shield and ConAgra have the highest year-round employment in the City, and large national and international manufacturers such as CertainTeed find the City an attractive base for their West Coast operations. The City was disappointed with the announcement that the General Mills plant would be closing by the end of 2016. City staff, is in discussions with General Mills staff regarding the marketing and re-use of the site as General Mills closes the plant. While a major employer, staff is optimistic that a suitable replacement will be found timely and not significantly impact City operations.

REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City' accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional information, contact the Financial Services Division of the City of Lodi at 310 W. Elm Street, Lodi, California, 95240.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Government-wide Financial Statements provide a broad overview of the City's financial position and operating results. Information is grouped by governmental activities or business-type activities.

The Fund Financial Statements report information about the City's Governmental Funds, Proprietary Funds, and the Fiduciary Funds.

The notes have an integral role in disclosing information essential to the fair presentation of the Basic Financial Statements.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CITY OF LODI
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
June 30, 2015

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Cash and investments	\$ 41,348,139	27,531,358	\$ 68,879,497
Accounts receivable, net	4,606,072	8,815,777	13,421,849
Property tax receivable	7,752		7,752
Interest receivable	25,857	24,685	50,542
Internal balances	(1,550,454)	1,550,454	
Due from other governmental agencies	348,979		
Restricted assets		2,287,366	2,636,345
Loans receivable		31,717,302	31,717,302
Advance receivable		88,698	88,698
Inventory		6,956,797	6,956,797
Other assets	171,223	3,119,361	3,290,584
Capital assets, net:		337,849	337,849
Nondepreciable	37,377,420	20,014,665	57,392,085
Depreciable, net	88,326,032	218,554,346	306,880,378
TOTAL ASSETS	170,661,020	320,998,658	491,659,678
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Unamortized losses on defeasance	435,462	6,874,417	7,309,879
Related to pensions	5,882,104	1,365,784	7,247,888
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	6,317,566	8,240,201	14,557,767
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	5,549,654	7,619,627	13,169,281
Accrued salaries and wages	542,673		542,673
Accrued interest	211,203	2,328,909	2,540,112
Unearned revenue	201,705	775,338	977,043
Net OPEB obligation	5,343,727		5,343,727
Net pension liability	74,791,178	16,870,603	91,661,781
Long-term liabilities:			
Due within one year	2,439,237	8,346,744	10,785,981
Due in more than one year	31,873,940	161,727,467	193,601,407
TOTAL LIABILITIES	120,953,317	197,668,688	318,622,005
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Related to pensions	12,226,800	3,943,356	16,170,156
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	105,943,664	119,924,203	225,867,867
Restricted for:			
Road-related projects	3,207,124		3,207,124
Capital projects	6,841,989		6,841,989
Debt service		6,810,256	6,810,256
Public safety	249,258		249,258
Community development	1,474,880		1,474,880
Parks, recreation and community services	227,973		227,973
Unrestricted	(74,146,419)	892,356	(73,254,063)
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 43,798,469	\$ 127,626,815	\$ 171,425,284

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF LODI
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
Year ended June 30, 2015

Functions/Programs	Expenses	Program Revenues			Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position		
		Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:							
Governmental activities:							
General government	\$ 9,108,789	1,971,045	1,012,932		(6,124,812)		\$ (6,124,812)
Public protection	27,426,291	608,602	1,222,232	41,451	(25,554,006)		(25,554,006)
Public works	10,281,419	832,391	1,114,220	2,863,540	(5,471,268)		(5,471,268)
Community development	1,164,964	1,377,715			212,751		212,751
Library	1,324,130	43,456	19,670		(1,261,004)		(1,261,004)
Parks and recreation	3,115,763	1,360,283		225,930	(1,529,550)		(1,529,550)
Interest on long-term debt	817,918				(817,918)		(817,918)
Total governmental activities	<u>53,239,274</u>	<u>6,193,492</u>	<u>3,369,054</u>	<u>3,130,921</u>	<u>(40,545,807)</u>		<u>(40,545,807)</u>
Business-type activities:							
Electric	64,366,530	65,237,320	2,557,326	417,669	3,845,785		3,845,785
Wastewater	12,911,955	14,714,123		372,044	2,174,212		2,174,212
Water	9,905,544	12,722,619	613,715	493,748	3,924,538		3,924,538
Transit	4,133,679	230,143	2,014,534	4,000,123	2,111,121		2,111,121
Total business-type activities	<u>91,317,708</u>	<u>92,904,205</u>	<u>5,185,575</u>	<u>5,293,584</u>	<u>12,055,656</u>		<u>12,055,656</u>
Total primary government	<u>\$ 144,556,982</u>	<u>99,097,697</u>	<u>8,554,629</u>	<u>8,414,505</u>	<u>(40,545,807)</u>	<u>12,055,656</u>	<u>(28,490,151)</u>
General revenues:							
Taxes:							
Property taxes				13,502,085			13,502,085
Franchise taxes				8,975,852			8,975,852
Business license tax				1,486,389			1,486,389
Transient occupancy tax				666,419			666,419
Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs				10,650,893			10,650,893
Investment earnings				145,159	631,546		776,705
Rent				1,941,477	4,200		1,945,677
Other				605,447	2,744,587		3,350,034
Transfers				7,513,614	(7,513,614)		
Total general revenues and transfers				<u>45,487,335</u>	<u>(4,133,281)</u>		<u>41,354,054</u>
Changes in net position				<u>4,941,528</u>	<u>7,922,375</u>		<u>12,863,903</u>
Net position, beginning of year, as previously reported				119,822,255	139,393,690	259,215,945	
Change in accounting principles				<u>(80,965,314)</u>	<u>(19,689,250)</u>	<u>(100,654,564)</u>	
Net position, beginning of year, as restated				38,856,941	119,704,440	158,561,381	
Net position, end of year				<u>\$ 43,798,469</u>	<u>127,626,815</u>	<u>\$ 171,425,284</u>	

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Governmental Fund Types

Governmental funds consist of the General Fund, special revenue funds, debt service fund and capital projects funds.

Major Governmental Fund:

General Fund

This fund is maintained to account for all financial resources that are not restricted as to their use. This includes property and sales taxes, business tax receipts, franchise taxes and various subventions such as Motor Vehicle In-Lieu fees received from the State of California. With the exception of grant programs, General Fund resources can be utilized for any legitimate governmental purpose.

Proprietary Fund Types

Proprietary funds consist of the enterprise funds and the internal service funds.

Major Enterprise Funds include:

Electric Fund

The City established this fund in order to account for the provision of electric services to the residents of the City. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including but not limited to, source of supply, overhead, systems maintenance, customer service, engineering, administration, capital improvements maintenance and debt service.

Sewer Fund

This fund was established by the City in order to account for the provision of waste water collection and treatment services to the residents of the City. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including, but not limited to, administration, operations, maintenance, improvements and debt service.

Water Fund

This fund was established by the City in order to account for the provision of water to the residents of the City as well as some customers in the County. All activities to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including, but not limited to administration, operations, distribution, maintenance, capital improvements and debt service.

Nonmajor Enterprise Fund:**Transit Fund**

This fund is used to account for the operations of the Dial-A-Ride and the Grapeline bus system.

Fiduciary Fund Types**Private-purpose Trust Funds**

These funds are used to account for assets held by the Library Board as trustee of the Lodi Public Library and for assets held by the City in accordance with the trust agreement on behalf of the Hutchins Street Square.

Agency Fund

This fund was established to account for special assessments collected on the property tax roll by the City on behalf of the property owners within the Industrial Way Beckman Districts and the Downtown and Cherokee Lane Districts and various landscape and lighting districts around the City.

**CITY OF LODI
BALANCE SHEET
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
June 30, 2015**

	General Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS			
Cash and investments	\$ 12,542,808	14,664,209	\$ 27,207,017
Receivables:			
Accounts, net	3,890,758	715,314	4,606,072
Property taxes	7,752		7,752
Interest	9,340	7,595	16,935
Due from other funds		93,114	93,114
Due from other governmental agencies		348,979	348,979
Inventory		1,291	1,291
Total assets	<u>\$ 16,450,658</u>	<u>15,830,502</u>	<u>\$ 32,281,160</u>
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES			
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 3,373,901	2,038,245	\$ 5,412,146
Accrued salaries and wages	542,673		542,673
Due to other funds		93,114	93,114
Advances from other funds		1,550,454	1,550,454
Unearned revenue	55,531	146,174	201,705
Total liabilities	<u>3,972,105</u>	<u>3,827,987</u>	<u>7,800,092</u>
Deferred inflows of resources:			
Unavailable revenue		44,707	44,707
Fund balances:			
Nonspendable			
Inventory		1,291	1,291
Restricted			
Road-related projects		3,207,124	3,207,124
Capital projects		6,797,282	6,797,282
Public safety		249,258	249,258
Community development		1,474,880	1,474,880
Parks, recreation and community services		227,973	227,973
Committed			
Video- related capital projects	345,294		345,294
Assigned			
Encumbrances - supplies, materials and services	26,219		26,219
Unassigned			
Total fund balances	<u>12,107,040</u>	<u>11,957,808</u>	<u>24,436,361</u>
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	<u>\$ 16,450,658</u>	<u>15,830,502</u>	<u>\$ 32,281,160</u>

CITY OF LODI
RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
June 30, 2015

Fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	24,436,361
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds		
Nondepreciable capital assets		37,377,420
Depreciable capital assets, net		88,298,534
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions are not reported in governmental funds.		
		5,807,745
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are not reported in governmental funds.		
		(12,010,250)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds as follows:		
Compensated absences		(5,732,206)
Long-term debt		(19,325,000)
Issuance premium (to be amortized as interest expense)		(870,250)
Unamortized losses on defeasance (to be amortized as interest expense)		435,462
Accrued interest		(211,203)
Net pension liability		(73,864,726)
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds		
		44,707
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of general liability insurance, workers' compensation insurance, health benefits insurance, other insurance, employee benefits and the cost of operating and maintaining the City's fleet to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position		
		(588,125)
Net position of governmental activities	\$	43,798,469

CITY OF LODI
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
Year ended June 30, 2015

	General Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:			
Taxes	\$ 24,630,745		\$ 24,630,745
Licenses and permits	87,908	879,225	967,133
Intergovernmental revenues	12,642,107	4,914,450	17,556,557
Charges for services	1,482,448	2,345,002	3,827,450
Fines, forfeits and penalties	1,573,071		1,573,071
Investment and rental income	1,546,845	481,971	2,028,816
Miscellaneous revenue	290,951	529,286	820,237
Total revenues	<u>42,254,075</u>	<u>9,149,934</u>	<u>51,404,009</u>
Expenditures:			
Current:			
General government	6,490,907	2,660,048	9,150,955
Public protection	26,388,172	257,888	26,646,060
Public works	1,882,250	2,625,771	4,508,021
Community development		1,226,307	1,226,307
Library	1,311,367		1,311,367
Parks and recreation		2,145,084	2,145,084
Capital outlay		9,841,625	9,841,625
Debt service:			
Interest and fiscal charges		844,812	844,812
Total expenditures	<u>36,072,696</u>	<u>19,601,535</u>	<u>55,674,231</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	<u>6,181,379</u>	<u>(10,451,601)</u>	<u>(4,270,222)</u>
Other financing sources (uses):			
Transfers in	3,952,000	11,647,376	15,599,376
Transfers out	<u>(7,128,586)</u>	<u>(907,176)</u>	<u>(8,035,762)</u>
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>(3,176,586)</u>	<u>10,740,200</u>	<u>7,563,614</u>
Changes in fund balances	3,004,793	288,599	3,293,392
Fund balances, beginning of year	<u>9,473,760</u>	<u>11,669,209</u>	<u>21,142,969</u>
Fund balances, end of year	<u>\$ 12,478,553</u>	<u>11,957,808</u>	<u>\$ 24,436,361</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF LODI
RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES,
EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
Year ended June 30, 2015

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	3,293,392
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Amounts reported for governmental activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.

Capital outlays and depreciation expense are as follows:

Capitalized capital outlays		8,996,052
Depreciation expense		(8,539,608)

Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of general liability insurance, workers' compensation insurance, health benefits insurance, other insurance, employee benefits and the cost of operating and maintaining the City's fleet to individual funds. The net revenue of the internal service funds are reported with governmental activities.

784,312

Other expenses in the statement of activities that do not use current financial resources are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.

Change in compensated absences		563,640
Amortization of loss on defeasance		(26,935)
Amortization of bond premium		53,830
Change in net pension liability and related amounts		(183,155)

Change in net position of governmental activities	\$	<u>4,941,528</u>
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**CITY OF LODI
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
PROPRIETARY FUNDS
June 30, 2015**

	Business-type Activities-Enterprise Funds					Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds
	Electric	Wastewater	Water	Nonmajor Fund Transit	Total	
ASSETS						
Current assets:						
Cash and investments	\$ 6,383,017	13,853,935	6,755,522	538,884	\$ 27,531,358	\$ 14,141,122
Restricted cash and investments			14,832,904		14,832,904	
Restricted assets with fiscal agents	12,230,110	108,982	2,375,456		14,714,548	
Receivables:						
Accounts, net	4,884,633	1,010,587	844,542	2,076,015	8,815,777	
Interest	3,959	8,816	11,567	343	24,685	8,922
Due from other governmental agencies			362,028	1,925,338	2,287,366	
Advance receivable	6,956,797				6,956,797	
Loans receivable	88,698				88,698	
Inventory	2,755,191	92,370	271,800		3,119,361	169,932
Other assets			337,849		337,849	
Total current assets	<u>33,302,405</u>	<u>15,074,690</u>	<u>25,791,668</u>	<u>4,540,580</u>	<u>78,709,343</u>	<u>14,319,976</u>
Noncurrent assets:						
Restricted assets with fiscal agents		2,169,850			2,169,850	
Advances to other funds		376,429	1,750,403		2,126,832	
Capital assets, net:						
Nondepreciable	763,785	8,772,041	8,920,552	1,558,287	20,014,665	
Depreciable, net	39,367,685	81,525,988	81,629,524	16,031,149	218,554,346	27,498
Total capital assets	<u>40,131,470</u>	<u>90,298,029</u>	<u>90,550,076</u>	<u>17,589,436</u>	<u>238,569,011</u>	<u>27,498</u>
Total noncurrent assets	<u>40,131,470</u>	<u>92,844,308</u>	<u>92,300,479</u>	<u>17,589,436</u>	<u>242,865,693</u>	<u>27,498</u>
TOTAL ASSETS	<u><u>73,433,875</u></u>	<u><u>107,918,998</u></u>	<u><u>118,092,147</u></u>	<u><u>22,130,016</u></u>	<u><u>321,575,036</u></u>	<u><u>14,347,474</u></u>
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unamortized losses on defeasance	5,128,145	1,746,272			6,874,417	
Related to pensions	784,603	498,007	46,096	37,078	1,365,784	74,359
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	<u>5,912,748</u>	<u>2,244,279</u>	<u>46,096</u>	<u>37,078</u>	<u>8,240,201</u>	<u>74,359</u>
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	3,309,528	1,037,742	2,899,265	373,092	7,619,627	137,508
Accrued interest	1,615,256	538,769	174,884		2,328,909	
Unearned revenue			660,104	115,234	775,338	
Self-insurance liability						634,932
Accrued compensated absences	286,385	185,493	33,237	22,454	527,569	31,195
Certificates of participation and revenue bonds payable	5,219,909	1,709,566	889,700		7,819,175	
Total current liabilities	<u>10,431,078</u>	<u>3,471,570</u>	<u>4,657,190</u>	<u>510,780</u>	<u>19,070,618</u>	<u>803,635</u>
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Advances from other funds	576,378				576,378	
Self-insurance liability						7,670,955
Accrued compensated absences	542,777	588,524		55,868	1,187,169	48,639
Certificates of participation and revenue bonds payable	61,083,539	45,846,848	35,017,805		141,948,192	
Net pension liability	9,512,447	6,314,886	620,694	422,576	16,870,603	926,452
Net OPEB obligation						5,343,727
Pollution remediation obligation			18,592,106		18,592,106	
Total noncurrent liabilities	<u>71,715,141</u>	<u>52,750,258</u>	<u>54,230,605</u>	<u>478,444</u>	<u>179,174,448</u>	<u>13,989,773</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES	<u><u>82,146,219</u></u>	<u><u>56,221,828</u></u>	<u><u>58,887,795</u></u>	<u><u>989,224</u></u>	<u><u>198,245,066</u></u>	<u><u>14,793,408</u></u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Related to pensions	2,223,452	1,476,050	145,081	98,773	3,943,356	216,550
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets	(1,449,979)	46,766,719	57,018,027	17,589,436	119,924,203	27,498
Restricted:						
Debt service	6,810,256				6,810,256	
Unrestricted	(10,383,325)	5,698,680	2,087,340	3,489,661	892,356	(615,623)
TOTAL NET POSITION	<u><u>\$ (5,023,048)</u></u>	<u><u>52,465,399</u></u>	<u><u>59,105,367</u></u>	<u><u>21,079,097</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 127,626,815</u></u>	<u><u>\$ (588,125)</u></u>

CITY OF LODI
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND
CHANGES IN NET POSITION
PROPRIETARY FUNDS
Year ended June 30, 2015

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds				Total	Governmental Activities- Internal Service Funds
	Electric	Wastewater	Water	Nonmajor Fund Transit		
OPERATING REVENUES						
Charges for services	\$ 65,237,320	14,714,123	12,722,619	230,143	\$ 92,904,205	\$ 12,010,929
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Personnel services	6,194,068	3,116,493	2,316,305	312,406	11,939,272	1,039,685
Supplies, materials and services	12,282,288	2,541,904	2,139,013	2,600,659	19,563,864	7,906,220
Utilities	38,568,622	676,838	579,774	74,844	39,900,078	17,843
Depreciation	2,658,929	4,217,932	2,752,367	1,145,770	10,774,998	1,444
Claims						2,352,814
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	<u>59,703,907</u>	<u>10,553,167</u>	<u>7,787,459</u>	<u>4,133,679</u>	<u>82,178,212</u>	<u>11,318,006</u>
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	<u>5,533,413</u>	<u>4,160,956</u>	<u>4,935,160</u>	<u>(3,903,536)</u>	<u>10,725,993</u>	<u>692,923</u>
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)						
Investment income	135,397	356,590	130,616	8,943	631,546	58,750
Interest expense	(3,532,168)	(2,358,788)	(2,118,085)		(8,009,041)	
Operating grants	234,550		613,715	2,014,534	2,862,799	
Greenhouse gas allowance	2,322,776				2,322,776	
Loss on disposal of capital assets	(1,130,455)				(1,130,455)	
Other revenues	1,360,933	590,013	483,708	314,133	2,748,787	82,639
TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	<u>(608,967)</u>	<u>(1,412,185)</u>	<u>(890,046)</u>	<u>2,337,610</u>	<u>(573,588)</u>	<u>141,389</u>
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS	<u>4,924,446</u>	<u>2,748,771</u>	<u>4,045,114</u>	<u>(1,565,926)</u>	<u>10,152,405</u>	<u>834,312</u>
Capital contributions	417,669	372,044	493,748	4,000,123	5,283,584	
Transfers out	(3,823,858)	(1,894,378)	(1,795,378)		(7,513,614)	(50,000)
Net capital contributions and transfers	<u>(3,406,189)</u>	<u>(1,522,334)</u>	<u>(1,301,630)</u>	<u>4,000,123</u>	<u>(2,230,030)</u>	<u>(50,000)</u>
Changes in net position	<u>1,518,257</u>	<u>1,226,437</u>	<u>2,743,484</u>	<u>2,434,197</u>	<u>7,922,375</u>	<u>784,312</u>
NET ASSETS - BEGINNING OF YEAR, as previously reported	4,560,430	58,608,905	57,086,278	19,138,077	139,393,690	(291,199)
Change in accounting principles	<u>(11,101,735)</u>	<u>(7,369,943)</u>	<u>(724,395)</u>	<u>(493,177)</u>	<u>(19,689,250)</u>	<u>(1,081,238)</u>
NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR, restated	<u>(6,541,305)</u>	<u>51,238,962</u>	<u>56,361,883</u>	<u>18,644,900</u>	<u>119,704,440</u>	<u>(1,372,437)</u>
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	<u>\$ (5,023,048)</u>	<u>52,465,399</u>	<u>59,105,367</u>	<u>21,079,097</u>	<u>\$ 127,626,815</u>	<u>\$ (588,125)</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF LODI
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
PROPRIETARY FUNDS
Year ended June 30, 2015

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds					Governmental Activities- Internal Service Funds
	Electric	Wastewater	Water	Nonmajor Fund Transit	Total	
Cash flows from operating activities:						
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 67,309,118	15,307,357	12,403,707	544,276	\$ 95,564,458	\$ 82,739
Receipts from interfund services provided	257,410				257,410	12,010,929
Cash paid to suppliers for goods & services	(50,941,764)	(1,785,280)	(2,525,891)	(2,441,667)	(57,694,602)	(10,463,138)
Payments to employees	(6,398,576)	(3,273,694)	(2,309,985)	(327,968)	(12,310,223)	(1,067,650)
Payments for interfund services provided	(3,799)	(602,252)	(555,248)	(60,469)	(1,221,768)	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	<u>10,222,389</u>	<u>9,646,131</u>	<u>7,012,583</u>	<u>(2,285,828)</u>	<u>24,595,275</u>	<u>562,880</u>
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:						
Operating grants	234,550		613,715	1,195,418	2,043,683	
Loaned to other funds			(576,378)		(576,378)	
Loaned from other funds	576,378				576,378	
Repaid from other funds		128,571			128,571	
Received -greenhouse gas allowance	2,322,776				2,322,776	
Transfers out	(3,823,858)	(1,894,378)	(1,795,378)		(7,513,614)	(50,000)
Net cash provided by (used) in noncapital financing activities	<u>(690,154)</u>	<u>(1,765,807)</u>	<u>(1,758,041)</u>	<u>1,195,418</u>	<u>(3,018,584)</u>	<u>(50,000)</u>
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:						
Fees received for water meter installations			56,050		56,050	
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(867,535)	(4,945,098)	(5,617,689)	(3,576,060)	(15,006,382)	
Fees received from developers	163,985	183,994	20,301		368,280	
Capital grants received				3,455,944	3,455,944	
Principal payments on debt	(4,960,000)	(1,500,000)	(850,000)		(7,310,000)	
Interest payments on debt	(3,358,233)	(2,171,525)	(2,119,856)		(7,649,614)	
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	<u>(9,021,783)</u>	<u>(8,432,629)</u>	<u>(8,511,194)</u>	<u>(120,116)</u>	<u>(26,085,722)</u>	
Cash flows from investing activities:						
Interest on investments	108,068	176,903	104,238	9,051	398,260	53,319
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	618,520	(375,402)	(3,152,414)	(1,201,475)	(4,110,771)	566,199
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	17,994,607	14,338,319	27,116,296	1,740,359	61,189,581	13,574,923
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	<u>\$ 18,613,127</u>	<u>13,962,917</u>	<u>23,963,882</u>	<u>538,884</u>	<u>\$ 57,078,810</u>	<u>14,141,122</u>

(continued)

CITY OF LODI
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - continued
PROPRIETARY FUNDS
Year ended June 30, 2015

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds					Governmental Activities- Internal Service Funds
	Electric	Wastewater	Water	Nonmajor Fund Transit	Total	
Reconciliation to the statement of net position:						
Cash and investments	\$ 6,383,017	13,853,935	6,755,522	538,884	\$ 27,531,358	\$ 14,141,122
Restricted cash and investments			14,832,904		14,832,904	
Restricted assets with fiscal agents - current	12,230,110	108,982	2,375,456		14,714,548	
Total cash and cash equivalents	<u>\$ 18,613,127</u>	<u>13,962,917</u>	<u>23,963,882</u>	<u>538,884</u>	<u>\$ 57,078,810</u>	<u>\$ 14,141,122</u>
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:						
Operating Income (loss)	\$ 5,533,413	4,160,956	4,935,160	(3,903,536)	\$ 10,725,993	\$ 692,923
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:						
Depreciation	2,658,929	4,217,932	2,752,367	1,145,770	10,774,998	1,444
Other revenues	1,360,933	590,013	483,708	314,133	2,748,787	82,639
Change in assets and liabilities:						
Increase in loans receivable	(54,631)				(54,631)	
Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable	1,712,963	(4,361)	50,165		1,758,767	
Increase in advance receivables	(744,688)				(744,688)	
Decrease (increase) in due from other governmental agencies		7,150	(306,858)		(299,708)	
Decrease (increase) in inventory	267,074	(68,270)	92,259		291,063	(31,146)
Decrease (increase) in other assets		432	(337,813)		(337,381)	100
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(307,096)	899,480	66,245	173,367	831,996	(15,696)
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences	(54,069)	(80,187)	11,036	(6,656)	(129,876)	(15,370)
Decrease in net pension liability and related amounts	(150,439)	(77,014)	(4,716)	(8,906)	(241,075)	(12,595)
Decrease in unearned revenue			(208,114)		(208,114)	
Decrease in self-insurance liability						(715,872)
Decrease in pollution remediation obligation			(520,856)		(520,856)	
Increase in net OPEB obligation						576,453
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	<u>\$ 10,222,389</u>	<u>9,646,131</u>	<u>7,012,583</u>	<u>(2,285,828)</u>	<u>\$ 24,595,275</u>	<u>\$ 562,880</u>
<u>Noncash Investing, Capital and Financing Activities</u>						
Capital asset contributions	\$ 253,684	188,050	417,397		\$ 859,131	
Book value of disposed capital assets	1,130,455				1,130,455	
Amortization of issuance premium	24,908	174,567	19,700		219,175	

CITY OF LODI
STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION
FIDUCIARY FUNDS
June 30, 2015

	Private-Purpose Trust Funds	Agency Fund
ASSETS		
Cash and investments	\$ 238,905	\$ 428,973
Receivables:		
Interest		277
TOTAL ASSETS	238,905	429,250
LIABILITIES		
Agency obligations		429,250
NET POSITION - EXPENDABLE	\$ 238,905	\$

CITY OF LODI
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION
FIDUCIARY FUNDS
Year ended June 30, 2015

	Private-Purpose Trust Funds
ADDITIONS	
Investment and rental income	\$ 6
DEDUCTIONS	
Current	
Library	33,812
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(33,806)
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR	272,711
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$ 238,905

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CITY OF LODI
Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2015

(1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) The Financial Reporting Entity

The City of Lodi (City) was incorporated on December 6, 1906, as a municipal corporation under the General Laws of the State of California. The City operates under a Council-Manager form of government and provides the following services: general government, public works, community development, public protection (police and fire), public utilities, library, parks and recreation.

The accounting policies of the City conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applicable to governments in the United States of America. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

An elected five-member council governs the City of Lodi. As required by GAAP, these financial statements present the City and its component units, entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. The component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the City's operations and therefore, their activities are blended with data of the City.

Blended Component Units

The blended component units of the City are as follows:

The Lodi Public Improvement Corporation (LPIC) was formed on April 26, 1988, for the purpose of rendering financial assistance to the City in the issuance of the 1988 Certificates of Participation (refunded by the issuance of the 1991 Certificates of Participation) to finance the expansion of the City's White Slough Pollution Control Facility. Since then, several Certificates of Participation were issued to finance various major projects (See Note 8).

The City Council constitutes the Board of Directors of LPIC. The funds of LPIC have been included in the Enterprise (Electric and Wastewater) Funds and in the other governmental funds in the accompanying basic financial statements.

The Lodi Financing Corporation (LFC) was formed on October 12, 1999, for the purpose of assisting the City with the financing of the costs of its environmental abatement program and enhancing the water supply of the City for the use, benefit and enjoyment of the citizens served by the City. The City Council is the Board of Directors of LFC. The funds of LFC are included in the Water Fund in the accompanying basic financial statements.

The Lodi Public Financing Authority (LPFA) was created by a Joint Exercise of Powers Agreement between the City and the Industrial Development Authority (IDA) on July 21, 2010, for the purpose of assisting the City in the financings of public capital improvements. The 2010 Water Revenue Certificates of Participation Series A and B were issued in October 2010 to provide funds for a new water treatment facility. On September 1, 2012, the **\$19,080,000** Refunding Lease Revenue Bonds (2012 LRB) was issued to prepay and cause the immediate defeasance of the outstanding \$21,025,000 Certificates of Participation (2002 COP). The 2002 COP were issued in January 2002 to provide funds to finance the costs of constructing, furnishing and equipping a new police building and jail for the City, to finance portions of certain other projects

CITY OF LODI
Notes to Basic Financial Statements (continued)
June 30, 2015

and to refund the outstanding 1995 and 1996 Certificates of Participation. The **\$17,105,000** 2012 Refunding Wastewater Revenue Bonds (2012 Bonds) was also issued in September 2012 to advance refund the \$17,115,000 principal amount of the 2004 Wastewater Revenue Certificates of Participation (2004 COP). The 2004 COP were issued to provide funds to finance the costs of certain improvements to the wastewater collection, treatment and disposal system of the City.

The City Council constitutes the Board of Directors of LPFA. The funds of LPFA have been included in the Enterprise (Water) Fund in the accompanying basic financial statements.

(b) Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities that rely, to a significant extent, on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

(c) Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary fund and private-purpose trust fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grant and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements have been met. Agency funds use the accrual basis of accounting, but they do not have a measurement focus.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and *the modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they

CITY OF LODI
Notes to Basic Financial Statements (continued)
June 30, 2015

are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The City considers property tax revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal year. All other revenues are considered to be available if they are generally collected within 120 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to vacation, sick leave, claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, other local taxes, licenses, intergovernmental revenues, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenues are considered to be measurable and available when the City receives cash.

The City reports the following major governmental fund:

The **General Fund** is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the City except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The City reports the following major proprietary (enterprise) funds:

The **Electric Fund** accounts for the provision of electric services to the residents of the City. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including but not limited to, source of supply, overhead, systems maintenance, customer service, engineering, administration, capital improvements, and maintenance and debt service.

The **Wastewater Fund** accounts for the provision of wastewater collection and treatment services to the residents of the City. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including, but not limited to, administration, operations, maintenance, improvements and debt service.

The **Water Fund** accounts for the provision of water to the residents of the City as well as some customers in the San Joaquin County (County). All activities to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including, but not limited to administration, operations, distribution, maintenance, capital improvements and debt service.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

The **Internal Service Funds** account for the City's claims, benefits and fleet services.

The **Fiduciary Funds** account for assets held in trust for other agencies.

CITY OF LODI
Notes to Basic Financial Statements (continued)
June 30, 2015

Private-Purpose Trust Funds are used to account for trust agreements under which the principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations or other governments. They were established to account for assets held and invested by the Library Board as trustee; and to account for assets held by the City in accordance with a trust agreement on behalf of the Hutchins Square. These funds can only be spent in accordance with the trust agreements.

Agency Funds account for assets held by the City as a trustee or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, related organizations and/or other governmental units. This fund was established to account for special assessments collected on the property tax roll by the City on behalf of the property owners within the Industrial Way/Beckman Districts, the Downtown/Cherokee Lane Districts and various landscape and lighting districts around the City.

The effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this rule are charges to other City departments from the Electric, Wastewater, Water and Transit Funds. These charges have not been eliminated because elimination would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported in the statement of activities.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with the fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise funds and internal service funds are charges for customer services including: electric, wastewater, water and public transportation fees. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

(d) Cash and Investments

The City maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for all funds of the City for the purpose of increasing interest earnings through investment activities. Investments are generally stated at fair value with the exception of guaranteed investment contracts, which are stated at cost. Income earned or losses arising from the investment of pooled cash are allocated to various funds based on month-end cash balances in accordance with California Government Code Section 53647. Changes in fair value of investments are recognized as a component of investment income.

(e) Restricted Cash and Investments

The City accounts for certain settlement payments for environmental remediation as restricted with the understanding that these funds will be used exclusively for environmental clean up, investigation or remediation expenses incurred by the City in the specified areas and that they will not be used for the payment of legal or technical fees. These funds are accounted for in the Water Fund.

CITY OF LODI
Notes to Basic Financial Statements (continued)
June 30, 2015

(f) Restricted Assets with Fiscal Agents

Restricted assets represent the proceeds from debt and other cash and investments held by fiscal agents by agreement that meet the definition of cash and cash equivalents, with the exception of a \$2,169,850 guaranteed investment contract held in the Wastewater Fund which is a long-term investment.

In the Electric Fund, restricted assets represent the proceeds of the 2002D and the 2008 Certificates of Participation restricted for debt service. In the Wastewater Fund, the restricted assets represent the proceeds of the 2004A and the 2007A Certificates of Participation issued for improvements to the City's wastewater collection, treatment and disposal system. In the Water Fund, restricted assets represent the proceeds of the 2010A and 2010B Revenue Bonds issued for the purpose of providing funds to pay the cost of a new Water Treatment Facility.

(g) Property Taxes

County is responsible for assessing, collecting and distributing property taxes in accordance with enabling legislation. Revenue received is based on an allocation factor calculated by the County under the provisions of Proposition 13, plus a percentage of the increase in market value in specific areas. The City's property tax lien is based on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1st for all real and personal property located in the City. Property sold after the assessment date (January 1st) is reassessed and the amount of property tax assessed is prorated. The assessed value at January 1, 2015, upon which the 2014-15 levy was based, was \$5,418,050,000.

Secured property taxes are levied on October 1 and are due in two installments on November 1 and February 1. The tax becomes delinquent after December 10 and April 10, respectively. Unsecured property tax is levied on July 1, due on July 31 and becomes delinquent after August 31.

Property taxes levied for the year ended June 30, 2015, are recorded as receivables, net of estimated uncollectible amounts. Property taxes paid to the City by the County within 60 days of the fiscal year end are considered "available" and are, therefore, recognized as revenue in governmental funds.

In 1993, the City made an agreement with the San Joaquin County to participate in the Teeter Plan. The Teeter plan is an alternative method of apportioning property tax money. The City receives 95% of the property taxes in advance from the County and the 5% remaining after reconciling the City's balance at June 30. As part of the agreement, the County keeps the penalties and interest on the delinquent taxes.

(h) Due From/Due To Other Funds, Advances To/Advances From Other Funds, and Internal Balances

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. In the fund financial statements, these receivables and payables are classified as "due from other funds" or "due to other funds." Long-term interfund loans

CITY OF LODI
Notes to Basic Financial Statements (continued)
June 30, 2015

receivable are reported as “advances to other funds.” The corresponding long-term interfund loans payable are reported as “advances from other funds.” In the government-wide financial statements, these receivables and payables are eliminated within the governmental activities and business-type activities columns. Receivables and payables between the governmental activities and the business-type activities are classified as internal balances.

(i) Transfers

In the fund financial statements, interfund transfers are recorded as transfers in (out) except for transactions that are described below:

Charges for services are recorded as revenues of the performing fund and expenditures/expenses of the requesting fund. Unbilled costs are recognized as an asset of the performing fund at the end of fiscal year.

Reimbursements for expenditures/expenses, initially made by one fund that is properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as a reduction of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed. Reimbursements are eliminated for purposes of government-wide reporting.

(j) Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund statement of net position. Bond premiums are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium. Losses occurring from advance refunding are reported as deferred outflows of resources and amortized as an expense for both governmental and business-type activities.

(k) Loans Receivable

Loans receivable reported in the HOME Program and Community Development Block Grants Special Revenue Fund represent funds loaned to first-time homebuyers. Loans receivable in the Electric Enterprise Fund represent loans to eligible industrial and commercial customers participating in the Lodi Energy Efficiency Financing Pilot Project.

In December 2009, the City entered into a contractual relationship with the California Department of Housing and Community Development (HCD) to administer a First-time Homebuyers Program. The loan program is intended to provide deferred down-payment assistance to first-time homebuyers who are at or below 80% of the median income, for the purchase of homes within Lodi. The loan bears 2% interest and is due and payable 30 years from close of escrow, upon transfer of the property or when the home is no longer owner-occupied, whichever comes first.

CITY OF LODI
Notes to Basic Financial Statements (continued)
June 30, 2015

In October 2010, the City established a loan fund in its public benefits program from which G2 electric utility rate commercial and industrial customers may borrow money to implement energy conservation projects in their facilities. The loan is at zero interest rate payable in two years capped at \$50,000 per customer. As of June 30, 2015, a total of twenty-one loans to industrial and commercial customers have been approved.

(l) Advance Receivable

Advance receivable reported in the Electric Enterprise Fund represents the City's portion of the Northern California Power Agency's (NCPA) General Operating Reserve that is refundable upon demand by the City (See Note 12).

(m) Inventory

Other governmental funds inventories are recorded at cost and are recognized as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased. For the proprietary fund types, inventories are recorded at cost using the weighted average cost method, which approximates market, and expense is recognized when inventories are consumed in operations.

(n) Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

Unamortized Losses on Defeasance

Deferred outflows of resources reported in the Electric Enterprise Fund and business-type activities include refunding loss incurred in connection with the issuance of the 2008 Certificates of Participation Series A amortized over 24 years. The deferred outflows of resources reported in the Wastewater Enterprise Fund and business-type activities include refunding loss incurred on the issuance of the 2007A Certificates of Participation amortized over 20 years and the 2012 Refunding Revenue Bonds amortized over 11 years. Deferred outflows of resources reported in the governmental activities represent refunding loss incurred with the issuance of the 2012 Refunding Lease Revenue Bonds.

Related to Pensions

Pension contributions made in the current year are reported as deferred outflows of resources per GASB Statement No. 71 as the CalPERS' valuation measurement date is June 30, 2014. Those contributions will be expensed in fiscal year 2015-16. Plan earnings in excess of earnings projected in the CalPERS actuarial report are reported as deferred inflows of resources.

Unavailable Revenue

The unavailable revenue in the other governmental funds is related to the HCD's First-time Homebuyers Program.

CITY OF LODI
Notes to Basic Financial Statements (continued)
June 30, 2015

(o) Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment, vehicles, infrastructure (e.g., streets, streetlights, traffic signals, sidewalks, and bridges), and electric lines, wastewater lines and storm drains are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary funds financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with individual cost of \$3,000 or more and have an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. Capital outlay is recorded as expenditures in the General and other governmental funds and as assets in the government-wide financial statements to the extent the City's capitalization threshold is met.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset useful lives are not capitalized. As required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, beginning July 1, 2002, the City has capitalized infrastructure, primarily its network of streets, as part of the capital assets shown in the governmental activities column on the government-wide statement of net position. This capitalization included infrastructure that could be identified and has been acquired since July 1, 1980.

Depreciation of capital assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

	<u>Years</u>
Buildings and improvements	3 - 40
Machinery and equipment	2 - 40
Vehicles	5 - 15
Infrastructure	10 - 50

(p) Compensated Absences/Vacation and Sick Leave

The City accrues for compensated absences, in the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary funds financial statements, to pay its employees for the unused vacation, compensatory time, and miscellaneous leave. The City is not obligated to pay for unused sick leave if employees terminate prior to retirement.

CITY OF LODI
Notes to Basic Financial Statements (continued)
June 30, 2015

(q) Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Miscellaneous and Safety Plans (Plans) and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the CalPERS Financial Office. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

GASB Statement No. 68 requires that the reported results must pertain to liability and asset information within certain defined timeframes. For this report, the following timeframes are used:

Valuation Date:	June 30, 2013
Measurement Date:	June 30, 2014
Measurement Period:	July 1, 2013 to June 30, 2014

(r) Self-Insurance

The City is self-insured for general liability, workers' compensation, dental benefits, unemployment and long-term disability. Various City funds are charged premiums for the City's self-insurance liability, which is accounted for in an internal service fund. The accrued liability for estimated self-insured claims represents an estimate of the eventual loss on claims arising prior to year-end including claims incurred but not reported.

(s) Net Position

In the government-wide and proprietary funds financial statements, net position is reported in one of three categories:

Net Investment in Capital Assets – This category consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by deferred outflows of resources and outstanding debt that is attributed to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of the assets.

Restricted Net Position – Assets restricted by external creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments reduced by liabilities related to those assets.

Unrestricted Net Position – This category consists of all net position that does not meet the definition of net investment in capital assets or restricted net position.

CITY OF LODI
Notes to Basic Financial Statements (continued)
June 30, 2015

(t) Fund Balance

Fund balances presented in the governmental fund financial statements represent the difference between assets, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, establishes the criteria for classifying fund balances into specifically defined classifications and clarifies definitions for governmental funds. GASB Statement No. 54 requires that the fund balances be classified in categories based upon the type of restrictions imposed on the use of funds. The City evaluated each of its funds at June 30, 2015 and classified fund balances into the following five categories:

Nonspendable – Amounts that cannot be spent because they are (1) not in spendable form, such as prepaid items, inventories and long-term receivables for which the payment of proceeds are not restricted or committed with respect to the nature of the specific expenditures of that fund or (2) legally or contractually required to remain intact.

Restricted – Amounts that are restricted by external parties such as creditors or imposed by grants, laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The City has legislative restrictions on amounts collected and reported in the City's various governmental funds.

Committed – Amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action by the City's "highest level of decision-making authority", which the City considers to be an ordinance passed by the Lodi City Council.

Assigned – Amounts that have been allocated by action of the Lodi City Council in which the City's intent is to use the funds for a specific purpose. Once assigned, funds may only be released by resolution of the City Council.

Unassigned – Amounts that constitute the residual balances that have no restrictions placed upon them and are reported in the General Fund. For other governmental funds, as restrictions exceed available resources only deficit amounts are reported in the unassigned category.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

The City does not have a policy on the order of spending unrestricted amounts when an expenditure is incurred for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used. Therefore, by default under GASB Statement No. 54, the City uses committed resources first, then assigned resources and unassigned resources last as they are needed.

It is the City's policy to maintain an unassigned fund balance in the General Fund of at least 16% of revenues and working capital balances in the Water and Wastewater enterprise funds of at least 25% of operating expenses and the target for the Electric Enterprise Fund working capital is

CITY OF LODI
Notes to Basic Financial Statements (continued)
June 30, 2015

\$23.7 million. The policy allows for variations from year-to-year to account for economic and fiscal changes. The City Council also adopted a policy to establish the following reserves:

Catastrophic reserve - To maintain the ability of the City to meet operational costs during times of declared emergency or major catastrophe, the City shall designate General Fund balance of a minimum of 8% of annual General Fund revenues. This reserve may only be drawn upon pursuant to an emergency as declared under the Municipal Code.

Economic reserve - To maintain the City's economic viability and to meet seasonal cashflow shortfalls, the City shall designate General Fund economic reserve balance of a minimum of 8% of annual General Fund revenues. Funding the economic reserve will begin in the fiscal year following full funding of the catastrophic reserve. Funding may only be disbursed upon a resolution of the City Council.

Once fully funded, if these reserves fall below 5% of annual revenues, the City Manager shall prepare a plan within three months of approval of the City's Financial Statements. This plan will restore the 5% within 12 months and the 8% within 24 months.

(u) Statement of Cash Flows

A statement of cash flows is presented for proprietary fund types. For purposes of reporting cash flows, the City considers all highly liquid investments with maturities of three months or less when purchased and investments maintained in the pool to be cash equivalents.

(v) Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(w) Implementation of New Governmental Accounting Standards

During the year ended June 30, 2015, the City implemented GASB Statement No. 68 – *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 27* and GASB Statement No. 71 – *Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68* (collectively, the Statements). The primary objective of the Statements is to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for pensions by establishing standards for measuring and recognizing liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expenses. It requires employers to report a net pension liability for the difference between the present value of projected pension benefits for past service and restricted resources held in trust for the payment of benefits. The Statements identify the methods and assumptions that should be used to project benefit payments, discount projected benefit payments to their actuarial present value, and attribute that present value to periods of employee service.

CITY OF LODI
Notes to Basic Financial Statements (continued)
June 30, 2015

The net pension liability offset by the related deferred outflows of resources as of June 30, 2014 reduced the City's beginning net position of its governmental activities, business-type activities, Electric Fund, Wastewater Fund, Water Fund, Transit Fund, and internal service funds by \$80,965,314, \$19,689,250, \$11,101,735, \$7,369,943, \$724,395, \$493,177, and \$1,081,238, respectively.

(x) Future Implementation of New Governmental Accounting Standards

The City is currently analyzing its accounting practices to determine the potential impact on the financial statements for the following GASB Statements:

In February 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*. This statement addresses accounting and financial reporting issues related to fair value measurements. The requirements of this statement are effective for the City's year ending June 30, 2016.

In June 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 73, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement No. 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements No. 67 and No. 68*. This statement establishes requirements for those pensions and pension plans that are not administrated through a trust meeting specified criteria and thus are not covered by Statement Nos. 67 and 68. The requirements of this statement are effective for the City's year ending June 30, 2016.

In June 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*. This statement addresses reporting by governments that provide other postemployment benefits (OPEB) to their employees and for governments that finance OPEB for employees of other governments. The requirements of this statement are effective for the City's year ending June 30, 2018.

In June 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 76, *The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments*. This statement reduces the hierarchy of generally accepted accounting principles to two categories of authoritative GAAP and addresses the use of authoritative and nonauthoritative literature in the event that the accounting treatment for a transaction or other event is not specific with a source of authoritative GAAP. The requirements of this statement are effective for the City's year ending June 30, 2016.

In August 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 77, *Tax Abatement Disclosures*. This statement requires governments that enter into tax abatement agreements to disclose certain information about the agreements. The requirements of this statement are effective for the City's year ending June 30, 2017.

In December 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 79, *Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants*. This statement establishes criteria for an external investment pool to qualify for making the election to measure all investments at amortized cost for financial reporting purposes. Pool participants should also measure their investments at amortized cost if the external pool meets these criteria. If an external investment pool does not meet the criteria, then the pool should apply the provisions in paragraph 16 of Statement No. 31, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools*. Pool participants should measure their investments in that pool at external investment pools that measure all of their investments at amortized cost and for governments that participate in those pools. The

CITY OF LODI
Notes to Basic Financial Statements (continued)
June 30, 2015

requirements of this statement are effective for the City's year ending June 30, 2017.

(2) CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments as of June 30, 2015 are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Government-wide statement of net position:	
Cash and investments	\$ 68,879,497
Restricted assets	31,717,302
Fiduciary funds cash and investments:	
Private-purpose trust funds	238,905
Agency fund	<u>428,973</u>
Total cash and investments	<u>\$ 101,264,677</u>

Cash and investments as of June 30, 2015 consist of the following:

Cash on hand	\$ 3,071
Deposits with financial institutions	8,583,383
Investments	<u>92,678,223</u>
Total cash and investments	<u>\$ 101,264,677</u>

(a) Authorized Investments

The City has adopted an investment policy pursuant to Government Code Section 53601 which authorizes the City to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S Government agency securities and instruments, bankers' acceptances, certificates of deposit, negotiable certificates of deposit, commercial paper, State of California Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF), Investment Trust of California (CALTRUST), Certificate of Deposit Account Registry Service (CDARS), mutual funds that invest in eligible securities, supranationals and medium term notes as permitted by the Government Code. The City is not authorized to enter into reverse repurchase agreements. The City selects its investments based on safety, liquidity and yield.

CITY OF LODI
Notes to Basic Financial Statements (continued)
June 30, 2015

The following table identifies the permitted investment types authorized per the City's investment policy. The table also identifies certain provisions that address interest rate risk and concentration of credit risk.

Permitted Investments/Deposits	Maximum Maturity	Maximum % of Portfolio	Maximum Investment in One issuer
U.S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	100%	
U.S. Agency Securities	5 years	100%	
Banker's Acceptances	180 days	40%	25%
Certificates of Deposit	5 years	100%	
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	
Commercial Paper	270 days	40%	
California State Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	Indefinite	100%	\$50m per account
Passbook Deposits	Indefinite	100%	
Money Market Mutual Funds	Indefinite	20%	
Guaranteed Investment Contracts (GICs)	5 years	100%	
Medium term Notes	5 years	30%	
Investment Trust of California (CALTRUST)	Indefinite	100%	
Certificate of Deposit Account Registry Service (CDARS)	5 years	30%	
Supranational Obligations	5 years	30%	

(b) Investments Authorized by Debt Agreements

Investments of debt proceeds held by bond trustee are governed by the provisions of the debt agreements as to the extent that they are permissible investments of funds of the City.

(c) Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity its fair value is to changes in market interest rates. Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the City's investments to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the maturity date of each investment:

CITY OF LODI
Notes to Basic Financial Statements (continued)
June 30, 2015

<u>Investment as of June 30, 2015</u>	Maturity <u>Less than One Year</u>	Maturity <u>One to Five Years</u>	<u>Total</u>
LAIF	\$ 31,944,790		\$ 31,944,790
CALTRUST		43,615,455	43,615,455
Money Market Mutual Funds	123,254		123,254
Held by bond trustee:			
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	1,010,755	3,539,300	4,550,055
U.S. Agency Securities		631,224	631,224
LAIF	1,737,159		1,737,159
Money Market Mutual Funds	7,796,111		7,796,111
Guaranteed investment contracts (GICs)		2,169,850	2,169,850
Total investments subject to interest rate risk	<u>\$ 42,612,069</u>	<u>49,955,829</u>	92,567,898
Equities and options			110,325
Total investments			<u>\$ 92,678,223</u>

Investments in equities are shares of stock received by the Library as an endowment from a private citizen.

(d) Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The money market mutual funds are registered under the Federal Investment Company Act of 1940, whose shares are registered under the Federal Securities Act of 1933, and have a rating by S&P of "AAA-m." The GICs and LAIF do not have a rating provided by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The CALTRUST Short term fund is rated "AA/S1+" by S&P while the CALTRUST Medium term fund is rated "A or better." The negotiable certificates of deposit are all rated AAA.

In accordance with the City's investment policy in selecting authorized investments, consideration must be given to credit ratings and collateralization of applicable instruments, however, the City does not have a minimum credit rating limitations policy.

CITY OF LODI
Notes to Basic Financial Statements (continued)
June 30, 2015

(e) Concentration of Credit Risk

The investment policy of the City contains certain limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer beyond that stipulated by the California Government Code. Investments in LAIF, CALTRUST, and money market mutual funds are not subject to the concentration of credit risk disclosure. There are no investments with any one issuer greater than 5% of total investments.

(f) Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The California Government Code and the City's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial risk for deposits, other than the following provision for deposits: The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law. The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure City deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured deposits. \$9,652,164 of the City's deposits with financial institutions, which exceeded federal depository insurance limits, was collateralized in this fashion.

The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of the investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The California Government Code and the City's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for investments. With respect to investments, custodial credit risk generally applies only to direct investments in marketable securities. Custodial credit risk does not apply to a local government's indirect investment in securities through the use of mutual funds or government investment pools such as LAIF.

(g) Investments in Investment Pools

The City is a voluntary participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by the California Government Code under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The fair value of the City's investment in this pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the City's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by LAIF for the entire LAIF portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which are recorded on an amortized cost basis.

The total amount invested by all public agencies in LAIF at June 30, 2015 was \$21.5 billion. LAIF is part of the California Pooled Investment Account (PMIA), which at June 30, 2015 had a balance of \$69.6 billion. Of this amount, 2.08% was invested in medium-term and short-term structured notes and asset-backed securities. PMIA is not SEC-registered, but is required to invest according to California State Code. The average maturity of PMIA investments was 239 days as of June 30, 2015.

CITY OF LODI
Notes to Basic Financial Statements (continued)
June 30, 2015

The Local Investment Advisory Board has oversight responsibility for LAIF. The Board consists of five members as designated by state statute. The value of the pool of shares in LAIF, which may be withdrawn, is determined on an amortized cost basis, which is different than the fair value of the City's portion of the pool. Withdrawals from LAIF are done on a dollar for dollar basis.

In accordance with GASB Statement 31, investments are marked to fair value annually and an adjustment is made to each fund accordingly. However, actual daily activity is done on a dollar to dollar basis and only a withdrawal from the pool size that jeopardizes pool participants would cause the withdrawal to be done at market value.

The City is also a participant in the Investment Trust of California Joint Powers Authority Pool (CALTRUST). At June 30, 2015, the City's investment in CALTRUST is \$43.6 million. CALTRUST is an innovative partnership between the CSAC Finance Corporation and the League of California Cities to provide a convenient method for local agencies to pool their assets for investment. The weighted average to maturity of CALTRUST investments was as follows: CALTRUST Short Term, 16 months and CALTRUST Medium, 24 months. The Board of Trustees, which is made up of experienced local treasurers and Investment Officers has oversight responsibility for CALTRUST. The value of the pool shares in CALTRUST, which may be withdrawn, is determined on a fair value basis, which may be different than the amortized cost of the City's portion of the pool. The total amount invested in CALTRUST by California public agencies, as of June 30, 2015 was divided among the following asset classes: CALTRUST Short term was \$989 million and CALTRUST Medium Term was \$790 million.

(3) ALLOWANCE FOR UNCOLLECTIBLE ACCOUNTS

Receivables of the General Fund, Electric, Wastewater and Water funds are reported net of uncollectible amounts. Total allowance provided for uncollectible amounts related to receivables of the current period are as follows:

Uncollectibles related to late charges and services	\$	4,090
Uncollectibles related to electric sales and services		178,970
Uncollectibles related to wastewater services		47,980
Uncollectibles related to water sales and services		75,800
Total uncollectibles of the current fiscal year	\$	306,840

CITY OF LODI
Notes to Basic Financial Statements (continued)
June 30, 2015

(4) INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES

Interfund receivables and payables at June 30, 2015 are as follows:

Due from	Due to	Amount
Other governmental	Other governmental	\$ <u>93,114</u>

“Due to” and “due from” balances are recorded primarily when funds overdraw their share of pooled cash or when there are short-term loans between funds. The \$93,114 represents cash deficits in other governmental funds.

Advances from	Advances to	Amount
Wastewater	Other governmental	\$ 376,429
Water	Electric	576,378
Water	Other governmental	<u>1,174,025</u>
		\$ <u>2,126,832</u>

The \$376,429 advance from the Wastewater Fund was used for the Impact Mitigation Fees update, \$55,000; and \$321,429 was used for the Grape Bowl Improvements - Phase 3. The advances from the Water Fund were used for the City Hall Annex Phase 2, \$576,378; and for the construction of Fire Station #4, \$1,174,025.

(5) TRANSFERS

Transfers for the year ended June 30, 2015, are summarized as follows:

<u>Transfers out:</u>	<u>Transfers in</u>		Total
	General	Other Governmental	
General	\$	7,128,586	\$ 7,128,586
Other governmental		907,176	907,176
Electric	2,104,000	1,719,858	3,823,858
Wastewater	1,068,000	826,378	1,894,378
Water	780,000	1,015,378	1,795,378
Internal service		50,000	50,000
Total	\$ <u>3,952,000</u>	<u>11,647,376</u>	\$ <u>15,599,376</u>

CITY OF LODI
Notes to Basic Financial Statements (continued)
June 30, 2015

During the year, various interfund transfers were made to finance expenditures, subsidize operating losses and service debt.

Transfers out of \$2,104,000 from the Electric Fund, \$1,068,000 from the Wastewater Fund, and \$780,000 from the Water Fund represent the cost of services reimbursement to the General Fund.

The transfer of \$7,128,586 from the General Fund to other governmental represents transfer of \$509,403 to the Debt Service Fund for the interest required to pay the 2012 Refunding Lease Revenue Bonds; \$3,583,243 to Parks, Recreation and Community Services for operating costs; \$126,160 to Community Development for operating costs; \$806,780 to the Vehicle and Equipment Fund for vehicle replacements and computer replacements; and \$1,511,200 to the Capital Outlay Reserve Fund for various capital projects; and \$591,800 to the Streets Fund for various streets projects.

The transfer out of \$907,176 from other governmental to other governmental includes \$335,410 transferred from Parks, Recreation and Community Services to the Debt Service Fund for the interest required to pay the 2012 Refunding Lease Revenue Bonds, transfer of \$150,500 from Parks, Recreation and Community Services to Parks Capital Fund for park-related capital projects, transfer of \$189,000 from Streets and \$125,300 transfer from Vehicle and Equipment Fund to Capital Outlay Reserve for various capital projects, and transfer of \$2,510 from the Community Development, \$31,866 from Public Safety and \$72,590 from the Parks, Recreation and Community Services to the Vehicle and Equipment Fund for fleet replacement.

The transfer out from the Electric Fund of \$1,719,858, transfer out from Wastewater Fund for \$826,378, Water Fund for \$1,015,378, and \$50,000 from the Insurance Fund, to other governmental represent transfers to the Capital Outlay Reserve Fund for various capital projects.

CITY OF LODI
Notes to Basic Financial Statements (continued)
June 30, 2015

(6) CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity of the primary government for the year-ended June 30, 2015, was as follows:

<u>Governmental activities</u>	<u>Balance June 30, 2014</u>	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	<u>Balance June 30, 2015</u>
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 24,933,134	14,700		\$ 24,947,834
Work of Art	304,907			304,907
Construction in progress	<u>4,407,042</u>	<u>7,955,423</u>	<u>(237,786)</u>	<u>12,124,679</u>
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	<u>29,645,083</u>	<u>7,970,123</u>	<u>(237,786)</u>	<u>37,377,420</u>
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	68,538,889			68,538,889
Machinery and equipment	11,335,038	329,853	(58,053)	11,606,838
Vehicles	10,346,394	696,076		11,042,470
Infrastructure	<u>140,164,672</u>	<u>237,786</u>		<u>140,402,458</u>
Total capital assets, being depreciated	<u>230,384,993</u>	<u>1,263,715</u>	<u>(58,053)</u>	<u>231,590,655</u>
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	30,250,848	1,943,658		32,194,506
Machinery and equipment	10,608,625	507,040	(58,053)	11,057,612
Vehicles	9,028,154	255,649		9,283,803
Infrastructure	<u>84,893,997</u>	<u>5,834,705</u>		<u>90,728,702</u>
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>134,781,624</u>	<u>8,541,052</u>	<u>(58,053)</u>	<u>143,264,623</u>
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	<u>95,603,369</u>	<u>(7,277,337)</u>		<u>88,326,032</u>
Governmental activities capital assets, net	<u>\$ 125,248,452</u>	<u>692,786</u>	<u>(237,786)</u>	<u>\$ 125,703,452</u>

CITY OF LODI
Notes to Basic Financial Statements (continued)
June 30, 2015

<u>Business-type activities</u>	<u>Balance</u> <u>June 30, 2014</u>	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	<u>Balance</u> <u>June 30, 2015</u>
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 5,535,718			\$ 5,535,718
Construction in progress	4,029,855	10,449,092		14,478,947
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	<u>9,565,573</u>	<u>10,449,092</u>		<u>20,014,665</u>
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	47,395,387			47,395,387
Machinery and equipment	265,429,564	2,353,163	(1,972,823)	265,809,904
Vehicles	9,773,724	3,063,258	(1,600,595)	11,236,387
Total capital assets, being depreciated	<u>322,598,675</u>	<u>5,416,421</u>	<u>(3,573,418)</u>	<u>324,441,678</u>
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	16,264,541	1,790,629		18,055,170
Machinery and equipment	74,231,485	7,989,032	(842,368)	81,378,149
Vehicles	7,059,271	995,337	(1,600,595)	6,454,013
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>97,555,297</u>	<u>10,774,998</u>	<u>(2,442,963)</u>	<u>105,887,332</u>
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	225,043,378	(5,358,577)	(1,130,455)	218,554,346
Business-type activities capital assets, net	<u>\$ 234,608,951</u>	<u>5,090,515</u>	<u>(1,130,455)</u>	<u>\$ 238,569,011</u>

CITY OF LODI
Notes to Basic Financial Statements (continued)
June 30, 2015

Depreciation expense was charged to function/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:

General government	\$	524,974
Public protection		898,317
Public works		5,942,856
Community development		4,515
Library		72,651
Parks and recreation		1,096,295
Internal service funds		<u>1,444</u>
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$	<u><u>8,541,052</u></u>

Business-type activities:

Electric	\$	2,658,929
Wastewater		4,217,932
Water		2,752,367
Transit		<u>1,145,770</u>
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$	<u><u>10,774,998</u></u>

(7) OPERATING LEASES

The City is obligated under an operating lease for the use of facilities. Total costs for such lease was \$21,000 for the year ended June 30, 2015.

Future minimum lease payments required by this lease agreement that has a remaining noncancellable lease term of one year or more as of June 30, 2015, are as follows:

<u>Years Ending</u>		
2016	\$	21,000
Total minimum lease payments required under operating leases	\$	<u><u>21,000</u></u>

CITY OF LODI
Notes to Basic Financial Statements (continued)
June 30, 2015

(8) LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The following is a summary of long-term liability transactions of the City for the year ended June 30, 2015:

Governmental activities:	<u>Interest Rates</u>	<u>June 30, 2014</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Reductions</u>	<u>June 30, 2015</u>	<u>Amounts Due Within One Year</u>
Compensated absences		\$ 6,391,050	1,490,475	(2,069,485)	\$ 5,812,040	\$ 1,490,475
2012 Lease Revenue Bonds	2.0-5.0%	19,080,000			19,080,000	260,000
Issuance premium		924,080		(53,830)	870,250	53,830
Total		<u>20,004,080</u>		<u>(53,830)</u>	<u>19,950,250</u>	<u>313,830</u>
Note payable	6.0%	<u>245,000</u>			<u>245,000</u>	
Self-insurance liability		<u>9,021,759</u>	634,932	(1,350,804)	<u>8,305,887</u>	<u>634,932</u>
Governmental activities long-term liabilities		<u>\$ 35,661,889</u>	<u>2,125,407</u>	<u>(3,474,119)</u>	<u>\$ 34,313,177</u>	<u>\$ 2,439,237</u>

CITY OF LODI
Notes to Basic Financial Statements (continued)
June 30, 2015

	<u>Interest Rates</u>	<u>June 30, 2014</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Reductions</u>	<u>June 30, 2015</u>	<u>Amounts Due Within One Year</u>
Business-type activities:						
Compensated absences		\$ 1,844,614	527,570	(657,446)	1,714,738	\$ 527,569
Pollution remediation obligation		19,112,962		(520,856)	18,592,106	
Certificates of Participation and Revenue Bonds:						
2010 Water Revenue Bonds A & B	2.50-6.637%	36,265,000		(850,000)	35,415,000	870,000
Issuance premium		512,205		(19,700)	492,505	19,700
Total		36,777,205		(869,700)	35,907,505	889,700
2008 Certificates of Participation A	3.8-5.05%	60,685,000			60,685,000	
Issuance premium		448,356		(24,908)	423,448	24,909
Total		61,133,356		(24,908)	61,108,448	24,909
2002 Certificates of Participation D	1.54-5.25%	10,155,000		(4,960,000)	5,195,000	5,195,000
2004 Certificates of Participation A	2.0-5.5%	2,070,000			2,070,000	
2007 Certificates of Participation A	4.0-5.0%	29,605,000		(145,000)	29,460,000	155,000
Issuance premium		192,582		(8,254)	184,328	8,253
Total		29,797,582		(153,254)	29,644,328	163,253
2012 Wastewater Revenue Bonds A	2.0-5.0%	15,825,000		(1,355,000)	14,470,000	1,380,000
Issuance premium		1,538,399		(166,313)	1,372,086	166,313
Total		17,363,399		(1,521,313)	15,842,086	1,546,313
Total Certificates of Participation and Revenue Bonds		157,296,542		(7,529,175)	149,767,367	7,819,175
Business-type activities long-term liabilities		\$ 178,254,118	527,570	(8,707,477)	\$ 170,074,211	\$ 8,346,744

Internal service funds predominantly serve the governmental funds. Accordingly, long-term liabilities for them are included as part of the above totals for governmental activities. At year-end, internal service funds self-insurance liability for \$8,305,887 was included in the above amounts. Also, for the governmental activities, compensated absences are generally liquidated by the General Fund and the internal service funds.

CITY OF LODI
Notes to Basic Financial Statements (continued)
June 30, 2015

Long-term debt payable at June 30, 2015, comprised of the following individual issues:

Note Payable

The City issued a \$245,000 promissory note to James E. Dean and Carol Dean, as trustees of the James E. Dean Family Trust, for the purchase of 307 W. Elm Street property, which is the site of the Public Safety Building. Interest is payable quarterly and principal is due on April 1, 2017.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity of the note payable are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Governmental Activities	
	Principal	Interest
2016	\$	\$ 14,700
2017	245,000	11,025
Total	\$ 245,000	\$ 25,725

Certificates of Participation and Revenue Bonds

\$27,360,000 Certificates of Participation (2004A COP) were issued on May 12, 2004 to provide funds to finance the costs of certain improvements to the wastewater collection, treatment and disposal system of the City. Principal is payable annually on October 1 in amounts from \$170,000 to \$2,070,000 with final payment due October 1, 2024. The City has pledged future wastewater revenues, net of specified operating expenses, to repay these certificates. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the certificates is \$2,954,925. Interest paid for the current year and total net revenues were \$98,325 and \$9,509,480, respectively.

\$30,320,000 Certificates of Participation (2007A COP) were issued on November 16, 2007 to provide funds to finance the costs of certain improvements to the wastewater collection, treatment and disposal system of the City and to provide resources for the repayment of the 1991 Certificates of Participation (Wastewater Treatment Plant Expansion Refunding Project). Principal is payable annually on October 1 in amounts ranging from \$105,000 to \$2,980,000 with final payment due October 1, 2037. The City has pledged future wastewater revenues, net of specified operating expenses, to repay these certificates. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the certificates is \$52,429,588. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total net revenues were \$1,602,850 and \$9,509,480, respectively.

CITY OF LODI
Notes to Basic Financial Statements (continued)
June 30, 2015

\$22,740,000 Revenue Certificates of Participation Series D (2002 COP) were issued to buy out the energy purchase agreement with Calpine.

In February 2001, the City entered into an energy purchase agreement (the Original Agreement) with Calpine Energy Services L.P. (Calpine) to purchase 25 MW of energy at \$65/mwh for a ten-year period beginning January 1, 2002. Since the execution of the Original Agreement, actions of the State in connection with the energy market conditions, including the initiation of conservation programs, and other factors, have resulted in lower electric load requirements and reduced energy costs throughout the State. As a result, the City's need for the energy purchased under the Original Agreement to serve its load has been reduced. The Original Agreement was amended on September 4, 2002, and was divided into three parts. The City sold its interests in the energy purchased under the Original Agreement to Calpine and nets the payments due from the City with respect to its purchase of such energy against the payments due from Calpine with respect to its purchase of the City's rights to such energy. Principal is payable annually on July 1 in amounts ranging from \$110,000 to \$5,195,000 with final payment due July 1, 2015.

The City has pledged future electric revenues, net of specified operating expenses, to repay these certificates. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the certificates is \$5,331,368. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total net revenues were \$5,360,458 and \$15,016,570.

The City issued **\$60,685,000** Certificates of Participation (2008A COP) on July 24, 2008 to allow the City to prepay and cause the immediate defeasance of the outstanding \$46,760,000 Certificates of Participation (Electric System Revenue Certificates of Participation 2002 Series A Variable Rate Certificates) and to pay \$8,979,000 for the termination of a swap agreement related to the refunded 2002 certificates. Principal is payable annually on July 1 in amounts ranging from \$2,390,000 to \$5,090,000 beginning in 2016 with final payment due in 2032. The City has pledged future electric revenues, net of specified operating expenses, to repay these certificates. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the certificates is \$90,900,400. Interest paid for the current year and total net revenues were \$2,957,775 and \$15,016,570, respectively.

On October 1, 2010, the City issued **\$9,015,000** Water Revenue Bonds, 2010 Series A and **\$29,650,000** Water Revenue Bonds, 2010 Series B (Federally taxable - Build America Bonds) (2010 Bonds) to finance the construction of the Surface Water Treatment Facility which is designed to pump water from the Mokelumne River, treat and deliver it to the City's water distribution system. Principal is payable annually on June 1 in amounts ranging from \$775,000 to \$2,210,000 with final payment due June 1, 2040. The City has pledged future water revenues, net of operation and maintenance costs, to repay these certificates. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the certificates is \$69,267,196. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total net revenues were \$2,356,141 and \$7,554,798, respectively.

The City issued **\$19,080,000** Refunding Lease Revenue Bonds (2012 LRB) on September 1, 2012 to allow the City to prepay and cause the immediate defeasance of the outstanding \$21,025,000 Certificates of Participation (2002 COP). The 2002 COP were issued in January 2002 to provide funds to finance the costs of constructing, furnishing and equipping a new police building and jail for the City, to finance portions of certain other projects and to refund the outstanding 1995 and 1996 Certificates of Participation. As of June 30, 2015, there are no outstanding balances of these refunded Certificates. The 1995 Certificates of Participation (1995 COP) were sold in October 1995 to finance the City Downtown Revitalization and the Cherokee Lane Beautification projects. The 1996 Certificates of Participation (1996 COP) were sold in August 1996 to finance the construction of the Hutchins Square Conference and Performing Arts Center. The total principal and interest remaining to be

CITY OF LODI
Notes to Basic Financial Statements (continued)
June 30, 2015

paid on the 2012 LRB is \$27,455,956. Principal is payable annually on October 1 in amounts ranging from \$260,000 to \$1,605,000 beginning in 2016 with final payment due in 2031. Interest paid for the current year was \$844,812.

The City issued **\$17,105,000** 2012 Refunding Wastewater Revenue Bonds (2012 Bonds) to advance refund the \$17,115,000 principal amount of the 2004 Wastewater Revenue Certificates of Participation. The City pledged future wastewater revenues, net of specified operating expenses, to repay these certificates. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the 2012 Bonds is \$17,513,950. Principal is payable annually on October 1 in amounts ranging from \$1,280,000 to \$1,885,000 beginning in 2013 with final payment due in 2023. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total net revenues were \$1,970,350 and \$9,509,480 respectively. At June 30, 2015, the remaining balance of the refunded debt is \$0.

The various indentures contain significant limitations and restrictions on annual debt service requirements, maintenance of and flow of moneys through various restricted accounts and minimum revenue bond coverage. The City is in compliance with all such significant limitations and restrictions.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for certificates of participation and bonds are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Governmental Activities				Business-type Activities			
	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest				
2016	\$ 260,000	\$ 840,913	\$ 7,600,000	\$ 7,324,025				
2017	830,000	824,563	4,880,000	6,969,356				
2018	860,000	794,912	5,110,000	6,767,006				
2019	900,000	755,212	5,310,000	6,540,606				
2020	930,000	721,087	5,535,000	6,304,106				
2021-2025	5,345,000	2,903,717	32,040,000	27,359,983				
2026-2030	6,810,000	1,404,480	37,270,000	18,407,003				
2031-2035	3,145,000	131,072	32,370,000	8,810,488				
2036-2040			17,180,000	2,619,854				
Total	\$ 19,080,000	\$ 8,375,956	\$ 147,295,000	\$ 91,102,427				

Industrial Development Bonds

The City of Lodi has lent its name to the City of Lodi Industrial Development Authority for the purpose of issuing the following industrial development bonds: Minton Corporation \$5,000,000; Dart Corporation \$8,000,000; Wallace Computer Services \$3,000,000; and Luster-Cal Nameplate Corporation \$3,000,000. These bonds are special obligation bonds only, payable solely out of the bond revenues or other sources of

CITY OF LODI
Notes to Basic Financial Statements (continued)
June 30, 2015

the above companies and are not a pledge of the general credit of the City. The City is not obligated for the redemption or administration of these industrial development bonds.

Woodbridge Irrigation District Bonds

On October 8, 2003, the City lent its name to the Woodbridge Irrigation District (the "District") in the procurement of \$11.745 million 2003 Revenue Certificates of Participation, to provide funds to finance the costs of construction of a new diversion dam on the Mokelumne River and related facilities of the water district. A significant portion of the District's sources of payment for the 2003 Certificates are expected to be derived from amounts to be received by the District from the City of Lodi pursuant to an Agreement for the purchase of water from the District by the City of Lodi, dated May 13, 2003 (the "Lodi Water Sales Agreement"). Under the agreement, the City will purchase 6,000 acre feet of water per annum from the District for 40 years.

(9) PENSION PLAN

Plan Descriptions

All qualified permanent and probationary employees are eligible to participate in the City's separate Miscellaneous and Safety Plans (Plans), agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS), which acts as a common investment and administrative agent for its participating member employers. Benefit provisions under the Plans are established by State statute and City resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plans regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website.

Benefits Provided

CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 10 years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: the Basic Death Benefit, the 1957 Survivor Benefit, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

CITY OF LODI
Notes to Basic Financial Statements (continued)
June 30, 2015

The Plans' provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2015, are summarized as follows:

	Miscellaneous Plan		
	<u>Prior to January 1, 2013</u>	<u>On or after January 1, 2013</u>	
Hire date			
Benefit formula	2% @ 55	2% @ 62	
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years of service	5 years service	
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life	
Retirement age	50-55	52-67	
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	2%-2.418%	1% to 2.5%	
Required employee contribution rates	7%	6.75%	
Required employer contribution rates	19.994%	19.994%	
	Safety Plan		
	<u>Prior to December 22, 2012</u>	<u>December 22, 2012 to December 31, 2012</u>	<u>On or after January 1, 2013</u>
Hire date			
Benefit formula	3% @ 50	3% @ 55	2.7% @ 57
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years of service	5 years of service	5 years of service
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life	monthly for life
Retirement age	50	50-55	50-57
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	3%	2.4% to 3%	2% to 2.7%
Required employee contribution rates	9%	9%	11.25%
Required employer contribution rates	40.87%	40.87%	40.87%

CITY OF LODI
Notes to Basic Financial Statements (continued)
June 30, 2015

Employees Covered

At June 30, 2013, the most recent actuarial valuation available, the following employees were covered by the benefits of the City's Plans:

	Miscellaneous Plan	Safety Plan
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	355	158
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	134	16
Active employees	256	118
Total	745	292

Contributions

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the City's actuarially determined contributions were as follows:

	Miscellaneous Plan	Safety Plan
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	355	158
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	134	16
Active employees	256	118
Total	745	292

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Funding contributions for both Plans are determined annually on an actuarial basis as of June 30 by CalPERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The City is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees.

Net Pension Liability

The City's net pension liability for each Plan is measured as the total pension liability, less the pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability of each of the Plans is measured as of June 30, 2014, using an annual actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013 rolled forward to June 30, 2014 using standard update procedures.

CITY OF LODI
Notes to Basic Financial Statements (continued)
June 30, 2015

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liabilities in the June 30, 2013 actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

	<u>Miscellaneous Plan</u>	<u>Safety Plan</u>
Valuation Date	June 30, 2013	June 30, 2013
Measurement Date	June 30, 2014	June 30, 2014
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry-Age Normal Cost Method	
Actuarial Assumptions:		
Discount Rate	7.5%	7.5%
Inflation	2.75%	2.75%
Investment Rate of Return	7.5% (1)	7.5% (1)
Mortality	Based on rates of CalPERS Experience Study	

(1) Net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation

The underlying mortality assumptions and all other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2013 valuation were based on the results of a January 2014 actuarial experience study for the period 1997 to 2011. Further details of the Experience Study can found on the CalPERS website.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50% for each Plan. To determine whether the municipal bond rate should be used in the calculation of a discount rate for each plan, CalPERS stress tested plans that would most likely result in a discount rate that would be different from the actuarially assumed discount rate. Based on the testing, none of the tested plans run out of assets. Therefore, the current 7.50 percent discount rate is adequate and the use of the municipal bond rate calculation is not necessary. The long term expected discount rate of 7.50 percent will be applied to all plans in the Public Employees Retirement Fund (PERF). The stress test results are presented in a detailed report that can be obtained from the CalPERS website.

According to GASB Statement No. 68, the long-term discount rate should be determined without reduction for pension plan administrative expense. The 7.50 percent investment return assumption used in this accounting valuation is net of administrative expenses. Administrative expenses are assumed to be 15 basis points. An investment return excluding administrative expenses would have been 7.65 percent. Using this lower discount rate has resulted in a slightly higher total pension liability and net pension liability. This difference was deemed immaterial by the City.

CITY OF LODI
Notes to Basic Financial Statements (continued)
June 30, 2015

CalPERS is scheduled to review all actuarial assumptions as part of its regular Asset Liability Management review cycle that is scheduled to be completed in February 2018. Any changes to the discount rate will require Board action and proper stakeholder outreach. For these reasons, CalPERS expects to continue using a discount rate net of administrative expenses for GASB 67 and 68 calculations through at least the 2017-18 fiscal year.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest one quarter of one percent.

The table below reflects the long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

Asset Class	New Strategic Allocation	Real Return Years 1 - 10 ⁽¹⁾	Real Return Years 11+ ⁽²⁾
Global Equity	47.0%	5.25%	5.71%
Global Fixed Income	19.0	0.99	2.43
Inflation Sensitive	6.0	0.45	3.36
Private Equity	12.0	6.83	6.95
Real Estate	11.0	4.50	5.13
Infrastructure and Forestland	3.0	4.50	5.09
Liquidity	2.0	(0.55)	(1.05)

⁽¹⁾ An expected inflation of 2.5 percent used for this period.

⁽²⁾ An expected inflation of 3.0 percent used for this period.

CITY OF LODI
Notes to Basic Financial Statements (continued)
June 30, 2015

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

The changes in the Net Pension Liability for each Plan follows:

Miscellaneous Plan:

	Increase (Decrease)		
	Total Pension Liability	Plan Fiduciary Net Position	Net Pension Liability
Balance at June 30, 2013 (1)	\$ 158,694,446	\$ 111,971,008	\$ 46,723,438
Changes in the year:			
Service cost	2,478,901	-	2,478,901
Interest on the total pension liability	11,705,179	-	11,705,179
Contribution - employer	-	2,694,850	(2,694,850)
Contribution - employee	-	1,237,916	(1,237,916)
Net investment income (2)	-	19,249,151	(19,249,151)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(7,729,680)	(7,729,680)	-
Net changes during measurement period	6,454,400	15,452,237	(8,997,837)
Balance at June 30, 2014	\$ 165,148,846	\$ 127,423,245	\$ 37,725,601

Safety Plan:

	Increase (Decrease)		
	Total Pension Liability	Plan Fiduciary Net Position	Net Pension Liability
Balance at June 30, 2013 (1)	\$ 154,077,401	\$ 93,345,381	\$ 60,732,020
Changes in the year:			
Service cost	3,048,048	-	3,048,048
Interest on the total pension liability	11,390,793	-	11,390,793
Contribution - employer	-	4,106,044	(4,106,044)
Contribution - employee	-	1,058,376	(1,058,376)
Net investment income (2)	-	16,070,261	(16,070,261)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(7,448,361)	(7,448,361)	-
Net changes during measurement period	6,990,480	13,786,320	(6,795,840)
Balance at June 30, 2014	\$ 161,067,881	\$ 107,131,701	\$ 53,936,180

(1) The fiduciary net position includes receivables for employee service buybacks, deficiency reserves, fiduciary self insurance and OPEB expense.

(2) Net of administrative expenses.

CITY OF LODI
Notes to Basic Financial Statements (continued)
June 30, 2015

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the City for each Plan, calculated using the discount rate for each Plan, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	<u>Miscellaneous Plan</u>	<u>Safety Plan</u>
1% Decrease	6.50%	6.50%
Net Pension Liability	\$58,879,248	\$75,439,730
Current Discount Rate	7.50%	7.50%
Net Pension Liability	\$37,725,601	\$53,936,180
1% Increase	8.50%	8.50%
Net Pension Liability	\$20,138,259	\$36,195,422

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial reports

Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the City recognized pension expense of \$2,515,043 and \$4,662,330 for the Miscellaneous and Safety Plans, respectively. At June 30, 2015, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	<u>Miscellaneous Plan</u>		<u>Safety Plan</u>	
	<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$ 3,252,760	\$	\$ 3,995,128	\$
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments		8,818,030		7,352,126
Total	<u>\$ 3,252,760</u>	<u>\$ 8,818,030</u>	<u>\$ 3,995,128</u>	<u>\$ 7,352,126</u>

CITY OF LODI
Notes to Basic Financial Statements (continued)
June 30, 2015

The \$3,252,760 and \$3,995,128 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30	Miscellaneous Plan	Safety Plan
2016	\$ 2,204,507	\$ 1,838,032
2017	2,204,507	1,838,032
2018	2,204,507	1,838,032
2019	2,204,509	1,838,030
Total	\$ 8,818,030	\$ 7,352,126

(10) POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS

(a) Plan Description

The City sponsors a single-employer defined-benefit postemployment healthcare plan (Retiree Health Plan) to provide medical insurance benefits to eligible retired employees and their spouses. The Plan does not issue a publicly available financial report. Medical coverage is provided through CalPERS healthcare program. Employees who retire from the City and receive a CalPERS pension are eligible for postemployment medical benefits. The City contributes the minimum amount provided under Government Code Section 22825 of the Public Employees Medical and Hospital Care Act. In general, retirees must contribute any premium amounts in excess of the City contribution. However, as described below, a closed group of active employees and retirees receive additional postemployment benefits.

Employees hired prior to the dates shown in the following table are allowed to convert their accumulated sick leave into postemployment medical benefits at retirement as long as they have ten or more years of service with the City.

Group	Hired prior to:
Executive Management	July 1, 1994
Mid-Management	July 1, 1994
Fire Mid-Management	December 6, 1995
Police Mid-Management	July 1, 1994
General Services	July 1, 1995
IBEW	July 1, 1995

CITY OF LODI
Notes to Basic Financial Statements (continued)
June 30, 2015

Maintenance and Operators	July 1, 1995
Dispatchers	July 9, 1994
Police	October 10, 1994
Fire	December 6, 1995

The most widely elected options are the “Bank” option and the “Conversion” option. Under the “Bank” option, accumulated sick leave amounts are translated by specified formulas into a bank amount that is then used to pay postemployment healthcare premiums until the “Bank” is exhausted. Under the “Conversion” option, the accumulated sick leave hours are converted by specified formulas into a period of time during which the retiree will receive postemployment benefits. The number of hours is multiplied by 50% and converted to days. The City pays one month’s premium for employee and dependents for each day after conversion. For each year of employment in excess of ten years, 2.5% is added to the 50% before conversion. The amount of premium paid will be the same as the premium paid by the City at the time of retirement. In the event that the premium increases, the retiree pays the difference.

The City also allows a surviving dependent of a retiree to enroll in the Sick Leave Conversion program to purchase medical insurance at the employee only premium for the same period as if the retiree was still alive. Retirees are allowed to enroll in any of the available CalPERS medical plans. The CalPERS minimum amount will continue for the life of the retiree and surviving spouse. The “Conversion” benefit will continue until the end of a period that is based on accumulated sick leave at retirement.

(b) Funding Policy

Contribution requirements of the Retiree Health Plan are based on pay-as-you-go financing. For fiscal year 2014-15, the City contributed \$699,748, or 54.83%, of the actuarially required contributions.

(c) Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The City’s annual other postemployment benefits (OPEB) cost is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and to amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years.

CITY OF LODI
Notes to Basic Financial Statements (continued)
June 30, 2015

The following table shows the components of the City's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the City's net OPEB obligation:

Annual required contribution	\$	1,315,853
Interest on net OPEB obligation		190,691
Adjustment to annual required contribution		<u>(230,343)</u>
Annual OPEB cost (expense)		1,276,201
Contributions made		<u>(699,748)</u>
Increase in net OPEB obligation		576,453
Net OPEB obligation - beginning of year		<u>4,767,274</u>
Net OPEB obligation - end of year	\$	<u><u>5,343,727</u></u>

The City's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation, are as follows:

Year ended	Annual OPEB Cost	Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation
06/30/2013	\$ 1,283,605	51.08%	\$ 4,249,526
06/30/2014	1,223,236	57.67%	4,767,274
06/30/2015	1,276,201	54.83%	5,343,727

CITY OF LODI
Notes to Basic Financial Statements (continued)
June 30, 2015

(d) Funding Status and Funding Progress

As of January 1, 2014, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the funded status of the Retiree Health Plan was as follows:

Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$	16,879,493
Actuarial value of plan assets		
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	\$	16,879,493
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets/AAL)		0%
Annual covered payroll (active plan members)	\$	5,697,043
UAAL as percentage of annual covered payroll		296%

The schedule of funding progress, presented as RSI following the notes to the basic financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability of benefits.

(e) Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contribution of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employer and the plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and the assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the January 1, 2014 actuarial valuation, the entry age normal cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 4% discount rate to calculate the present value of future benefit payments; a 2.75% inflation rate; an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 7.5% for calendar year 2015, increasing to 8.5% for calendar year 2016, then gradually decreasing to 4.5% for calendar year 2021 and beyond; the CalPERS minimum benefit will increase 4% per year; a 3.00% annual rate of increase in payroll; assumed that 100% of future eligible retirees will elect to maintain their enrollment in a CalPERS medical plan and qualify for the City's minimum contribution; 75% of future retirees will enroll a spouse; and also assumed that 100% of General Services, Maintenance and Operators and Dispatchers will elect the conversion option and 50% of Executive Management, Mid Management and Police will elect the option. The conversion option is not available to IBEW and Fire retirees. The unfunded

CITY OF LODI
Notes to Basic Financial Statements (continued)
June 30, 2015

actuarial accrued liability is amortized as a level percentage of expected payroll over a closed thirty year period. As of June 30, 2015, the remaining amortization period is 24 years.

(11) CLAIMS AND BENEFITS

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City is self-insured as discussed in the following paragraphs for which liabilities are recorded in the Internal Service Fund-Insurance Fund.

The City is self-insured for general liability up to the first \$500,000 per occurrence with claims from \$500,000 to \$40,000,000 per occurrence and in the aggregate insured through the California Joint Powers Risk Management Authority. The City has not had any settlements that exceeded its general liability insurance coverage (See Note 13).

The City is self-insured for workers' compensation up to the first \$250,000 per claim. Any claims of \$250,000 up to California statutory limits are covered under a purchased policy through the membership with the Local Agency Workers' Compensation Excess Joint Powers Authority with coverage up to \$300,000,000 in the current year. The City has not had any settlements that exceeded its workers' compensation insurance coverage (See Note 13).

The City is fully self-insured for dental and unemployment for its employees.

General liability and workers' compensation claims are administered by an outside agency and all other claims are administered by the City. The City has accrued a liability of \$8,305,887 at June 30, 2015, for all self-insured claims in the Internal Service Fund-Insurance Funds that includes an amount for incurred but not reported claims. The liability amount is based on the requirements of GASB Statement No. 62, which requires that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. In the opinion of the City, the amounts accrued are adequate to cover claims incurred but not reported in addition to known claims.

Changes in the self-insurance liability for the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 are as follows:

	<u>Beginning</u>	Current-Year Claims and Changes <u>in Estimates</u>	Claim <u>Payments</u>	<u>Ending</u>
FY 13-14	\$ 9,117,062	\$ 1,050,613	\$ (1,145,916)	\$ 9,021,759
FY 14-15	9,021,759	634,932	(1,350,804)	8,305,887

(12) PARTICIPATION IN JOINT VENTURES

Northern California Power Agency

The City, along with thirteen other public agencies, is a member of the Northern California Power Agency (NCPA) that was formed in 1968 as a joint powers agency. Its membership consists of eleven cities with publicly owned electric utility distribution systems, one irrigation district, one public utility district, one port authority and three other associate member entities. NCPA is generally empowered to purchase, generate, transmit, distribute and sell electrical energy. Members participate in the projects of NCPA on an elective basis. A commission comprising of one representative from each member organization governs NCPA. The commission is responsible for the general management of the affairs, property and business of NCPA. Under the direction of the general manager, the staff of NCPA is responsible for providing various administrative, operating and planning services for NCPA and its associated power corporations.

Project Financing and Construction

NCPA's project construction and development programs have been individually financed by project revenue bonds collateralized by NCPA's assignment of all payments, revenues and proceeds associated with its interest in each project. Each Project Participant has agreed to pay its proportionate share of debt service and other costs of the related project, notwithstanding the suspension, interruption, interference, reduction or curtailment of output from the project for any reason. Certain of the revenue bonds are additionally supported by municipal bond insurance credit enhancements.

Increase in Non-defaulting Project Participant's Original Project Entitlement Percentage

Upon the failure of any Project Participant to make any payment, which failure constitutes a default under the Member Agreement for the projects, and except as sales and transfers are made pursuant thereto, the Member Agreements provide that Project Entitlement for each non-defaulting Project Participant shall be automatically increased for the remaining term of the Member Agreement; pro rata with those of the non-defaulting Project Participant thereunder; provided, however, that the sum of such increase for any non-defaulting Project Participant shall not exceed, without written consent of such non-defaulting Project Participant, an accumulated maximum of 25% of the non-defaulting Project Participant's original Project Entitlement Percentage Share.

General Operating Reserve with NCPA

Members of NCPA established a general operating reserve in 1992 for the purposes of providing a vehicle to fund reasonably foreseeable contingent liabilities. It was set up primarily to provide the following advantages: minimizes the number and dollar amount of reserve that might otherwise be funded separately in connection with NCPA's individually financed operating plants, projects and programs; provides each member with flexibility and unilateral control over the determination of what they will fund, how they will fund it and what expenditures from the reserve will be made on their individual behalf. It provides funding for contingent liabilities that are not budgeted but that may require significant future expenditures. The reserve is segregated by participant and is refundable on demand by the participant.

CITY OF LODI
Notes to Basic Financial Statements (continued)
June 30, 2015

As of June 30, 2015, the City's balance in the NCPA General Operating Reserve, which has been credited with annual interest earnings and settlements, is \$6,956,797.

Project Participation

The NCPA members and their percentage share at June 30, 2015, which is the most recent available data, are as follows:

NCPA MEMBERS	Geothermal Project	Hydro Electric Project	Combustion Turbine Project #1	Multiple Capital Facilities	Transmission Project	Lodi Energy Center
Alameda	16.8825%	10.00%	21.820%	19.00%	30.7802%	
Bay Area Rapid Transit						6.6000%
Biggs	0.2270		0.197		0.3446	0.2679
Gridley	0.3360		0.350		0.6248	1.9643
Healdsburg	3.6740	1.66	5.833		6.6947	1.6428
Lodi	10.2800	10.37	13.393	39.50	20.6077	9.5000
Lompoc	3.6810	2.30	5.833	5.00	6.7101	2.0357
Palo Alto		22.92				
Plumas-Sierra Rural Electric Coop	0.7010	1.69	1.817		1.3112	0.7857
Roseville	7.8830	12.00		36.50	13.0846	
Santa Clara	44.3905	37.02	41.667			25.7500
Ukiah	5.6145	2.04	9.090		10.2315	1.7857
OTHER PARTICIPANTS						
Azusa						2.7857
California Department of Water Resources						33.5000
Modesto Irrigation District						10.7143
Power & Water Resources Pooling Agency						2.6679
Turlock Irrigation District	6.3305				9.6106	

CITY OF LODI
Notes to Basic Financial Statements (continued)
June 30, 2015

Bulk power purchased by the City through NCPA amounted to \$38,512,404 during the year ended June 30, 2015 and is reflected in utilities expense in the Electric Enterprise Fund.

NCPA Geothermal Project

A purchase power agreement with NCPA obligates the City for a 10.28% share of the operating costs and debt service of two of NCPA's 110-megawatt (MW) steam powered plants, Project Number 2 and Project Number 3. Outstanding long-term debt related to this project was approximately \$38 million at June 30, 2015.

In addition to federal geothermal leasehold, steam wells, gathering system and related facilities, the project consists of two electric generating stations (Plant 1 and Plant 2). Each plant has two 55MW turbine generator units utilizing low temperature geothermal steam; associated electrical, mechanical and control facilities; a heat dissipation system; a steam gathering system; a transmission tapline; and, other related facilities. Geothermal steam for the project is derived from the geothermal property, which includes wellpads, access roads, steam wells and reinjection wells.

Calaveras Hydroelectric Project

NCPA contracted to finance, manage, construct and operate Hydroelectric Project Number One for the licensed owner, Calaveras County Water District. In exchange, NCPA has the right to the electric output of the project for 50 years from February 1982. NCPA has also the option to purchase power from the project in excess of the District's requirements for the subsequent 50 years, subject to regulatory approval.

Under a power purchase agreement the City is obligated to pay 10.37% of the debt service and operating costs. At June 30, 2015, approximately \$383 million in long-term debt used to finance this project was outstanding.

NCPA Combustion Turbine Project #1

The project consists of five combustion turbine units; each nominally rated at 25 MW. Two such units are located in Roseville, two in Alameda and one in Lodi. The project provides capacity during peak load periods and emergency capacity reserves. Excess capacity and energy from the project are also sold to other entities from time to time. Under the NCPA power agreement, the City is obligated to pay 13.393% of the debt service and operating costs. At June 30, 2015, there was no outstanding long-term debt related to this project.

Capital Facilities Project

The Project consists of one 49.9 MW natural gas-fired steam injected combustion turbine generator unit located in Lodi, California. Wastewater is reclaimed from the City of Lodi's White Slough water pollution control facility, processed to eliminate contaminants, and used in the turbine to produce steam for power enhancement and emissions control.

CITY OF LODI
Notes to Basic Financial Statements (continued)
June 30, 2015

Under a power purchase agreement, the City is obligated to pay 39.5% of the debt service and operating costs. At June 30, 2015, approximately \$45 million in long-term debt was outstanding.

Transmission Project

The project was undertaken to meet certain obligations of NCPA under the NCPA/PG & E Interconnection Agreement. The project includes an ownership interest in PG & E's 230kv Castle Rock to Lakeville Substation Transmission Line in Sonoma County, additional firm transmission rights in that Transmission Line, and a central scheduling and dispatch facility in service at the NCPA headquarters in Roseville, California. Under a power purchase agreement, the City is obligated to pay 20.6077% of the debt service and operating costs. At June 30, 2015, there was no outstanding long-term debt related to this project.

Lodi Energy Center

The Lodi Energy Center project is a 280 MW base load, combined cycle, natural gas-fired, combustion turbine generating station (one gas turbine and one steam turbine) built in Lodi on city property.

Under a power purchase agreement, the City is obligated to pay 17.03% of the debt service and 9.5% of operating costs. At June 30, 2015, approximately \$370 million in long-term debt was outstanding.

The following are the most recent available audited condensed financial statements of NCPA:

**Condensed Statement of Net Position
June 30, 2015
(in thousands)**

Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources		Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position			
Current assets	\$	81,501	Long-term debt, net	\$	816,936
Restricted assets		204,769	Current liabilities		93,224
Electric plant, net		618,708	Non-current liabilities		199,980
Other assets		249,659	Deferred inflows of resources		81,930
Total assets		1,154,637	Net position		29,991
Deferred outflows of resources		67,424	Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position	\$	1,222,061
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$	1,222,061			

CITY OF LODI
Notes to Basic Financial Statements (continued)
June 30, 2015

Condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Year ended June 30, 2015 (in thousands)	Combined Statement of Cash Flow Year ended June 30, 2015 (in thousands)																																																
<table border="0" style="width: 100%;"> <tr> <td style="width: 80%;">Sales for resale</td> <td style="text-align: right; width: 10%;">\$</td> <td style="text-align: right; width: 10%;">423,887</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Operating expenses</td> <td></td> <td style="text-align: right;">(378,672)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Other expenses</td> <td></td> <td style="text-align: right;">(38,260)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Future recoverable costs</td> <td></td> <td style="text-align: right; border-bottom: 1px solid black;">(2,292)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Net revenues before refunds</td> <td></td> <td style="text-align: right;">4,663</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Refunds to participants</td> <td></td> <td style="text-align: right; border-bottom: 1px solid black;">(6,905)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Decrease in net position</td> <td></td> <td style="text-align: right; border-bottom: 1px solid black;">(2,242)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Net position, beginning of year</td> <td></td> <td style="text-align: right; border-bottom: 1px solid black;">32,233</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Net position, end of year</td> <td style="text-align: right;">\$</td> <td style="text-align: right; border-bottom: 3px double black;">29,991</td> </tr> </table>	Sales for resale	\$	423,887	Operating expenses		(378,672)	Other expenses		(38,260)	Future recoverable costs		(2,292)	Net revenues before refunds		4,663	Refunds to participants		(6,905)	Decrease in net position		(2,242)	Net position, beginning of year		32,233	Net position, end of year	\$	29,991	<table border="0" style="width: 100%;"> <tr> <td style="width: 80%;">Net cash from operating activities</td> <td style="text-align: right; width: 10%;">\$</td> <td style="text-align: right; width: 10%;">61,496</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Net from investing activities</td> <td></td> <td style="text-align: right;">(11,747)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Net cash from capital and related financing activities</td> <td></td> <td style="text-align: right;">(74,875)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Net cash from noncapital and related financing activities</td> <td></td> <td style="text-align: right; border-bottom: 1px solid black;">(1,846)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Decrease in cash and cash equivalents</td> <td></td> <td style="text-align: right; border-bottom: 1px solid black;">(26,972)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year</td> <td></td> <td style="text-align: right; border-bottom: 1px solid black;">130,151</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Cash and cash equivalents end of year</td> <td style="text-align: right;">\$</td> <td style="text-align: right; border-bottom: 3px double black;">103,179</td> </tr> </table>	Net cash from operating activities	\$	61,496	Net from investing activities		(11,747)	Net cash from capital and related financing activities		(74,875)	Net cash from noncapital and related financing activities		(1,846)	Decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(26,972)	Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		130,151	Cash and cash equivalents end of year	\$	103,179
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At June 30, 2015, NCPA's total net outstanding long-term debt was \$835,340,000 at an average interest rate of 5%. The current portion of long-term debt at June 30, 2015, was \$35,615,000.

Complete financial information for NCPA may be obtained at the following administration office:

Northern California Power Agency
180 Cirby Way
Roseville, CA 95678

Transmission Agency of Northern California

The Transmission Agency of Northern California (TANC) was organized under the California Government Code pursuant to a joint powers agreement entered into by fifteen Northern California utilities including the City of Lodi. The purpose of TANC is to provide electric transmission or other facilities for the use of its members through its authority to acquire, construct, finance, operate and maintain facilities for electric power transmission. The joint powers agreement provides that the costs of TANC's activities can be financed or recovered through assessment of its members or user charges through transmission contracts with its members. Each TANC member has agreed to pay a pro rata share of the

CITY OF LODI
Notes to Basic Financial Statements (continued)
June 30, 2015

costs to operate TANC and has the right to participate in future project agreements. The joint powers agreement remains in effect until debt obligations and interest thereon have been paid, unless otherwise extended by the members.

Increase in Non-defaulting Project Participant's Original Project Entitlement Percentage

Upon the failure of any Project Participant to make any payment, which failure constitutes a default under the Member Agreement for the projects, and except as sales and transfers are made pursuant thereto, the Member Agreements provide that Project Entitlement for each non-defaulting Project Participant shall be automatically increased for the remaining term of the Member Agreement; pro rata with those of the non-defaulting Project Participant thereunder; provided, however, that the sum of such increase for any non-defaulting Project Participant shall not exceed, without written consent of such non-defaulting Project Participant, an accumulated maximum of 25% of the non-defaulting Project Participant's original Project Entitlement Percentage Share.

California-Oregon Transmission Project

The project is a 340-mile long, 500-kilovolt alternating current transmission project between Southern Oregon and Central California. The project is operated in coordination with the Pacific AC Intertie as a part of the California-Oregon Intertie (COI) within the Western Electricity Coordinating Council (WECC) region. The WECC approved rating of the COI is 4,800 MW.

TANC, Western Area Power Authority (WAPA), and five other parties have agreed to an Interim Participation Agreement (IPA) under which each project participant is granted a percentage entitlement in project transfer capability and is required to pay a percentage of the costs. Pursuant to the IPA and a subsequent agreement with WAPA, and the purchase of entitlement, rights and title, and interest in the City of Vernon's share of the project transmission assets, TANC is entitled to use approximately 1,362 MW, and is obligated to pay an average of approximately 80 percent of the operating costs associated with the project.

Under the TANC joint powers agreement, the City is obligated to pay 1.89% of its debt service and operating costs. At June 30, 2015, approximately \$284 million in long-term debt was outstanding of which \$32 million is considered current.

Effective July 1, 2015, the City terminated its interest in the California-Oregon Transmission Project to other TANC members. As a result, the City will not incur any costs after this date related to this Project.

Complete financial information for TANC may be obtained at the following administration office:

Transmission Agency of Northern California
3100 Zinfandel Drive, Suite 600
Sacramento, CA 95670

CITY OF LODI
Notes to Basic Financial Statements (continued)
June 30, 2015

(13) MEMBERSHIP IN INSURANCE POOLS

California Joint Powers Risk Management Authority

The City is a member, along with 16 other individual cities and 4 joint powers authorities, of California Joint Powers Risk Management Authority (CJPRMA) organized under a Joint Powers Agreement pursuant to the California Government Code for the purpose of sharing the risk of catastrophic general liability, automobile liability and public officials' errors and omissions losses. CJPRMA has a twenty-one member Board of Directors, including a director from the City of Lodi. The Board members elect officers of CJPRMA every two years.

The ultimate cost of the program to the City depends on the catastrophic losses of all members, as well as the City's own loss experience and will be determined through an actuarial analysis of loss history during the ten-year period preceding the three years prior to the end of the current program year. The City periodically pays deposits to the CJPRMA. These deposits are recorded as expenses in the year paid, as they are a reasonable estimate of the actual cost of the program. During the year ended June 30, 2015, premiums of \$93,834 were paid to CJPRMA for the liability program.

The participants at June 30, 2015, are as follows: Alameda, Chico, Fairfield, Fremont, Livermore, Lodi, Northern California Cities Self Insurance Fund, Petaluma, Redding, Redwood Empire Municipal Insurance Fund, Richmond, Roseville, San Leandro, San Rafael, Santa Rosa, Small Cities Organized Risk Effort, Stockton, Sunnyvale, Vacaville, Vallejo, and Yolo County Public Agencies Risk Management Insurance Authority.

Complete financial information for CJPRMA may be obtained at the following administration office:

California Joint Powers Risk Management Authority
3252 Constitution Dr.
Livermore, CA 94551

Local Agency Workers' Compensation Excess Joint Powers Authority

The City, along with thirty-three other public agencies, is a member of the Local Agency Workers' Compensation Excess Joint Powers Authority (LAWCX), which was formed July 1992, for the purpose of sharing the risk of workers' compensation losses. LAWCX offers \$150,000, \$250,000, \$350,000, \$500,000 and \$1 million self-insured retentions (SIR) or a member can attach directly to the purchased excess insurance. LAWCX covers the layer above the member SIR up to \$5 million. The City of Lodi's self-insured retention is \$250,000. LAWCX participates in the California State Association of Counties Excess Insurance Authority (CSAC-EIA) to obtain coverage up to statutory limits. The City paid \$353,997 in premiums to LAWCX during the year ended June 30, 2015.

The participants at June 30, 2015, are as follows: City of Alameda, Association of Bay Area Governments Shared Risk Pool (ABAG SHARP), Bay Cities Joint Powers Insurance Authority (BCJPIA), City of Benicia, Central Contra Costa County Transit Agency (CCCTA), California Housing

CITY OF LODI
Notes to Basic Financial Statements (continued)
June 30, 2015

Workers' Compensation Authority (CHWCA), Central San Joaquin Valley Risk Management Authority (CSJVRMA), City of Clovis, City of Coronado, City of Encinitas, Fire Agencies Self Insurance System (FASIS), City of Gilroy, City of Livermore, City of Lodi, Town of Los Gatos, City of Merced, Monterey County Local Agencies Insurance Authority (MCLAIA), City of Morgan Hill, City of Newark, City of Placentia, City of Pleasanton, Public Agency Risk Sharing Authority of California (PARSAC), City of Roseville, Public Entity Risk Management Authority (PERMA), City of San Leandro, City of Santa Maria, City of Santee, Small Cities Organized Risk Effort (SCORE), City of South Lake Tahoe, City of Suisun City, City of Vacaville, City of Vallejo, Vector Control Joint Powers Agency (VCJPA) and City of Vista.

Complete financial information for LAWGX may be obtained at the following administration office:

Local Agency Workers' Compensation Excess Joint Powers Authority
1750 Creekside Oaks Drive, Suite 200
Sacramento, California 95833

California Transit Insurance Pool

The City, along with thirty-three other public agencies is a member of the California Transit Insurance Pool (CalTIP), a joint powers insurance authority which was formed for the purpose of sharing the risk of property damage, bodily injury, personal injury and public officials errors and omissions losses for public transit systems.

Liability protection coverage is provided under two programs:

Program I applies to members who choose to utilize CalTIP's claims administrator services.

Program II applies to members with self-insured retentions who choose to provide their own claims administrator services.

CalTIP purchases excess insurance over its \$1,000,000 retention up to \$20 million per occurrence. Each member is provided with \$4 million in excess of the pooled retention for a total of \$5 million in coverage and has the option to choose one or both of two additional layers for the full \$20 million.

CalTIP also provides physical damage coverage to its members. This coverage program is optional for all members and offers damage or loss protection for transit, staff and maintenance vehicles to transit operators. CalTIP self-insures up to \$100,000, under which members have the option of five levels of deductible ranging from \$500 to \$10,000 per vehicle. Claims are administered by the CalTIP's adjuster.

The City paid \$77,447 in premiums to CalTIP during the year ended June 30, 2015. There have been no reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year and there were no insurance settlements in excess of insurance coverage in any of the last three years.

CITY OF LODI
Notes to Basic Financial Statements (continued)
June 30, 2015

	Program	Self-Insured Retention	Limit (in millions)	Physical Damage
City of Lodi Transit System	I	Prefunded	20	Yes

Complete financial information for CalTip may be obtained at the following administration office:

California Transit Insurance Pool
1750 Creekside Oaks Drive, Suite 200
Sacramento, California 95833

(14) DEFICIT IN FUND EQUITY

Internal Service Funds – Fleet Services Fund– A deficit in fund equity in the amount of \$928,620 at June 30, 2015, is attributed to the net pension obligation set up in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 68. Net pension obligation as of June 30, 2015, was \$926,452.

Internal Service Funds - Benefits Fund – A deficit in fund equity in the amount of \$3,712,939 at June 30, 2015, is attributed to the net OPEB obligation set up in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 45. Net OPEB obligation as of June 30, 2015, was \$5,343,727. The City will continue to address annual funding to eliminate the deficit during the budget process.

Electric Enterprise Fund – A deficit in fund equity in the amount of \$5,023,048 at June 30, 2015, is attributed to the net pension obligation set up in accordance with the requirements of GASB No. 68. Net pension obligation as of June 30, 2015, was \$9,512,447.

(15) POLLUTION REMEDIATION OBLIGATION

The City relies on groundwater for its drinking water and in the late 1980's, PCE and TCE pollution was discovered in several municipal water supply wells. Investigations conducted by the California Regional Water Quality Control Board (RWQCB) in the early 1990's under the Well Investigation program revealed numerous areas where TCE was discharged, or where PCE from dry cleaning operations was discharged to the sewer system. In 1997, the Department of Toxic Substances Control (DTSC) and the City entered into a cooperative agreement whereby the City assumed a lead role in the cleanup and agreed to pursue legal action against potentially responsible parties (PRPs). The City's estimate of the pollution remediation obligation was \$70 million. The City has settled with all the involved parties.

The City received a draft cleanup and abatement order to investigate the discharges of waste, clean up the waste and abate the effects of the discharges of waste in conformance with the State Water Resources Control Board's (SWRCB) Resolution No. 92-49 Policies and Procedures

CITY OF LODI
Notes to Basic Financial Statements (continued)
June 30, 2015

for Investigation and Cleanup and Abatement of Discharges Under the Water Code Section 13304 and with the RWQCB's Water Quality Control Plan for the Sacramento River and San Joaquin River. The City then engaged the services of Treadwell and Rollo to advise the City on courses of action in the preparation of feasibility studies, remedial design, and remedial action plan to comply with the technical and reporting requirements of the SWRCB. The City's estimated total pollution remediation obligation as of June 30, 2015, is \$18,592,106. This amount is an estimate and subject to changes resulting from price increases or reductions, technology, or changes in applicable laws or regulations.

(16) COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Litigation and claims – The City has fully resolved all the litigation arising out of its groundwater contamination. Settlement and rate revenues have amassed a \$16 million dollar reserve which is expected to cover all costs through the next 10 years. Costs thereafter can be effectively managed with new rate revenues. As such, the City Attorney does not anticipate a material effect on the City's financial condition.

The City owns a 1,000 acre wastewater treatment facility known as "White Slough" approximately 5 miles west of the contiguous city limit. Neighboring farming and dairy operations are in litigation over elevated nitrate levels in the area. Efforts to join the City in the litigation have been so far unsuccessful but are expected to continue. It is too early at this stage to estimate liability or damages if the City is joined in the action. However, the City Attorney does not currently expect the matter to have a material effect on the City's financial condition.

All other actions against the City are under \$75,000 or have no arguable cost and will therefore not have a material financial effect on the City.

Water Purchase Agreement with Woodbridge Irrigation District – The City obtains its municipal water supply from wells located within the City, extracting water from the underground aquifer, which is replenished in part by flows of the Mokelumne River. To avoid being wholly dependent upon wells and the possible impacts of eventual overdraft of the groundwater supply, the City made a commitment in 2003 to purchase surface water supply from Woodbridge Irrigation District for 40 years beginning in 2003. The agreement provides for the purchase of 6,000 acre feet per year and the City pays the District \$1.2 million annually. Effective January 1, 2010, the amount payable to the District shall be increased by two percent (2%) per year or by the change in the Consumer Price Index whichever is higher but shall not exceed five percent (5%).

Arbitrage Earnings Rebate Liability – Arbitrage earnings are defined as income earned on the unexpended tax-exempt certificate proceeds in excess of that which would have been earned had the moneys been invested in securities with a yield of the effective rate of the certificates. Currently, arbitrage earnings must be rebated to the United States Treasury every five years. There is no cumulative arbitrage liability as of June 30, 2015, for any of the City's outstanding Certificates of Participation and Revenue Bonds.

CITY OF LODI
Notes to Basic Financial Statements (continued)
June 30, 2015

Construction and Other Significant Commitments – Commitments are existing arrangements to enter into future transactions or events, such as construction contracts for ongoing projects and long-term contractual obligations with suppliers for future purchases at specified prices and sometimes specified quantities. Significant commitments as of June 30, 2015 are as follows:

General Fund	\$	26,219
Other governmental funds		<u>3,527,744</u>
Total	\$	<u><u>3,553,963</u></u>

(17) SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In August 2015, the City obtained a loan in the amount of \$1.5 million to finance the Electric Enterprise Fund's LED Street Light Retrofit project. Annual principal and interest payment is approximately \$235,000 with final payment due December 1, 2022. The City has pledged future revenues from Greenhouse Gas Free Allowance proceeds, to repay the loan.

In September 2015, the City obtained a loan in the amount of \$468,000 to finance the purchase of a fire engine. Annual principal and interest payment is \$99,172 with final payment due on December 1, 2020. The annual payments will be paid from Fire department appropriations.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

**CITY OF LODI
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS
MISCELLANEOUS PLAN**

Measurement Period	2013-14 ⁽¹⁾
Total Pension Liability	
Service Cost	\$ 2,478,901
Interest	11,705,179
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Employee Contributions	(7,729,680)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	6,454,400
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	158,694,446
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	165,148,846
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	
Contributions - Employer	2,694,850
Contributions - Employee	1,237,916
Net Investment Income ⁽²⁾	19,249,151
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Employee Contributions	(7,729,680)
Other Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	
Net Change in Fiduciary Net Position	15,452,237
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	111,971,008
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	127,423,245
Plan Net Pension Liability/(Asset) - Ending (a) - (b)	\$ 37,725,601
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	77.16%
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 16,669,363
Plan Net Pension Liability/(Asset) as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	226.32%

(1) Historical information is required only for measurement periods for which GASB 68 is applicable.

(2) Net of administrative expenses.

Notes to Schedule:

Benefit Changes: The figures above do not include any liability impact that may have resulted from plan changes which occurred after June 30, 2013. This applies for voluntary benefit changes as well as any offers to Two Years Additional Service Credits (a.k.a. Golden Handshakes).

Changes of Assumptions: There were no changes in assumptions.

**CITY OF LODI
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS
SAFETY PLAN**

Measurement Period	2013-14 ⁽¹⁾
Total Pension Liability	
Service Cost	\$ 3,048,048
Interest	11,390,793
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Employee Contributions	(7,448,361)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	6,990,480
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	154,077,401
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	161,067,881
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	
Contributions - Employer	4,106,044
Contributions - Employee	1,058,376
Net Investment Income ⁽²⁾	16,070,261
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Employee Contributions	(7,448,361)
Other Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	13,786,320
Net Change in Fiduciary Net Position	93,345,381
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	107,131,701
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$ 53,936,180
Plan Net Pension Liability/(Asset) - Ending (a) - (b)	\$ 53,936,180
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	66.51%
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 11,194,123
Plan Net Pension Liability/(Asset) as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	481.83%

(1) Historical information is required only for measurement periods for which GASB 68 is applicable.

(2) Net of administrative expenses.

Notes to Schedule:

Benefit Changes: The figures above do not include any liability impact that may have resulted from plan changes which occurred after June 30, 2013. This applies for voluntary benefit changes as well as any offers to Two Years Additional Service Credits (a.k.a. Golden Handshakes).

Changes of Assumptions: There were no changes in assumptions.

**CITY OF LODI
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS**

	2013-14	2014-15
Miscellaneous Plan:		
Actuarially Determined Contributions	\$ 2,694,850	\$ 3,252,760
Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contributions	(2,694,850)	(3,252,760)
Contribution Deficiency	\$ -	\$ -
 Covered-Employee Payroll	 \$ 16,669,363	 \$ 15,904,486
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	16.17%	20.45%
Safety Plan:		
Actuarially Determined Contributions	\$ 4,106,044	\$ 3,995,128
Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contributions	(4,106,044)	(3,995,128)
Contribution Deficiency	\$ -	\$ -
 Covered-Employee Payroll	 \$ 11,194,123	 \$ 11,569,013
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	36.68%	34.53%

Notes to Schedule:

The actuarial methods and assumptions used to set the actuarially determined contributions for Fiscal Year 2013-14 were from the June 30, 2011 public agency valuations.

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method/Period	For details, see June 30, 2011 Funding Valuation Report.
Asset Valuation Method	Actuarial Value of Assets. For details, see June 30, 2011 Funding Valuation Report.
Inflation	2.75%
Salary Increases	Varies by Entry Age and Service
Payroll Growth	3.00%
Investment Rate of Return	7.50% Net of Pension Plan Investment and Administrative Expenses; includes Inflation.
Retirement Age	The probabilities of Retirement are based on the 2010 CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 1997 to 2007.
Mortality	The probabilities of mortality are based on the 2010 CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 1997 to 2007. Pre-retirement and Post-retirement mortality rates include 5 years of projected mortality improvement using Scale AA published by the Society of Actuaries.

City of Lodi
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of Funding Progress – OPEB Plan
June 30, 2015
(in thousands of dollars)

Actuarial Valuation Date		Actuarial Value of Assets (A)	Entry Age Normal Accrued Liability (B)		Unfunded Liability [(B) - (A)]	Funded Ratio [(A) / (B)]		Annual Covered Payroll (C)	UAAL As a Percentage of Covered Payroll {[(B) - (A)]/(C)}
1/1/10	\$	0	\$ 17,710	\$	17,710	0%	\$	9,410	188%
1/1/12		0	17,011		17,011	0%		7,305	233%
1/1/14		0	16,879		16,879	0%		5,697	296%

CITY OF LODI
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
GENERAL FUND
Year ended June 30, 2015

	Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final		
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 23,912,910	24,162,910	24,630,745	\$ 467,835
Licenses and permits	80,800	80,800	87,908	7,108
Intergovernmental revenues	11,214,240	11,282,315	12,642,107	1,359,792
Charges for services	1,217,410	1,317,410	1,482,448	165,038
Fines, forfeits and penalties	1,478,400	1,478,400	1,573,071	94,671
Investment and rental income	1,533,100	1,533,100	1,546,845	13,745
Miscellaneous revenue	220,800	220,800	290,951	70,151
Total revenues	<u>39,657,660</u>	<u>40,075,735</u>	<u>42,254,075</u>	<u>2,178,340</u>
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government:				
City Manager	902,700	914,008	883,079	30,929
City Clerk and Council	626,320	615,520	522,168	93,352
City Attorney	490,810	497,325	396,514	100,811
Human Resources	419,590	456,700	437,832	18,868
Information Systems	1,017,670	968,940	884,000	84,940
Financial Services	1,647,090	1,664,670	1,613,592	51,078
Budget and Treasury	283,360	283,500	271,153	12,347
Non Departmental	1,456,090	1,504,890	1,482,569	22,321
Total general government	<u>6,843,630</u>	<u>6,905,553</u>	<u>6,490,907</u>	<u>414,646</u>
Public protection:				
Police	17,130,800	16,638,578	16,477,012	161,566
Fire	9,867,280	10,058,003	9,911,160	146,843
Total public protection	<u>26,998,080</u>	<u>26,696,581</u>	<u>26,388,172</u>	<u>308,409</u>
Public Works	<u>1,936,540</u>	<u>2,065,051</u>	<u>1,882,250</u>	<u>182,801</u>
Library	<u>1,341,950</u>	<u>1,353,593</u>	<u>1,311,367</u>	<u>42,226</u>
Total expenditures	<u>37,120,200</u>	<u>37,020,778</u>	<u>36,072,696</u>	<u>948,082</u>
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	<u>2,537,460</u>	<u>3,054,957</u>	<u>6,181,379</u>	<u>3,126,422</u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	3,940,357	3,952,000	3,952,000	
Transfers out	(6,314,877)	(7,131,623)	(7,128,586)	3,037
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>(2,374,520)</u>	<u>(3,179,623)</u>	<u>(3,176,586)</u>	<u>3,037</u>
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE	162,940	(124,666)	3,004,793	3,129,459
FUND BALANCE , beginning of year	7,641,322	7,641,322	9,473,760	1,832,438
FUND BALANCE, end of year	<u>\$ 7,804,262</u>	<u>7,516,656</u>	<u>12,478,553</u>	<u>\$ 4,961,897</u>

The note to the required supplementary information is an integral part of this schedule.

CITY OF LODI
Note to the Required Supplementary Information
June 30, 2015

Budgetary Data

The City adopts an annual budget for the general and special revenue funds. These budgets are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. As part of the City's internal controls, the City maintains budgetary controls. The objective of these budgetary controls is to ensure compliance with the legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the City Council. The accompanying financial statements present budget and actual data only of funds for which an annual budget was adopted. The budgets for capital projects are primarily "long-term" budgets that emphasize the major programs and capital project plans extending over a number of years. Due to the long-term nature of these projects, "annual" budget and actual comparisons are not considered meaningful. Formal budgetary integration is not employed for debt service funds since effective budgetary control is alternatively achieved through the bond indenture provisions. Accordingly, no budgetary information is included in the accompanying basic financial statements for capital projects and debt service funds.

The City Council follows the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the accompanying basic financial statements:

Original Budget

On or prior to the first regular Council meeting in June of each year, the City Manager submits to the City Council a proposed Financial Plan and Budget for the fiscal year commencing July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.

Budgeted revenues are adopted by the City Council at the time the budget is approved. Budgeted revenues are modified when the tax base changes, when fees are modified or when new revenue sources are identified.

Public hearings are conducted during meetings of the City Council to obtain citizens' comments. Prior to July 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution.

Final Budget

The final budgetary data presented in the basic financial statements reflects the following changes to the original budget:

- Budgeted expenditures represent original appropriations adjusted by budget transfers and appropriation amendments. The legal level of budgetary control (that is, the level at which expenditures can not legally exceed the appropriated

amount) is at the department level. The operating budget is prepared and controlled at the department level (e.g., city clerk, city manager, etc.) for the General Fund. Special revenue fund expenditures, including transfers out, are approved by Council at the fund level.

- The City Manager may transfer appropriations from one activity to another within a department without approval from the City Council. All other appropriation adjustments during the year, whether transfers, increases or decreases, require City Council approval.

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS
AND SCHEDULES

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Nonmajor Governmental Funds include:

Special Revenue Funds account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted by law or administrative action to expenditures for specified purposes, other than those for major capital projects;

Debt Service Fund account for the accumulation of resources for the repayment of principal and interest on general long-term debt;

Capital Project Funds account for the financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities, other than those financed by proprietary funds.

**CITY OF LODI
COMBINING BALANCE SHEET
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
June 30, 2015**

	Special Revenue	Capital Projects	Total
ASSETS			
Cash and investments	\$ 4,590,818	10,073,391	\$ 14,664,209
Receivables:			
Accounts, net	660,894	54,420	715,314
Interest	2,510	5,085	7,595
Due from other funds	93,114		93,114
Due from other governmental agencies	348,979		348,979
Inventory	1,291		1,291
Total assets	\$ 5,697,606	10,132,896	\$ 15,830,502
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES			
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 253,085	1,785,160	\$ 2,038,245
Due to other funds	93,114		93,114
Advances from other funds		1,550,454	1,550,454
Unearned revenue	146,174		146,174
Total liabilities	492,373	3,335,614	3,827,987
Deferred Inflows of Resources:			
Unavailable revenue	44,707		44,707
Fund Balances:			
Nonspendable:			
Inventory	1,291		1,291
Restricted for:			
Road-related projects	3,207,124		3,207,124
Capital projects		6,797,282	6,797,282
Public safety	249,258		249,258
Community development	1,474,880		1,474,880
Parks, recreation and community services	227,973		227,973
Total fund balances	5,160,526	6,797,282	11,957,808
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$ 5,697,606	10,132,896	\$ 15,830,502

CITY OF LODI
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
Year ended June 30, 2015

	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Total
Revenues:				
Licenses and permits	\$ 879,225			\$ 879,225
Intergovernmental revenues	4,914,450			4,914,450
Charges for services	2,282,934		62,068	2,345,002
Investment and rental income	446,806		35,165	481,971
Miscellaneous revenue	301,617		227,669	529,286
Total revenues	8,825,032		324,902	9,149,934
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General government	2,660,048			2,660,048
Public protection	257,888			257,888
Public works	2,625,771			2,625,771
Community development	1,226,307			1,226,307
Parks and recreation	2,145,084			2,145,084
Capital outlay	3,540,613		6,301,012	9,841,625
Debt service:				
Interest and fiscal charges		844,812		844,812
Total expenditures	12,455,711	844,812	6,301,012	19,601,535
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	(3,630,679)	(844,812)	(5,976,110)	(10,451,601)
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in	4,301,203	844,812	6,501,361	11,647,376
Transfers out	(781,876)		(125,300)	(907,176)
Total other financing sources (uses)	3,519,327	844,812	6,376,061	10,740,200
Changes in fund balances	(111,352)		399,951	288,599
Fund balances, beginning of year	5,271,878		6,397,331	11,669,209
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 5,160,526		6,797,282	\$ 11,957,808

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Parks, Recreation and Community Services

This fund was established to account for the revenues and expenditures related to the activities of the Hutchins Street Square and Performing Arts Theater and the wide-range of parks and recreation activities and programs offered to the public

Public Safety

This fund was established to account for the revenues and expenditures related to the City's share of property forfeited by persons convicted of possession and selling illegal drugs and the State of California auto theft prosecution monies along with State and Federal grants related to public safety operations.

Community Development

This fund was established to account for development planning and project review services including land use entitlements, permit processing and review/inspection of public improvements to ensure orderly physical growth and development of the City.

Streets Fund

This fund was established to account for the following:

Gas Tax

To account for revenues and expenditures apportioned to the City under the Streets and Highway Code. Portions of the tax rate levied by the State of California on all gasoline purchases are allocated to cities throughout the State on a population basis. These funds are restricted for expenditure by the State of California for street related purposes only.

Development Impact Mitigation Fees

To account for impact fees charged to provide for the building of various storm drains and street improvements needed to serve new development. The fees are calculated on a per acre basis and are collected at subdivision final map approval or with building permit stage effective November 4, 1991.

Measure K Sales Tax

To account for revenues and expenditures apportioned to the City for sales tax collections under Measure K. Expenditures for administration, maintenance and construction must be for street-related projects.

Intermodal Surface Transportation Efficiency Act (ISTEA)

To account for revenues from the federal highway administration for programs including surface transportation program (STP) for streets and roads, congestion mitigation and air quality program (CMAQ) and hazard elimination safety (HES) for street lighting projects.

Transportation

This fund was established to account for the receipt of moneys from the State of California apportioned to the City for transportation purposes. The State has designated 1/4% of the 6% sales tax levied statewide for local transportation purposes. Funding for this program was provided during the 1971 legislative session with the enactment of the Transportation Development Act, which extended the 6% sales tax to include purchases of gasoline. Revenues allocated to the City of Lodi under this program are divided into two categories: Article 8 funds, which are restricted for the improvement and maintenance of street systems; and Article 4 funds, which are restricted for public transit systems.

HOME Program and Community Development Block Grants

This fund was established to account for the City's HOME Program that provides adequate and affordable housing for low and very low-income residents, and Community Development Block Grants provided to the City principally for low and moderate income residents to develop a suitable living environment and expand economic opportunities.

**CITY OF LODI
COMBINING BALANCE SHEET
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS
June 30, 2015**

	Parks, Recreation and Community Services	Public Safety	Community Development	Streets	Transportation	HOME Program and Community Development Block Grants	Total
ASSETS							
Cash and Investments	\$ 230,683	280,994	1,501,484	2,577,657			\$ 4,590,818
Receivables:							
Accounts, net	47,023	1,927	3,247	564,586	44,111		660,894
Interest	144	230	950	1,166		20	2,510
Due from other funds				93,114			93,114
Due from other governmental agencies		81,538		47,067		220,374	348,979
Inventory	1,291						1,291
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 279,141	364,689	1,505,681	3,283,590	44,111	220,394	\$ 5,697,606
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES							
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable and other liabilities	\$ 49,877	259	30,801	91,278	19	80,851	\$ 253,085
Due to other funds					29,519	63,595	93,114
Unearned revenue		115,172				31,002	146,174
TOTAL LIABILITIES	49,877	115,431	30,801	91,278	29,538	175,448	492,373
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Unavailable revenue						44,707	44,707
FUND BALANCES							
Nonspendable							
Inventory	1,291						1,291
Restricted for:							
Road-related projects				3,192,312	14,573	239	3,207,124
Public safety		249,258					249,258
Community development			1,474,880				1,474,880
Parks, recreation and community services	227,973						227,973
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	229,264	249,258	1,474,880	3,192,312	14,573	239	5,160,526
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 279,141	364,689	1,505,681	3,283,590	44,111	220,394	\$ 5,697,606

CITY OF LODI
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS
Year ended June 30, 2015

	Parks, Recreation and Community Services	Public Safety	Community Development	Streets	Transportation	HOME Program and Community Development Block Grants	Total
REVENUES							
Licenses and permits	\$		879,225				\$ 879,225
Intergovernmental revenues		263,620		4,121,950	43,991	484,889	4,914,450
Charges for services	1,662,690		498,490	121,754			2,282,934
Investment and rental income	431,250	1,590	6,825	7,141			446,806
Miscellaneous revenue	10,498	2,589	84,954	203,576			301,617
Total revenues	<u>2,104,438</u>	<u>267,799</u>	<u>1,469,494</u>	<u>4,454,421</u>	<u>43,991</u>	<u>484,889</u>	<u>8,825,032</u>
EXPENDITURES							
Current							
General government	2,660,048						2,660,048
Public protection		257,888					257,888
Public works				2,141,013		484,758	2,625,771
Community development			1,226,307				1,226,307
Parks and recreation	2,145,084						2,145,084
Capital outlay				3,511,195	29,418		3,540,613
Total expenditures	<u>4,805,132</u>	<u>257,888</u>	<u>1,226,307</u>	<u>5,652,208</u>	<u>29,418</u>	<u>484,758</u>	<u>12,455,711</u>
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	<u>(2,700,694)</u>	<u>9,911</u>	<u>243,187</u>	<u>(1,197,787)</u>	<u>14,573</u>	<u>131</u>	<u>(3,630,679)</u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in	3,583,243		126,160	591,800			4,301,203
Transfers out	(558,500)	(31,866)	(2,510)	(189,000)			(781,876)
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>3,024,743</u>	<u>(31,866)</u>	<u>123,650</u>	<u>402,800</u>			<u>3,519,327</u>
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	324,049	(21,955)	366,837	(794,987)	14,573	131	(111,352)
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT), beginning of year	<u>(94,785)</u>	<u>271,213</u>	<u>1,108,043</u>	<u>3,987,299</u>		<u>108</u>	<u>5,271,878</u>
FUND BALANCES , end of year	<u>\$ 229,264</u>	<u>249,258</u>	<u>1,474,880</u>	<u>3,192,312</u>	<u>14,573</u>	<u>239</u>	<u>\$ 5,160,526</u>

CITY OF LODI
SCHEDULE OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
BUDGET AND ACTUAL
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS
Year ended June 30, 2015

	PARKS, RECREATION AND COMMUNITY SERVICES		
	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE
REVENUES			
Charges for services	\$ 1,860,360	1,662,690	\$ (197,670)
Investment and rental income	430,000	431,250	1,250
Miscellaneous revenue	<u>47,500</u>	<u>10,498</u>	<u>(37,002)</u>
Total Revenue	<u>2,337,860</u>	<u>2,104,438</u>	<u>(233,422)</u>
EXPENDITURES			
Current			
General government	3,046,630	2,660,048	386,582
Parks and recreation	<u>2,213,710</u>	<u>2,145,084</u>	<u>68,626</u>
Total Expenditures	<u>5,260,340</u>	<u>4,805,132</u>	<u>455,208</u>
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES	<u>(2,922,480)</u>	<u>(2,700,694)</u>	<u>221,786</u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers in	3,583,243	3,583,243	
Transfers out	<u>(558,500)</u>	<u>(558,500)</u>	
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>3,024,743</u>	<u>3,024,743</u>	
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE	102,263	324,049	221,786
FUND DEFICIT, BEGINNING OF YEAR	<u>(94,785)</u>	<u>(94,785)</u>	
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	<u>\$ 7,478</u>	<u>\$ 229,264</u>	<u>\$ 221,786</u>

CITY OF LODI
SCHEDULE OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
BUDGET AND ACTUAL
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS
Year ended June 30, 2015

	PUBLIC SAFETY		
	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE
REVENUES			
Intergovernmental revenues	\$ 695,966	263,620	\$ (432,346)
Investment and rental income	770	1,590	820
Miscellaneous revenue		2,589	2,589
Total Revenue	696,736	267,799	(428,937)
EXPENDITURES			
Current			
Public protection	691,434	257,888	433,546
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	5,302	9,911	4,609
OTHER FINANCING USES			
Transfers out	(31,866)	(31,866)	
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE	(26,564)	(21,955)	4,609
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	271,213	271,213	
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$ 244,649	249,258	\$ 4,609

CITY OF LODI
SCHEDULE OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
BUDGET AND ACTUAL
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS
Year ended June 30, 2015

	<u>COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT</u>		
	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE
REVENUES			
Licenses and permits	\$ 628,040	879,225	\$ 251,185
Charges for services	359,000	498,490	139,490
Investment and rental income	3,400	6,825	3,425
Miscellaneous revenue	<u>120,460</u>	<u>84,954</u>	<u>(35,506)</u>
Total Revenue	1,110,900	1,469,494	358,594
EXPENDITURES			
Current			
Community development	<u>1,262,090</u>	<u>1,226,307</u>	<u>35,783</u>
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	<u>(151,190)</u>	<u>243,187</u>	<u>394,377</u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers in	126,160	126,160	
Transfers out	<u>(2,510)</u>	<u>(2,510)</u>	
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>123,650</u>	<u>123,650</u>	
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE	(27,540)	366,837	394,377
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	<u>1,108,043</u>	<u>1,108,043</u>	
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	<u>\$ 1,080,503</u>	<u>\$ 1,474,880</u>	<u>\$ 394,377</u>

CITY OF LODI
SCHEDULE OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
BUDGET AND ACTUAL
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS
Year ended June 30, 2015

	STREETS		
	FINAL BUDGET	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES			
Intergovernmental revenues	\$ 4,509,993	4,121,950	\$ (388,043)
Charges for services	289,490	121,754	(167,736)
Investment and rental income	14,140	7,141	(6,999)
Miscellaneous revenue	30,000	203,576	173,576
Total Revenue	<u>4,843,623</u>	<u>4,454,421</u>	<u>(389,202)</u>
EXPENDITURES			
Current			
Public works	2,128,207	2,141,013	(12,806)
Capital outlay	<u>4,113,825</u>	<u>3,511,195</u>	<u>602,630</u>
Total Expenditures	<u>6,242,032</u>	<u>5,652,208</u>	<u>589,824</u>
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES	<u>(1,398,409)</u>	<u>(1,197,787)</u>	<u>200,622</u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers in	591,800	591,800	
Transfers out	<u>(189,000)</u>	<u>(189,000)</u>	
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>402,800</u>	<u>402,800</u>	
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE	(995,609)	(794,987)	200,622
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	<u>3,987,299</u>	<u>3,987,299</u>	
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	<u>\$ 2,991,690</u>	<u>\$ 3,192,312</u>	<u>\$ 200,622</u>

CITY OF LODI
SCHEDULE OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
BUDGET AND ACTUAL
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS
Year ended June 30, 2015

	TRANSPORTATION		
	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE
REVENUES			
Intergovernmental revenues	\$ 43,991	43,991	\$
EXPENDITURES			
Capital outlay	43,991	29,418	14,573
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE		14,573	14,573
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	\$	14,573	\$
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$	14,573	\$ 14,573

CITY OF LODI
SCHEDULE OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
BUDGET AND ACTUAL
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS
Year ended June 30, 2015

	HOME PROGRAM and COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANTS		
	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE
REVENUES			
Intergovernmental revenues	\$ 916,415	484,889 \$	(431,526)
EXPENDITURES			
Current			
Public works	916,415	484,758	431,657
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE		131	131
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR		108	
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$	239 \$	131

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS

CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS

Vehicle and Equipment

This fund was established to account for the financing and replacement of vehicles and equipment for all funds of the City with the exception of the Enterprise Funds. Financing is primarily provided through transfers from other funds, interest earnings and sales of surplus property.

Library

This fund is used to account for the acquisition, construction and installation of capital facilities for the Library.

Hutchins Street Square

When the old Lodi High School burned down, the City purchased the property and renamed it Hutchins Street Square. The Old Lodi High Site Foundation was established which organizes events to raise money for the capital restoration of Hutchins Street Square.

Capital Outlay Reserve

This fund was established to account for the entire City's construction projects and capital purchases in excess of \$10,000 with the exception of those funded through Enterprise Funds. Financing is provided primarily through transfers from other funds and from State and Federal grants.

Parks Capital

This fund was established to account for the acquisition, construction and installation of capital facilities for the various city parks.

**CITY OF LODI
COMBINING BALANCE SHEET
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS
June 30, 2015**

	<u>Vehicle and Equipment</u>	<u>Hutchins Street Square</u>	<u>Capital Outlay Reserve</u>	<u>Parks Capital</u>	<u>Total</u>
ASSETS					
Cash and investments	\$ 2,033,605	3,276	6,803,352	1,233,158	\$ 10,073,391
Receivables:					
Accounts, net	1,803		52,617		54,420
Interest			4,305	780	5,085
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$ 2,035,408</u>	<u>3,276</u>	<u>6,860,274</u>	<u>1,233,938</u>	<u>\$ 10,132,896</u>
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable and other liabilities	\$ 101,918		1,669,842	13,400	\$ 1,785,160
Advances from other funds			1,229,025	321,429	1,550,454
TOTAL LIABILITIES	<u>101,918</u>		<u>2,898,867</u>	<u>334,829</u>	<u>3,335,614</u>
FUND BALANCES					
Restricted for:					
Capital projects	<u>1,933,490</u>	<u>3,276</u>	<u>3,961,407</u>	<u>899,109</u>	<u>6,797,282</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	<u>\$ 2,035,408</u>	<u>3,276</u>	<u>6,860,274</u>	<u>1,233,938</u>	<u>\$ 10,132,896</u>

CITY OF LODI
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS
Year ended June 30, 2015

	Vehicle and Equipment	Library	Hutchins Street Square	Capital Outlay Reserve	Parks Capital	Total
REVENUES						
Charges for services	\$			58,068	4,000	\$ 62,068
Investment and rental income			5	29,936	5,224	35,165
Miscellaneous revenue	30,383		1,090		196,196	227,669
Total revenues	<u>30,383</u>		<u>1,095</u>	<u>88,004</u>	<u>205,420</u>	<u>324,902</u>
EXPENDITURES						
Capital outlay	699,410	28,890		5,489,371	83,341	6,301,012
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	<u>(669,027)</u>	<u>(28,890)</u>	<u>1,095</u>	<u>(5,401,367)</u>	<u>122,079</u>	<u>(5,976,110)</u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in	913,747			5,425,514	162,100	6,501,361
Transfers out	(125,300)					(125,300)
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>788,447</u>			<u>5,425,514</u>	<u>162,100</u>	<u>6,376,061</u>
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	119,420	(28,890)	1,095	24,147	284,179	399,951
FUND BALANCES , BEGINNING OF YEAR	<u>1,814,070</u>	<u>28,890</u>	<u>2,181</u>	<u>3,937,260</u>	<u>614,930</u>	<u>6,397,331</u>
FUND BALANCES, END OF YEAR	<u>\$ 1,933,490</u>		<u>3,276</u>	<u>3,961,407</u>	<u>899,109</u>	<u>\$ 6,797,282</u>

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INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Internal Service Funds are maintained to account for the internal transfer of services between operating units of the City and to achieve a level of operating efficiency that may not be available if the same activities were performed by multiple organizations.

Fleet Services

This fund is used to account for the operation, maintenance and timely replacement of the City's fleet of vehicles which serve the transportation needs of all city departments.

Benefits

This fund is used to account for the following employee benefits:

Dental	Employee assistance program
Chiropractic	Employee recognition program
Life/accidental insurance	Unemployment insurance
Medical	Flexible spending program
Vision	Long Term Disability

Insurance

This fund is used to account for the following insurances:

- General Liability
- Workers' Compensation
- Other Insurance

CITY OF LODI
COMBINING STATEMENT OF FUND NET POSITION
INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS
June 30, 2015

	Fleet Services	Benefits	Insurance	Total
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Cash and investments	\$ 76,483	1,681,977	12,382,662	\$ 14,141,122
Receivables:				
Interest	49	1,064	7,809	8,922
Inventory	169,932			169,932
Noncurrent assets:				
Capital assets (net)	27,498			27,498
Total assets	273,962	1,683,041	12,390,471	14,347,474
 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Related to pensions	74,359			74,359
 LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	54,105	52,253	31,150	137,508
Self-insurance liability			634,932	634,932
Accrued compensated absences	31,195			31,195
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Net pension liability	926,452			926,452
Self-insurance liability			7,670,955	7,670,955
Accrued compensated absences	48,639			48,639
Net OPEB obligation		5,343,727		5,343,727
Total liabilities	1,060,391	5,395,980	8,337,037	14,793,408
 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Related to pensions	216,550			216,550
 NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	27,498			27,498
Unrestricted (deficit)	(956,118)	(3,712,939)	4,053,434	(615,623)
Total net position	\$ (928,620)	(3,712,939)	4,053,434	\$ (588,125)

CITY OF LODI
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND
CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION
INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS
Year ended June 30, 2015

	<u>Fleet Services</u>	<u>Benefits</u>	<u>Insurance</u>	<u>Total</u>
OPERATING REVENUES				
Charges for services	\$ <u>1,636,786</u>	<u>7,763,238</u>	<u>2,610,905</u>	\$ <u>12,010,929</u>
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Personnel services	672,956	229,630	137,099	1,039,685
Supplies, materials and services	855,697	6,013,643	1,036,880	7,906,220
Utilities	17,194		649	17,843
Depreciation	1,444			1,444
Claims	17,280	1,700,602	634,932	2,352,814
	<u>1,564,571</u>	<u>7,943,875</u>	<u>1,809,560</u>	<u>11,318,006</u>
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES				
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	<u>72,215</u>	<u>(180,637)</u>	<u>801,345</u>	<u>692,923</u>
NONOPERATING REVENUES				
Investment income	196	6,568	51,986	58,750
Other revenues	<u>2,294</u>	<u>29,397</u>	<u>50,948</u>	<u>82,639</u>
TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES	<u>2,490</u>	<u>35,965</u>	<u>102,934</u>	<u>141,389</u>
LOSS (INCOME) BEFORE TRANSFERS	74,705	(144,672)	904,279	834,312
Transfers out			<u>(50,000)</u>	<u>(50,000)</u>
Changes in net position	<u>74,705</u>	<u>(144,672)</u>	<u>854,279</u>	<u>784,312</u>
NET ASSETS - BEGINNING OF YEAR, as previously reported	77,913	(3,568,267)	3,199,155	(291,199)
Change in accounting principles	<u>(1,081,238)</u>			<u>(1,081,238)</u>
NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR, as restated	<u>(1,003,325)</u>	<u>(3,568,267)</u>	<u>3,199,155</u>	<u>(1,372,437)</u>
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ <u>(928,620)</u>	<u>(3,712,939)</u>	<u>4,053,434</u>	\$ <u>(588,125)</u>

CITY OF LODI
COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS
Year ended June 30, 2015

	Fleet Services	Benefits	Insurance	Total
Cash flows from operating activities:				
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 2,394	29,397	50,948	\$ 82,739
Receipts from interfund services provided	1,636,786	7,763,238	2,610,905	12,010,929
Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services	(934,295)	(7,136,209)	(2,392,634)	(10,463,138)
Payments to employees	(700,921)	(229,630)	(137,099)	(1,067,650)
Net cash provided by operating activities	3,964	426,796	132,120	562,880
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:				
Transfers out			(50,000)	(50,000)
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Interest on investments	147	5,828	47,344	53,319
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	4,111	432,624	129,464	566,199
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	72,372	1,249,353	12,253,198	13,574,923
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 76,483	1,681,977	12,382,662	\$ 14,141,122
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:				
Operating Income (loss)	\$ 72,215	(180,637)	801,345	\$ 692,923
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:				
Depreciation	1,444			1,444
Other revenues	2,294	29,397	50,948	82,639
Change in assets and liabilities:				
Increase in inventory	(31,146)			(31,146)
Decrease in other assets	100			100
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(12,978)	1,583	(4,301)	(15,696)
Decrease in compensated absences	(15,370)			(15,370)
Decrease in self-insurance liability			(715,872)	(715,872)
Increase in net OPEB obligation		576,453		576,453
Decrease in net pension liability and related amounts	(12,595)			(12,595)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 3,964	426,796	132,120	\$ 562,880

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Private-purpose Trust Funds

These funds are used to account for trust agreements under which the principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations or other governments.

Agency Fund

This fund was established to account for special assessments collected on the property tax roll by the City on behalf of the property owners within the Industrial Way Beckman Districts and the Downtown and Cherokee Lane Districts.

CITY OF LODI
COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION
PRIVATE-PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS
June 30, 2015

	Library	Hutchins Street Square Bequest	Total
ASSETS			
Cash and Investments	\$ <u>237,383</u>	<u>1,522</u>	\$ <u>238,905</u>
NET POSITION-EXPENDABLE	\$ <u><u>237,383</u></u>	<u><u>1,522</u></u>	\$ <u><u>238,905</u></u>

CITY OF LODI
COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION
PRIVATE-PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS
Year ended June 30, 2015

	<u>Library</u>	<u>Hutchins Street Square Bequest</u>	<u>Total</u>
ADDITIONS			
Investment income and donations	\$	6	\$ 6
DEDUCTIONS			
Current			
Library	<u>33,812</u>	<u> </u>	<u>33,812</u>
CHANGES IN NET POSITION	(33,812)	6	(33,806)
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR	<u>271,195</u>	<u>1,516</u>	<u>272,711</u>
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	<u>\$ 237,383</u>	<u>1,522 \$</u>	<u>238,905</u>

CITY OF LODI
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES
AGENCY FUND
Year ended June 30, 2015

	Special Assessments			
	Balance July 1, 2014	Additions	Deductions	
ASSETS				
Cash and investments	\$ 425,592	35,437	32,056	\$ 428,973
Interest receivable	113	277	113	277
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 425,705	35,714	32,169	\$ 429,250
LIABILITIES				
Agency obligations	\$ 425,705	3,545		\$ 429,250

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STATISTICAL SECTION

UNAUDITED

STATISTICAL SECTION

The Statistical Section provides detailed information as a framework for understanding the information in the financial statements, notes and required supplementary information. This section presents additional data and analysis that may provide the reader with valuable insight regarding the demographics and the overall health of the City.

Contents

Pages

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being has changed over time.

115-120

Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the factors affecting the City's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.

121-126

Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

127-133

Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place and to help make comparisons over time and with other governments.

134-136

Operating Information

These schedules contain information about the City's operations and resources to help the reader understand how the City's financial information relates to the services the city provides and the activities it performs.

137-141

Sources

Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules are derived from the comprehensive annual financial report for the current year.

CITY OF LODI

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Dollar amounts in thousands)

	Fiscal Year									
	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
Governmental activities:										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 105,944	\$ 105,462	\$ 106,828	\$ 107,587	\$ 114,165	\$ 113,308	\$ 115,036	\$ 107,874	\$ 110,815	\$ 111,572
Restricted	12,001	11,809	12,601	16,176	14,894	13,233	13,492	15,043	15,044	14,526
Unrestricted	(74,146)	2,551	1,157	(3,606)	(5,148)	(6,110)	(3,462)	(4,162)	(3,968)	(8,838)
Total governmental activities net position	<u>\$ 43,799</u>	<u>\$ 119,822</u>	<u>\$ 120,586</u>	<u>\$ 120,157</u>	<u>\$ 123,911</u>	<u>\$ 120,431</u>	<u>\$ 125,066</u>	<u>\$ 118,755</u>	<u>\$ 121,891</u>	<u>\$ 117,260</u>
Business-type activities:										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 119,924	\$ 116,156	\$ 113,008	\$ 109,582	\$ 104,858	\$ 100,233	\$ 95,533	\$ 98,109	\$ 97,961	\$ 77,494
Restricted	6,810	6,703	6,600	6,533	5,303			8,657	8,711	10,969
Unrestricted	892	16,535	14,827	(34,563)	(34,129)	(28,591)	(35,448)	26,460	6,417	1,880
Total business-type activities net position	<u>\$ 127,626</u>	<u>\$ 139,394</u>	<u>\$ 134,435</u>	<u>\$ 81,552</u>	<u>\$ 76,032</u>	<u>\$ 71,642</u>	<u>\$ 60,085</u>	<u>\$ 133,226</u>	<u>\$ 113,089</u>	<u>\$ 90,343</u>
Primary government:										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 225,868	\$ 221,618	\$ 219,836	\$ 217,169	\$ 219,023	\$ 213,541	\$ 210,569	\$ 205,983	\$ 208,776	\$ 189,066
Restricted	18,811	18,512	19,201	22,709	20,197	13,233	13,492	23,700	23,755	25,495
Unrestricted	(73,254)	19,086	15,984	(38,169)	(39,277)	(34,701)	(38,910)	22,298	2,449	(6,958)
Total primary government net position	<u>\$ 171,425</u>	<u>\$ 259,216</u>	<u>\$ 255,021</u>	<u>\$ 201,709</u>	<u>\$ 199,943</u>	<u>\$ 192,073</u>	<u>\$ 185,151</u>	<u>\$ 251,981</u>	<u>\$ 234,980</u>	<u>\$ 207,603</u>

Source: City of Lodi Financial Services Division

CITY OF LODI

CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Dollar amounts in thousands)

	Fiscal Year									
	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
Expenses										
Governmental activities:										
General government	\$ 9,109	\$ 9,580	\$ 8,943	\$ 9,381	\$ 8,262	\$ 8,749	\$ 9,451	\$ 8,307	\$ 7,853	\$ 9,746
Public protection	27,426	27,884	25,930	25,432	25,113	27,186	27,110	25,531	23,328	22,105
Public works	10,281	10,644	10,546	10,248	9,305	10,462	10,464	12,224	10,599	13,229
Community development	1,165	1,174	1,050	1,003	973	1,114	1,323	2,027	2,130	2,290
Library	1,324	1,282	1,342	1,381	1,355	1,440	1,495	1,696	1,630	1,485
Parks and recreation	3,116	3,164	2,933	2,913	5,778	5,077	4,609	4,414	4,172	4,114
Interest and fiscal charges	818	825	416	1,033	1,075	1,105	1,134	1,166	1,201	1,234
Total governmental activities expenses	<u>53,239</u>	<u>54,553</u>	<u>51,160</u>	<u>51,391</u>	<u>51,861</u>	<u>55,133</u>	<u>55,586</u>	<u>55,365</u>	<u>50,913</u>	<u>54,203</u>
Business-type activities:										
Electric	64,367	61,974	61,106	62,599	63,399	64,364	73,358	65,201	67,534	63,780
Wastewater	12,912	12,527	13,423	17,441	11,687	11,289	10,940	12,227	9,271	8,574
Water	9,905	11,014	(34,877)	7,953	8,188	6,148	9,604	9,920	9,875	8,256
Transit	4,134	3,834	4,141	4,256	4,132	4,785	4,832	3,908	3,577	3,643
Total business-type activities expenses	<u>91,318</u>	<u>89,349</u>	<u>43,793</u>	<u>92,249</u>	<u>87,406</u>	<u>86,586</u>	<u>98,734</u>	<u>91,256</u>	<u>90,257</u>	<u>84,253</u>
Total primary government expenses	<u>\$ 144,557</u>	<u>\$ 143,902</u>	<u>\$ 94,953</u>	<u>\$ 143,640</u>	<u>\$ 139,267</u>	<u>\$ 141,719</u>	<u>\$ 154,320</u>	<u>\$ 146,621</u>	<u>\$ 141,170</u>	<u>\$ 138,456</u>
Program Revenues										
Governmental activities:										
Charges for services:										
General government	\$ 1,971	\$ 1,955	\$ 2,337	\$ 1,718	\$ 1,793	\$ 2,184	\$ 1,631	\$ 1,544	\$ 1,280	\$ 1,232
Public protection	609	582	538	500	643	714	844	837	582	563
Public works	832	415	224	166	356	326	358	755	295	320
Community development	1,378	1,219	1,458	993	1,601	786	749	1,085	1,174	1,630
Library	43	43	44	43	47	48	44	53	53	54
Parks and recreation	1,360	1,479	1,404	1,241	1,245	1,269	1,158	851	1,007	918
Operating grants and contributions	3,369	2,686	2,341	2,300	2,236	1,927	1,951	2,305	2,589	2,587
Capital grants and contributions	3,131	5,359	4,216	5,025	6,737	5,122	10,822	4,717	6,975	14,631
Total governmental activities program revenues	<u>12,693</u>	<u>13,738</u>	<u>12,562</u>	<u>11,986</u>	<u>14,658</u>	<u>12,376</u>	<u>17,557</u>	<u>12,147</u>	<u>13,955</u>	<u>21,935</u>
Business-type activities:										
Charges for services:										
Electric	65,237	64,693	63,230	64,251	62,167	69,664	74,000	69,284	65,809	59,112
Wastewater	14,714	14,305	13,747	13,280	13,090	11,513	9,276	9,091	8,524	8,927
Water	12,723	12,756	12,441	12,083	11,940	11,716	11,787	11,350	10,040	8,343
Transit	230	203	185	186	195	217	251	278	401	386
Operating grants and contributions	5,186	4,431	5,178	4,214	3,983	3,449	3,653	3,381	2,621	3,377
Capital grants and contributions	5,284	2,846	4,715	3,206	5,150	1,408	5,774	8,064	19,984	11,146
Total business-type activities program revenues	<u>103,374</u>	<u>99,234</u>	<u>99,496</u>	<u>97,220</u>	<u>96,525</u>	<u>97,967</u>	<u>104,741</u>	<u>101,448</u>	<u>107,379</u>	<u>91,291</u>
Total primary government program revenues	<u>\$ 116,067</u>	<u>\$ 112,972</u>	<u>\$ 112,058</u>	<u>\$ 109,206</u>	<u>\$ 111,183</u>	<u>\$ 110,343</u>	<u>\$ 122,298</u>	<u>\$ 113,595</u>	<u>\$ 121,334</u>	<u>\$ 113,226</u>
Net (Expense)/Revenue										
Governmental activities	\$ (40,546)	\$ (40,815)	\$ (38,598)	\$ (39,405)	\$ (37,203)	\$ (42,757)	\$ (38,029)	\$ (43,218)	\$ (36,958)	\$ (32,268)
Business-type activities	12,056	9,885	55,703	4,971	9,119	11,381	6,007	10,192	17,122	7,038
Total primary government net expense	<u>\$ (28,490)</u>	<u>\$ (30,930)</u>	<u>\$ 17,105</u>	<u>\$ (34,434)</u>	<u>\$ (28,084)</u>	<u>\$ (31,376)</u>	<u>\$ (32,022)</u>	<u>\$ (33,026)</u>	<u>\$ (19,836)</u>	<u>\$ (25,230)</u>

(Continued)

CITY OF LODI

CHANGES IN NET POSITION (Continued) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Dollar amounts in thousands)

	Fiscal Year									
	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position:										
Governmental activities:										
Taxes:										
Property	\$ 13,502	\$ 12,758	\$ 12,218	\$ 12,103	\$ 12,698	\$ 12,836	\$ 13,564	\$ 13,838	\$ 9,524	\$ 8,031
Franchise taxes	8,976	8,838	8,735	8,712	8,692	8,658	8,357	9,338	9,609	8,721
Business license tax	1,486	1,528	1,524	1,628	1,246	1,242	1,190	1,140	1,082	973
Transient occupancy tax	666	594	546	486	426	382	405	396	380	368
Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs	10,651	10,138	9,382	9,277	8,954	7,064	8,249	9,593	14,772	14,215
Investment earnings	145	203	44	132	133	155	467	1,008	874	328
Rent	1,942	1,906	1,370							
Other	605	528	610	2,052	1,556	1,917	2,382	1,077	621	1,012
Special item-gain on sale of parkland					321					
Transfers	7,514	4,792	5,682	1,261	6,657	5,868	5,368	3,693	4,727	4,923
Total governmental activities	45,487	41,285	40,111	35,651	40,683	38,122	39,982	40,083	41,589	38,571
Business-type activities:										
Investment earnings	632	757	497	566	575	731	1,385	2,028	2,380	2,008
Litigation- environmental lawsuits proceeds			1,107			300	2,010	8,892	6,222	6,700
Rent	4	4								
Other	2,745	2,370	1,258	1,244	1,353	923	1,891	2,717	1,749	2,056
Special item-swap termination							(8,979)			
Transfers	(7,514)	(4,792)	(5,682)	(1,261)	(6,657)	(5,868)	(5,368)	(3,693)	(4,727)	(4,923)
Total business-type activities	(4,133)	(1,661)	(2,820)	549	(4,729)	(3,914)	(9,061)	9,944	5,624	5,841
Total primary government	\$ 41,354	\$ 39,624	\$ 37,291	\$ 36,200	\$ 35,954	\$ 34,208	\$ 30,921	\$ 50,027	\$ 47,213	\$ 44,412
Change in Net Position										
Governmental activities	\$ 4,941	\$ 470	\$ 1,513	\$ (3,754)	\$ 3,480	\$ (4,635)	\$ 1,953	\$ (3,135)	\$ 4,631	\$ 6,303
Business-type activities	7,923	8,224	52,883	5,520	4,390	7,467	(3,054)	20,136	22,746	12,879
Total primary government	\$ 12,864	\$ 8,694	\$ 54,396	\$ 1,766	\$ 7,870	\$ 2,832	\$ (1,101)	\$ 17,001	\$ 27,377	\$ 19,182

Source: City of Lodi Financial Services Division

CITY OF LODI

FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Dollar amounts in thousands)

	Fiscal Year									
	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
General Fund										
Reserved	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ 389	\$ 383	\$ 1,150	\$ 1,144	\$ 1,321
Unreserved						3,896	3,383	4,159	5,175	3,048
Nonspendable		10	9	6	357					
Committed	345	301	277							
Assigned	26	29	65	50	136					
Unassigned	12,107	9,134	7,614	6,233	5,654					
Total General Fund	\$ 12,478	\$ 9,474	\$ 7,965	\$ 6,289	\$ 6,147	\$ 4,285	\$ 3,766	\$ 5,309	\$ 6,319	\$ 4,369
All other governmental funds										
Reserved	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ 7,801	\$ 1,487	\$ 1,932	\$ 1,874	\$ 1,138
Unreserved, reported in:										
Special revenue funds						963	6,540	7,433	6,651	6,271
Capital projects funds						3,649	5,217	5,504	6,200	5,663
Nonspendable	1	4	3	1						
Restricted	11,957	11,764	12,556	15,017	13,786					
Unassigned		(99)	(512)	(863)	(846)					
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 11,958	\$ 11,669	\$ 12,047	\$ 14,155	\$ 12,940	\$ 12,413	\$ 13,244	\$ 14,869	\$ 14,725	\$ 13,072
	\$ 24,436	\$ 21,143	\$ 20,012	\$ 20,444	\$ 19,087	\$ 16,698	\$ 17,010	\$ 20,178	\$ 21,044	\$ 17,441

Implemented GASB 54 during the 2011 fiscal year changing the presentation of fund balance.

CITY OF LODI

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Dollar amounts in thousands)

	Fiscal Year									
	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
Revenues:										
Taxes	\$ 24,631	\$ 23,719	\$ 23,022	\$ 22,928	\$ 23,061	\$ 23,118	\$ 23,516	\$ 24,712	\$ 20,594	\$ 18,094
Licenses and permits	967	852	921	686	954	520	431	683	717	1,020
Intergovernmental revenues	17,557	17,392	14,625	15,289	16,865	12,579	13,229	14,980	19,892	25,491
Charges for services	3,827	3,558	3,880	3,427	3,946	4,116	3,329	4,757	4,696	3,848
Fines and forfeitures	1,573	1,557	1,632	1,357	1,407	1,444	1,416	1,321	1,245	1,173
Investment and rental income	2,029	2,025	1,389	1,264	817	923	922	1,312	998	707
Contributions and donations	282	1,003			689					
Miscellaneous revenue	538		1,078	813	799	1,093	1,762	822	304	653
Total revenues	51,404	50,106	46,547	45,764	48,538	43,793	44,605	48,587	48,446	50,986
Expenditures:										
Current:										
General government	9,151	9,019	8,522	8,820	7,667	7,666	8,431	9,545	8,893	8,345
Public protection	26,646	27,093	26,282	25,249	24,489	24,466	24,716	23,979	22,211	20,863
Public works	4,508	4,393	4,532	4,174	3,715	4,383	4,657	5,842	5,587	7,827
Community development	1,226	1,192	1,111	1,037	969	1,013	1,341	2,006	2,062	1,847
Library	1,311	1,268	1,411	1,381	1,357	1,322	1,500	1,673	1,588	1,468
Parks and recreation	2,145	2,299	2,370	2,254	4,127	4,180	3,776	3,826	3,598	3,440
Capital outlay	9,842	7,652	6,271	2,961	9,377	5,108	6,791	4,207	3,526	7,232
Debt service:										
Interest and fiscal charges	845	851	483	1,039	1,081	1,110	1,139	1,170	1,205	1,238
Principal payments			245	630	752	725	789	898	900	892
Advance refunding escrow			1,689							
Total expenditures	55,674	53,767	52,916	47,545	53,534	49,973	53,140	53,146	49,570	53,152
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(4,270)	(3,661)	(6,369)	(1,781)	(4,996)	(6,180)	(8,535)	(4,559)	(1,124)	(2,166)

(Continued)

CITY OF LODI

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (continued) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Dollar amounts in thousands)

	Fiscal Year									
	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
Other financing sources (uses):										
Transfers in	15,599	11,596	12,546	14,486	11,881	11,173	10,609	7,058	8,863	9,142
Transfers out	(8,036)	(6,804)	(6,864)	(11,348)	(5,224)	(5,305)	(5,242)	(3,365)	(4,136)	(4,219)
Proceeds from sale of land					98					
Refunding bonds issued			20,103							
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent			(19,848)							
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>7,563</u>	<u>4,792</u>	<u>5,937</u>	<u>3,138</u>	<u>6,755</u>	<u>5,868</u>	<u>5,367</u>	<u>3,693</u>	<u>4,727</u>	<u>4,923</u>
Special item- sale of parkland					630					
Net change in fund balances	3,293	1,131	(432)	1,357	2,389	(312)	(3,168)	(866)	3,603	2,757
Fund balances, beginning of year	21,143	20,012	20,444	19,087	16,698	17,010	20,178	21,044	17,441	14,684
Fund balances, end of year	<u>\$ 24,436</u>	<u>\$ 21,143</u>	<u>\$ 20,012</u>	<u>\$ 20,444</u>	<u>\$ 19,087</u>	<u>\$ 16,698</u>	<u>\$ 17,010</u>	<u>\$ 20,178</u>	<u>\$ 21,044</u>	<u>\$ 17,441</u>
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	1.9%	1.9%	5.5%	3.9%	4.3%	4.3%	4.3%	4.4%	4.8%	4.9%

Source: City of Lodi Finance Services Division

City of Lodi

TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Dollar amounts in thousands)

	Fiscal Year										% Change 2006 to 2015
	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	
Property	\$ 8,810	\$ 8,314	\$ 7,955	\$ 7,861	\$ 8,285	\$ 8,342	\$ 8,887	\$ 9,210	\$ 9,289	\$ 7,676	15%
Sales and Use	10,625	10,111	9,350	9,246	8,663	6,873	8,028	9,296	10,137	9,812	8%
Transient Occupancy	666	594	545	486	426	382	405	396	380	368	81%
Franchise	1,942	1,862	1,758	1,734	1,715	1,681	1,415	976	929	890	118%
Documentary Transfer	159	155	120	91	95	117	114	125	235	355	-55%
Motor Vehicle in Lieu	4,533	4,289	4,143	4,151	4,317	4,377	4,784	4,797	4,635	4,402	3%
Public Protection	362	341	325	295	250	267	296	338	390	310	17%
Business License	1,133	1,220	1,187	1,182	958	962	1,038	1,140	1,082	973	16%
In Lieu Franchise	7,033	6,977	6,977	6,977	6,977	6,977	6,942	8,362	8,680	7,831	-10%
Totals	\$ 35,263	\$ 33,863	\$ 32,360	\$ 32,023	\$ 31,686	\$ 29,978	\$ 31,909	\$ 34,640	\$ 35,757	\$ 32,617	8%

Note: General governmental tax revenues are included in taxes, licenses and permits, intergovernmental revenues and miscellaneous revenues.

CITY OF LODI

ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Dollar amounts in thousands)

	Fiscal Year									
	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
Secured roll	\$ 5,156,704	\$ 4,895,091	\$ 4,737,807	\$ 4,738,823	\$ 4,907,588	\$ 4,986,693	\$ 5,156,706	\$ 5,069,788	\$ 4,799,141	\$ 4,254,184
Utility roll	3,490	3,490	2,382	2,382	2,423	2,423	2,031	2,035	2,773	3,654
Unsecured roll	257,856	230,827	233,398	226,651	270,600	270,315	263,648	258,687	242,082	216,065
Gross assessed value	5,418,050	5,129,408	4,973,587	4,967,856	5,180,611	5,259,431	5,422,385	5,330,510	5,043,996	4,473,903
Less exemptions (1)	326,833	324,439	327,783	314,448	321,138	332,701	265,154	243,259	229,049	220,590
Net assessed value	<u>\$ 5,091,217</u>	<u>\$ 4,804,969</u>	<u>\$ 4,645,804</u>	<u>\$ 4,653,408</u>	<u>\$ 4,859,473</u>	<u>\$ 4,926,730</u>	<u>\$ 5,157,231</u>	<u>\$ 5,087,251</u>	<u>\$ 4,814,947</u>	<u>\$ 4,253,313</u>
Land	1,469,347	1,364,401	1,227,969	1,264,884	1,322,830	1,345,815	1,562,729	1,537,554	1,431,203	1,226,293
Improvements	3,610,391	3,443,266	3,445,328	3,401,792	3,534,778	3,600,824	3,577,741	3,503,186	3,327,453	2,989,575
Personal property	338,312	321,741	300,290	301,180	323,003	312,792	281,915	289,770	285,340	258,035
Gross assessed value	5,418,050	5,129,408	4,973,587	4,967,856	5,180,611	5,259,431	5,422,385	5,330,510	5,043,996	4,473,903
Less exemptions (1)	326,833	324,439	327,783	314,448	321,138	332,701	265,154	243,259	229,049	220,590
Net assessed value	<u>\$ 5,091,217</u>	<u>\$ 4,804,969</u>	<u>\$ 4,645,804</u>	<u>\$ 4,653,408</u>	<u>\$ 4,859,473</u>	<u>\$ 4,926,730</u>	<u>\$ 5,157,231</u>	<u>\$ 5,087,251</u>	<u>\$ 4,814,947</u>	<u>\$ 4,253,313</u>
Total Direct Tax Rate	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%

(1) All exemptions (secured, utility, and unsecured rolls) are homeowners - \$61,499 and other - \$265,384 = \$326,833

Note: In 1978, the voters of the State of California passed Proposition 13 which limited property taxes to a total maximum rate of 1% based upon the assessed value of the property being taxed. Each year, the assessed value of property may be increased by an "inflation factor" (limited to a maximum increase of 2%). With few exceptions, property is only assessed at the time that it is sold to a new owner. At that point, the property being sold is reassessed at the purchase price. The assessed valuation data shown above represents the only data currently available with respect to the the actual market value of taxable property and is subject to the limitations described above.

Source: San Joaquin County Auditor-Controller's Office

CITY OF LODI

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Rate per \$100 of assessed value)

Fiscal Year	Basic			Total
	Countywide Levy	School	All Other	
2015	1.0000	0.0658	0.0000	1.0658
2014	1.0000	0.0574	0.0000	1.0574
2013	1.0000	0.0646	0.0000	1.0646
2012	1.0000	0.0658	0.0000	1.0658
2011	1.0000	0.0626	0.0000	1.0626
2010	1.0000	0.0575	0.0000	1.0575
2009	1.0000	0.0517	0.0000	1.0517
2008	1.0000	0.0478	0.0000	1.0478
2007	1.0000	0.0478	0.0000	1.0478
2006	1.0000	0.0570	0.0000	1.0570

Source: San Joaquin County Tax Collector

CITY OF LODI

PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO (Dollar amounts in thousands)

Taxpayer	Fiscal Year					
	2015			2006		
	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percent of Total City Taxable Assessed Value	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percent of Total City Taxable Assessed Value
Lodi Memorial Hospital Assn	\$ 149,117	1	3.083 %	\$		%
Pacific Coast Producers	104,939	2	2.170	43,068	2	1.068
General Mills	86,831	3	1.795	152,102	1	3.771
California Physicians Service Corp	57,476	4	1.188			
Cottage Bakery Inc	41,022	5	0.848	25,341	4	0.628
Westcore Vine LP	26,417	6	0.546			
Costco	19,793	7	0.409			
Archer Daniels Midland Co Corp	18,405	8	0.381			
Dart Container Corp	16,638	9	0.344	17,625	8	0.437
North American Specialty Products LLC	15,723	10	0.325			
Pacific Coast Producers Corp.				34,267	3	0.850
Kristmont West				21,961	5	0.544
Parinehs Exchange 2004 LLC				19,539	6	0.484
Certainteed Corp				18,842	7	0.467
Fountains At Lodi LLC				13,031	9	0.323
Panattoni, Carl D ETAL				12,984	10	0.322
Principal Secured Property Valuation	536,361		11.089	358,760		8.894
Other Secured Taxpayers	4,620,343		95.520	3,895,424		96.575
Exemptions relative to secured tax roll	319,672		6.609	220,590		5.469
Total Secured Property Valuation	<u>\$ 4,837,032</u>		<u>100.000 %</u>	<u>\$ 4,033,594</u>		<u>100.000 %</u>

CITY OF LODI

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Dollar amounts in thousands)

Fiscal Year	Taxes Levied for the Fiscal Year		Collected Within the Fiscal Year of the Levy		Total Collections to Date	
	Amount	Percent of Levy (1)	Amount	Percent of Levy	Amount	Percent of Levy
2015	\$ 8,742		\$ 8,742	100.0%	\$ 8,742	100.0%
2014	8,353		8,353	100.0%	8,353	100.0%
2013	7,865		7,865	100.0%	7,865	100.0%
2012	7,754		7,754	100.0%	7,754	100.0%
2011	8,143		8,143	100.0%	8,143	100.0%
2010	8,291		8,291	100.0%	8,291	100.0%
2009	7,966		7,966	100.0%	7,966	100.0%
2008	8,167		8,167	100.0%	8,167	100.0%
2007	8,170		8,170	100.0%	8,170	100.0%
2006	7,815		7,815	100.0%	7,815	100.0%

1) Per agreement with San Joaquin County, the County provides the City of Lodi with 100% of the amount owed to the City for secured properties, regardless of collection status. In exchange, the County is entitled to 100% of revenues collected for interest and penalties. This agreement is commonly referred to as the Teeter Plan.

Source: San Joaquin County Auditor/Controller's Office

**CITY OF LODI
ELECTRICITY SOLD BY TYPE OF CUSTOMER
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS**

Type of Customer	Billed Accounts									
	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
City Accounts	212	207	204	195	197	189	189	187	186	184
Contract Large Industrial								5	5	6
Contract Medium Industrial								1	1	2
Contract Small Industrial								1	0	1
Domestic Residential	22,393	22,623	22,541	22,361	22,360	22,525	22,506	22,510	22,938	22,860
Domestic Mobile Home Park	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13
Dusk to Dawn	88	89	88	92	89	89	92	92	95	95
Large Commercial	337	339	344	336	350	357	377	380	375	359
Large Industrial	41	39	40	38	40	39	37	32	33	33
Medium Industrial	12	11	11	9	9	9	8	8	10	13
Residential Low Income	2,798	2,788	2,582	2,531	2,258	2,193	1,847	1,943	2,003	1,910
Small Commerical	3,332	3,367	3,358	3,340	3,324	3,280	3,249	3,199	3,241	3,279
Small Industrial	7	8	9	11	11	10	10	9	9	9
Total	29,233	29,484	29,190	28,926	28,651	28,704	28,328	28,380	28,909	28,764

Source: City of Lodi Financial Services Division

CITY OF LODI

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Dollar amounts in thousands, except per capita)

Fiscal Year	Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities			Total Primary Government	Percent of Personal Income (1)	Per Capita (1)	
	Lease Revenue Bonds	Loan Payable	Notes Payable	Total Governmental Activities	Certificates of Participation and Revenue Bonds	Notes Payable				Total Business-type Activities
2015	\$ 19,950		\$ 245	\$ 20,195	\$ 149,767	\$	\$ 149,767	\$ 169,962	7.67 %	\$ 2,667
2014	20,004		245	20,249	157,297		157,297	177,546	9.10	2,821
2013	20,058		245	20,303	167,743		167,743	188,046	9.74	2,993
2012	21,025		245	21,270	173,241		173,241	194,511	10.34	3,096
2011	21,655		245	21,900	178,827		178,827	200,727	10.67	3,213
2010	22,265		245	22,510	144,165	1,409	145,574	168,084	8.49	2,645
2009	22,855		245	23,100	148,529	1,585	150,114	173,214	8.81	2,736
2008	23,420	94	245	23,759	140,640	1,755	142,395	166,154	8.99	2,622
2007	23,975	187	245	24,407	122,128	1,918	124,046	148,453	8.15	2,342
2006	24,510	279	245	25,034	125,863	2,077	127,940	152,974	8.93	2,435

Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in Note 8 of these financial statements.

(1) See Demographic and Economic Statistics table for personal income and population.

Source: City of Lodi Financial Services Division

CITY OF LODI

RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Dollar amounts in thousands, except per capita)

Fiscal Year	Lease Revenue Bonds	Less Amounts Available for Debt Service	Net	Percent of Assessed Value (1) of Property	Per Capita
2015	\$ 19,950		\$ 19,950	0.4 %	\$ 313.09
2014	20,004		20,004	0.4	314.28
2013	20,058	10	20,048	0.4	318.58
2012	21,025	1,692	19,333	0.4	307.73
2011	21,655	1,692	19,963	0.4	319.55
2010	22,265	1,692	20,573	0.4	323.73
2009	22,855	1,692	21,163	0.4	334.26
2008	23,420	1,692	21,728	0.4	342.92
2007	23,975	1,692	22,283	0.4	351.49
2006	24,510	1,692	22,818	0.5	363.25

General bonded debt is debt payable with governmental fund resources and general obligation bonds recorded in enterprise funds (of which, the City has none).

(1) Assessed value has been used because the actual value of taxable property is not readily available in the State of California.

Source: City of Lodi Financial Services Division

CITY OF LODI

LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Dollar amounts in thousands)

	FISCAL YEAR									
	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
Assessed valuation (1)	\$ 5,152,666	\$ 4,867,731	\$ 4,709,916	\$ 4,718,766	\$ 4,926,130	\$ 4,995,362	\$ 5,227,580	\$ 5,159,269	\$ 4,887,074	\$ 4,325,000
Conversion percentage	<u>25%</u>									
Adjusted assessed valuation	1,288,167	1,216,933	1,177,479	1,179,692	1,231,533	1,248,841	1,306,895	1,289,817	1,221,769	1,081,250
Debt limit percentage	<u>15%</u>									
Debt Limit	193,225	182,540	176,622	176,954	184,730	187,326	196,034	193,473	183,265	162,188
Total net debt applicable to limit	<u>19,950</u>	<u>20,004</u>	<u>20,048</u>	<u>19,333</u>	<u>19,963</u>	<u>20,573</u>	<u>21,163</u>	<u>21,728</u>	<u>22,283</u>	<u>22,818</u>
Legal debt margin	<u>\$ 173,275</u>	<u>\$ 162,536</u>	<u>\$ 156,574</u>	<u>\$ 157,621</u>	<u>\$ 164,767</u>	<u>\$ 166,753</u>	<u>\$ 174,871</u>	<u>\$ 171,745</u>	<u>\$ 160,982</u>	<u>\$ 139,370</u>
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percent of debt limit	10.3%	11.0%	11.4%	10.9%	10.8%	11.0%	10.8%	11.2%	12.2%	14.1%

The Government Code of the State of California provides for a legal debt limit of 15% of gross assessed valuation. However, this provision was enacted when assessed valuation was based upon 25% of market value. Effective with the 1982 fiscal year, each parcel is now assessed at 100% of market value (as of the most recent change in ownership for that parcel). The computation shown above reflect a conversion of assessed valuation data for each fiscal year from the current full valuation perspective to the 25% level that was in effect at the time the legal debt margin was enacted by the State of California for local governments located within the state.

(1) Reflects City assessed valuation with other exemptions of \$265,384 deducted for 2015.

Source: San Joaquin County Auditor-Controller's Office

CITY OF LODI

PLEGGED-REVENUE COVERAGE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Dollars amounts in thousands)

Fiscal Year	Adjusted Annual Revenues (1)	Less:	Adjusted Operating Expenses (2)	Net Available Revenue	Debt Service			Coverage
		Principal			Interest	Total		
Electric Revenue Certificates of Participation								
2015	\$ 67,132	\$	52,116	\$ 15,016	\$ 4,960	\$ 3,358	\$ 8,318	1.81
2014	67,144		50,349	16,795	4,750	3,606	8,356	2.01
2013	63,974		51,209	12,765	4,575	3,839	8,414	1.52
2012	65,220		50,164	15,056	3,270	4,021	7,291	2.07
2011	63,307		48,397	14,910	3,080	4,152	7,232	2.06
2010	70,288		49,949	20,339	2,920	4,274	7,194	2.83
2009	75,195		58,370	16,825	5,240	4,720	9,960	1.69
2008	74,923		54,437	20,486	2,305	3,961	6,266	3.27
2007	67,865		52,984	14,881	2,350	3,977	6,327	2.35
2006	61,066		51,131	9,935	-	3,613	3,613	2.75

CITY OF LODI

PLEGGED-REVENUE COVERAGE (continued) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Dollars amounts in thousands)

Fiscal Year	Adjusted Annual Revenues (1)	Less: Adjusted Operating Expenses (2)	Net Available Revenue	Debt Service			Coverage
				Principal	Interest	Total	
Wastewater Certificates of Participation and Revenue Bonds							
2015	\$ 15,845	\$ 6,335	\$ 9,510	\$ 1,500	\$ 2,172	\$ 3,672	2.59
2014	15,186	6,003	9,183	4,610	2,294	6,904	1.33
2013	14,305	5,674	8,631	1,500	2,560	4,060	2.13
2012	13,787	6,659	7,128	1,430	2,688	4,118	1.73
2011	16,508	5,972	10,536	1,370	2,748	4,118	2.56
2010	12,284	6,180	6,104	1,320	2,832	4,152	1.47
2009	10,764	5,921	4,843	1,270	2,882	4,152	1.17
2008	10,530	6,189	4,341	1,355	2,334	3,689	1.18
2007	9,881	5,287	4,594	1,315	2,017	3,332	1.38
2006	9,865	4,886	4,979	1,275	2,056	3,331	1.49

CITY OF LODI

PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE (continued) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Dollars amounts in thousands)

Fiscal Year	Adjusted Annual Revenues (1)	Less: Adjusted Operating Expenses (2)	Net Available Revenue	Debt Service			Coverage
				Principal	Interest (3)	Total	
Water Revenue Bonds							
2015	\$ 13,370	\$ 5,815	\$ 7,555	\$ 850	\$ 1,506	\$ 2,356	3.21
2014	14,166	6,835	7,331	825	1,530	2,355	3.11
2013	13,367	6,899	6,468	800	1,535	2,335	2.77
2012	13,275	5,392	7,883	775	1,530	2,305	3.42
2011	14,051	5,662	8,389	1,409	874	2,283	3.67

Includes all nongeneral obligation long-term debt backed by pledged revenues.

Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in Note 8 of these financial statements.

- (1) Total operating revenues including investment earnings, operating grants, capital contributions and other revenue.
- (2) Total operating expenses including cost of services paid to the General Fund and excluding in-lieu fees, depreciation and amortization.
- (3) Net of Build America Bonds interest subsidy.

CITY OF LODI
DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	Square Miles	City Population	Population Percent Change	San Joaquin County Population	Population Percent of County	Rank in Size of California Cities	Personal Income (millions of dollars)	Per Capita Personal Income	Unemployment Rate
2015	13.98	63,719	0.4%	719,511	8.9%	138	\$ 2,215	34,755	7.8%
2014	13.98	63,651	0.2%	710,731	9.0%	135	2,102	33,024	8.8%
2013	13.92	62,930	0.2%	698,414	9.0%	137	1,952	31,013	9.0%
2012	13.92	62,825	0.8%	695,750	9.0%	136	1,931	30,732	11.3%
2011	13.92	62,473	0.6%	690,899	9.0%	135	1,882	30,132	13.4%
2010	13.92	63,549	0.6%	694,293	9.2%	136	1,980	31,166	13.3%
2009	13.92	63,313	-0.1%	689,480	9.2%	135	1,967	31,071	12.2%
2008	13.92	63,362	-0.1%	685,600	9.2%	133	1,849	29,178	7.1%
2007	13.17	63,395	0.9%	679,687	9.3%	129	1,822	28,743	6.1%
2006	12.81	62,817	0.6%	668,265	9.4%	131	1,713	27,272	5.5%

Personal income is the income received by all persons from all sources. Personal income is the sum of net earnings by place of residence, rental income of persons, personal dividend income, personal interest income, and personal current transfer receipts.

Per capita personal income is calculated as the personal income of residents of a given area divided by the resident population of the area. In computing per capita personal income, Bureau of Economic analysis uses the Census Bureau's annual midyear population estimates.

Source: State of California, Department of Finance, Demographic Research Unit and Department of Labor.

CITY OF LODI

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

<u>Employer</u>	Current			Nine Years Ago		
	<u>Employees</u>	<u>Rank</u>	<u>Percent of Total City Employment</u>	<u>Employees</u>	<u>Rank</u>	<u>Percent of Total City Employment</u>
Lodi Unified School District	3,090	1	11.83 %	2,400	1	9.19 %
Lodi Memorial Hospital	1,386	2	5.31	900	2	3.44
Pacific Coast Producers	2,800	3	10.72	500	4	1.91
Blue Shield	780	4	2.99	550	3	2.11
ConAgra	485	5	1.86			
General Mills	280	6	1.07	425	6	1.63
City of Lodi	391	7	1.50	429	5	1.64
Walmart	190	8	0.73	317	7	1.21
Farmers & Merchants Bank	192	9	0.73	314	8	1.20
Target	177	10	0.68	186	10	0.71
Valley Industries				295	9	1.13
Total	9,771		37.41	6,316		24.18

CITY OF LODI

FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY DEPARTMENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Fiscal Year									
	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011*	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
Department:										
Administration	10	10	10	12	13	31	32	19	35	33
Community Development	11	9	9	9	13	13	13	14	18	17
Electric	48	43	40	40	41	51	50	48	64	65
Financial Services						24	26	39	30	28
Fire	53	53	53	54	64	64	64	64	64	61
Internal Services	31	31	31	29	35					
Library	10	10	11	12	14	14	14	14	16	14
Parks and Recreation						31	31	30	34	31
Parks, Recreation and Cultural Services	26	27	27	29	37					
Police	102	104	104	103	125	125	125	125	116	117
Public Works	100	95	92	93	98	102	102	107	114	99
Total	391	382	377	381	440	455	457	460	491	465

* Community Center, Human Resources and Information Systems were previously included in Administration. Budget, Financial Services, Human Resources and Information Services are now Internal Services. Community Center, Parks & Recreation are now Parks, Recreation and Cultural Services.

Source: City of Lodi Budget Document

CITY OF LODI
OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM/DEPARTMENT
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Fiscal Year									
	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
General government:										
Building permits issued	2,404	1,791	1,578	1,461	2,022	1,709	1,754	1,851	2,317	2,699
Business tax certificates:										
Retail sales and service	2,281	2,633	2,526	2,485	2,530	2,406	2,496	2,442	2,632	2,565
Manufacturers and processors	23	80	78	77	76	80	82	78	78	125
Professions	323	362	362	364	371	373	380	398	404	322
Miscellaneous contractors, peddlers, delivery vehicles, etc.	1,256	1,595	1,456	1,362	1,357	1,312	1,411	1,063	1,127	533
Utility billing/customer service:										
Number of customers	25,912	25,733	23,927	23,761	23,575	25,573	25,555	25,555	25,712	25,655
Energy sales (KWH)	438,780,911	437,294,133	435,822,465	435,655,731	421,130,329	434,200,987	452,075,554	450,407,709	458,740,745	459,637,092
Peak demand (MW)	134	126	122	116	116	120	134	134	144	127
Public safety:										
Police:										
Major reported crimes	2,268	2,519	2,643	3,573	2,885	2,377	2,454	2,993	3,096	3,234
Total arrests	3,690	3,656	3,825	4,350	4,410	4,238	4,646	5,590	5,463	5,162
Dispatched calls for service	35,992	35,281	50,124	46,756	52,061	51,870	56,391	55,911	53,686	55,937
Fire:										
Interior structure fire calls	32	33	67	57	56	47	69	88	79	66
Non-structural fire calls	143	1,923	209	163	121	123	123	160	163	158
Hazardous materials calls	65	53	58	41	69	70	70	35	27	26
Emergency medical calls	3,418	3,848	3,882	3,820	3,752	3,494	3,364	3,420	3,213	2,912
Total emergency calls	3,666	4,144	5,823	5,620	5,753	5,385	5,392	5,346	5,000	4,447
Total number of units dispatched	5,727	7,845	7,954	7,855	7,835	7,390	7,038	7,841	7,005	6,055
Public works:										
Miles of streets resurfaced	6	6	6	6	6	3	6	5	4	33
Fleet job orders completed	2,500	2,004	1,803	1,953	2,810	3,303	3,921	3,520	6,938	5,608
Trees planted	135	131	131				96	130	95	-
Water utility:										
New connections	8	8	8	7	8	17	17	35	110	266
Water main breaks	16	14	14	10	8	6	4	4	10	8
Wastewater utility:										
Average daily treatment (million gal/day)	4.6MG	5.0MG	5.10MG	6.5MG	6.5MG	6.5MG	6.5MG	6.5MG	6.9MG	6.7MG
Library:										
Registered borrowers	58,824	55,835	51,594	47,147	43,927	39,199	53,530	48,969	44,558	52,779
Circulation of library materials	197,673	225,476	215,293	217,742	248,250	251,967	219,711	280,466	273,270	281,216
Reference, research and informational questions answered	13,189	16,750	16,270	14,463	16,234	16,501	15,379	19,257	18,854	17,342
Annual attendance at libraries		209,929	224,762	222,148	210,279	207,123	n/a	296,793	288,070	287,986
Number of programs offered	432	284	407	432	388	344	316	348	339	320
Annual attendance at programs	12,888	10,824	14,443	12,993	13,133	10,676	8,765	11,242	10,700	10,872
Public access computer usage	41,180	47,126	45,871	47,428	58,990	52,124	38,388	38,999	35,260	29,896

(Continued)

CITY OF LODI
 OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM/DEPARTMENT - (continued)
 LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Fiscal Year									
	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
Community center:										
Community center bookings	794	769	718	698	926	789	475	494	302	220
Instructional classes	500	553	580	307	536	583	507	530	478	509
Registered students	2,586	3,269	2,819	3,713	3,438	3,525	3,316	5,550	3,548	4,369
Yearly attendance	13,925	13,925	13,925	13,925	14,217	13,355	14,050	14,410	14,429	15,369
Parks and recreation:										
After school program registration (number of participants/sites)	315140/19	254,096/20	1,715/20	3,232/20	1,920/4	1,920/4	1,920/4	3,014/4	145,000/12	135,000/12
Adult sports										
Program/Participation	15,285	2,082	2,246	2,420	2,528	2,528	2,284	28,000	36,000	36,000
Programs offered	18	17	16	15	16	16	13	11	11	11
Partnerships	2	2	2	3	5	5	1	3	3	5
Tournaments	10	5	6	12	7	7	10	10	20	20
Youth/Teen sports										
Program attendance	3,621	3,672	3,643	3,889	4,251	4,251	215,000	195,000	200,000	200,000
Programs offered	18	18	19	24	16	16	24	14	14	20
Aquatics										
Program attendance	28,009	27,731	23,414	34,366	32,566	32,566	2,433	50,000	59,000	59,000
Number of programs	15	13	13	25	13	13	6	3	8	6

Source: City of Lodi

CITY OF LODI
CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM/DEPARTMENT
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Fiscal Year									
	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
General government:										
Total square miles	13.92	13.92	13.92	13.92	13.92	13.92	13.92	13.92	13.17	12.81
Public safety:										
Police:										
Facilities:										
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Animal control facility	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Police training facility (pistol range)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Vehicles:										
Marked patrol cars	23	23	23	23	23	23	25	25	25	28
Motorcycles and scooters	7	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	4
Animal control vehicles	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3
Other automobiles	37	37	37	37	37	37	38	40	41	41
Fire:										
Facilities:										
Fire stations	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Vehicles:										
Fire engines	6	6	6	6	7	7	7	6	6	5
Trucks/Trailers	6	6	6	5	5	6	6	9	8	7
Other automobiles	11	11	11	9	8	10	12	7	10	11
Public works:										
Miles of streets	202	202	202	202	202	202	202	200	184	198
Miles of alley ways	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16
Traffic signals	67	67	67	67	67	62	62	64	66	64
Street lights	7,270	7,270	7,270	7,270	7,270	7,270	7,270	7,270	7,270	7,203

(Continued)

CITY OF LODI
CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM/DEPARTMENT - (continued)
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Fiscal Year									
	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
Parks and recreation:										
Parks and squares	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	23	23	23
Park acreage	361	361	361	373	373	373	371	275	275	275
Boating facilities - launch lanes	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Senior center	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Community Centers	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Swimming pools	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	3	3	3
Baseball/softball diamonds	20	20	20	24	24	24	24	26	26	26
Tennis courts	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
Skateboard park	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Playgrounds	20	20	20	22	25	25	25	22	22	22
Ballpark	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	26	26	26
Soccer Field	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22
Football Field	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	3	3
Handball/Basketball/Volleyball Courts/Bocce Courts	12	12	12	10	10	10	10	8	8	8
Horseshoe Pits	8	8	8	8	6	6	6	7	10	10
Library:										
Central library	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Total items in collection	119,554	148,287	149,243	135,113	134,804	130,530	135,197	142,885	142,098	134,129
Integrated library system	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Microfilm readers	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Microfilm readers/printers	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Self check out machines	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	0	1	1
Electric utility:										
Overhead lines 12kv (miles)	117	117	133	133	133	130	130	130	129	129
Overhead lines 60kv (miles)	14	14	14	14	13	13	13	13	13	13
Underground lines (miles)	118	115	159	159	157	155	154	153	151	151

(Continued)

CITY OF LODI
CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM/DEPARTMENT - (continued)
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Fiscal Year									
	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
Water utility:										
Water main lines	236	236	236	236	236	237	233	233	238	235
Water storage capacity (gallons)	4,100,000	4,100,000	4,100,000	1,100,000	1,100,000	1,100,000	1,100,000	1,100,000	1,100,000	1,100,000
Water wells	28	28	28	27	27	26	26	26	26	26
Water reservoirs	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Wastewater utility:										
Wastewater main lines (miles)	196	196	196	196	196	191	194	194	189	182
Treatment capacity	8.5 MG	8.5 MG	8.5 MG	8.5 MG	8.5 MG	8.5 MG	8.5 MG	8.5 MG	8.5 MG	8.5 MG
Wastewater treatment plant	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Stormwater utility:										
Stormwater main drain lines (miles)	124	124	124	124	124	124	161	119	161	115
Stormwater pump stations	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	13
Central parking district:										
Parking structure	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Parking spaces	2,450	2,450	2,453	2,453	2,453	2,453	2,453	2,453	2,453	2,453
Parking lots	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25

Source: City of Lodi Departments

SINGLE AUDIT REPORTS

CITY OF LODI
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Federal Grantor

Pass-through Grantor or Direct Federal Program Title	CFDA Number	Grant/Project Number	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			
Direct:			
Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants	14.218	B-13-MC-06-0038	\$ 263,095
Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants	14.218	B-14-MC-06-0038	<u>221,663</u>
Total Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants			<u>484,758</u>
U.S. Department of Justice			
Direct:			
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	16.738	2013-DJ-BX-0877	<u>9,846</u>
U.S. Department of Transportation			
Direct:			
Federal Transit - Formula Grants	20.507	CA-95-X169	130,542
Federal Transit - Formula Grants	20.507	CA-95-X207	1,442,302
Federal Transit - Formula Grants	20.507	CA-90-Z171	332,800
Federal Transit - Formula Grants	20.507	CA-90-Z281	678,769
Federal Transit - Formula Grants	20.507	CA-90-Z293	<u>913,769</u>
Total Federal Transit - Formula Grants			<u>3,498,182</u>

See accompanying notes to the schedule of expenditures of federal awards.

CITY OF LODI
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS (Continued)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Federal Grantor

Pass-through Grantor or Direct Federal Program Title	CFDA Number	Grant/Project Number	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Transportation (Continued)			
Passed through California Department of Transportation:			
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	STPL-5154(040)	\$ 230,890
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	RPSTPLE-5154(044)	<u>43,358</u>
Total Highway Planning and Construction			<u>274,248</u>
Passed through California Office of Traffic Safety			
State and Community Highway Safety	20.600	PT1462	26,531
Passed through University of California, Berkeley:			
State and Community Highway Safety	20.600	SC14230	<u>14,602</u>
Total State and Community Highway Safety			<u>41,133</u>
Passed through California Office of Traffic Safety			
Minimum Penalties for Repeat Offenders for Driving While Intoxicated	20.608	PT1557	112,533
Passed through City of Stockton:			
Minimum Penalties for Repeat Offenders for Driving While Intoxicated	20.608	AL1160	<u>16,473</u>
Total Minimum Penalties for Repeat Offenders for Driving While Intoxicated			<u>129,006</u>
Total U.S. Department of Transportation			<u>3,942,569</u>
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			<u><u>\$ 4,437,173</u></u>

See accompanying notes to the schedule of expenditures of federal awards.

CITY OF LODI
NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 1 – GENERAL

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (SEFA) for the year ended June 30, 2015, presents the activity of all federal award programs of the City of Lodi, California (City). The City reporting entity is defined in Note 1 of the City’s basic financial statements. All federal awards received directly from federal agencies, as well as federal awards passed through other government agencies, are included in the SEFA.

NOTE 2 – BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The accompanying SEFA is presented using the modified accrual basis of accounting for grants accounted for in governmental fund types and the full accrual basis of accounting for grants accounted for in proprietary fund types, as described in Note 1 of the City’s basic financial statements.

NOTE 3 – CATALOG OF FEDERAL DOMESTIC ASSISTANCE (CFDA)

The CFDA numbers included in the accompanying SEFA were determined based on the program name, review of grant contract information and Office of Management and Budget’s Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance.

NOTE 4 – SUBRECIPIENTS

Of the federal expenditures presented in the SEFA, the City provided federal awards to subrecipients as follows:

Federal Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Amount Provided to Subrecipients
Community Development Block Grants/ Entitlement Grants	14.218	\$192,737

**Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards***

The Honorable Members of City Council
City of Lodi, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Lodi, California (City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 3, 2016.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as item 2015-001 that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

City's Response to Finding

The City's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. The City's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of the Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Macias Gini & O'Connell LLP". The signature is written in a cursive, slightly slanted style.

Sacramento, California
February 3, 2016



**Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program and on
Internal Control Over Compliance Required by OMB Circular A-133**

The Honorable Members of City Council
City of Lodi, California

Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program

We have audited the City of Lodi's (City) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on the City's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2015. The City's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for the City's major federal program based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance.

Opinion on Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2015.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on the major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for the major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. *A material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. *A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Macias Gini & O'Connell LLP

Sacramento, California
February 3, 2016

**CITY OF LODI
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015**

Section I – Summary of Auditor’s Results

Financial Statements:

Type of auditor’s report issued:	Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting:	
▪ Material weaknesses identified?	No
▪ Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	Yes
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	No

Federal Awards:

Internal control over major federal programs:	
▪ Material weaknesses identified?	No
▪ Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	None reported
Type of auditor’s report issued on compliance for major federal programs:	Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Section 510(a) of Circular A-133?	No
Identification of major federal programs:	
<u>Federal Program Title</u>	<u>CFDA No.</u>
Federal Transit – Formula Grants	20.507
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:	\$300,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	Yes

CITY OF LODI
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (Continued)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Section II – Financial Statement Findings

Reference Number: 2015-001

Criteria:

Under generally accepted accounting principles, internal service funds are expressly designed to function as *cost-reimbursement devices*. That is, an internal service fund is simply a means of accumulating costs related to a given activity on an accrual basis so that the costs can subsequently be allocated to the benefitting funds in the form of fees and charges.

Condition:

The City is not charging City funds their share of the City's Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) costs accumulating in its Benefits Internal Service Fund.

Context:

The Benefits Internal Service Fund's deficit net position balances were \$1,078,724, \$1,930,874, \$2,934,664, \$3,621,665, \$3,203,516, \$3,568,267, and \$3,712,939 as of June 30, 2009, 2010, 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014, and 2015, respectively.

Effect:

This condition resulted in an increase of \$144,672 in the deficit net position of the Benefits Internal Service Fund during the year ended June 30, 2015.

Cause:

The City is only charging City funds their share of the City's OPEB costs that it has chosen to pay under a pay-as-you-go basis.

Recommendation:

Under generally accepted accounting principles, the City should either charge City funds their share of the OPEB costs incurred in its Benefits Internal Service Fund as opposed to limiting the charges to those costs actually paid, or report the OPEB liability in other City funds like is done for the net pension liability.

Management Response and Corrective Action:

The City's practice of reflecting the total liability and expense of the OPEB program in the Benefits Internal Service Fund enhances transparency in reporting by showing the impact of this reporting requirement in one location. The deficit net position will continue until the City fully funds the actuarially calculated liability and expense that it is required to record. Staff will bring forward the deficit amount each budget cycle for City Council consideration.

Section III – Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None

**CITY OF LODI
SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015**

Financial Statement Findings

Reference Number: **2014-001**

Criteria:

Under generally accepted accounting principles, internal service funds are expressly designed to function as *cost-reimbursement devices*. That is, an internal service fund is simply a means of accumulating costs related to a given activity on an accrual basis so that the costs can subsequently be allocated to the benefitting funds in the form of fees and charges.

Condition:

The City is not charging City funds their share of the City's Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) costs accumulating in its Benefits Internal Service Fund.

Context:

The Benefits Internal Service Fund's deficit net position balances were \$1,078,724, \$1,930,874, \$2,934,664, \$3,621,665, \$3,203,516, and \$3,568,267 as of June 30, 2009, 2010, 2011, 2012, 2013, and 2014, respectively.

Effect:

This condition resulted in an increase of \$364,751 in the deficit net position of the Benefits Internal Service Fund during the year ended June 30, 2014.

Cause:

The City is only charging City funds their share of the City's OPEB costs that it has chosen to pay under a pay-as-you-go basis.

Recommendation:

Under generally accepted accounting principles, the City needs to charge City funds their share of the OPEB costs incurred in its Benefits Internal Service Fund as opposed to limiting the charges to those costs actually paid.

Management Response and Corrective Action:

The City's practice of reflecting the total liability and expense of the OPEB program in the Benefits Internal Service Fund enhances transparency in reporting by showing the impact of this reporting requirement in one location. The deficit net position will continue until the City fully funds the actuarially calculated liability and expense that it is required to record. Staff will bring forward the deficit amount each budget cycle for City Council consideration.

Status:

During the year ended June 30, 2015, the Benefits Internal Service Fund's deficit net position increased by \$144,672, therefore this recommendation continues as finding 2015-001.

CITY OF LODI
SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (Continued)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Reference Number: **2014-002**

Criteria:

Under generally accepted accounting principles, costs directly related to the acquisition or construction of capital assets, should be capitalized and not expensed. The City defines capital assets as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$3,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years.

Condition:

Transactions relating to the City's water meter capital asset project were expensed.

Cause:

The condition is a result of the timing of the City's year-end close process. The City runs a capital report identifying the City's capital asset activity and reconciles the activity to general ledger activity to ensure all costs were captured. However, costs relating to a capital project were accrued and reported in the general ledger subsequent to the previously mentioned reconciliation, thus project costs were improperly reported as an expense and not capitalized.

Effect:

As a result of this condition, a significant audit adjustment for the Water Fund debiting "capital assets" on the Statement of Net Position and crediting "services and supplies" expense on the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position for \$1,499,302 was recorded.

Recommendation:

The City should improve its year-end procedures for identifying capital projects to ensure proper financial reporting.

Management Response and Corrective Action:

The City is currently transitioning to a new financial system which includes capital assets and project management modules. These two modules will not only streamline the year-end capitalization process, it will also ensure proper financial reporting of the City's capital assets.

Status:

No transactions that should have been capitalized were determined to have been expensed during the year, therefore we consider this recommendation implemented.

CONTINUING DISCLOSURES

UNAUDITED

**CONTINUING DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS FOR THE CITY OF LODI, THE LODI PUBLIC IMPROVEMENT CORPORATION
AND THE LODI PUBLIC FINANCING AUTHORITY
Fiscal Year 2012-13**

The City of Lodi has executed Continuing Disclosure Certificates associated with the various debt issues outstanding by the Electric Utility, Wastewater Utility and the Lodi Public Improvement Corporation. These Certificates were executed to satisfy provisions of Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 15c2-12(b) (5). The material provided herein applies to the various debt issues as noted. Data for each utility is shown separately.

This Bond Disclosure Section included within the City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) provides the information required by the Continuing Disclosure Certificates. The CAFR, in turn, will be filed with the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board. The CAFR may also be found on the City's website at www.lodi.gov.

ANNUAL REPORT FOR ELECTRIC UTILITY

The Lodi Electric Utility has Continuing Disclosure requirements associated with its 2008 Series A Certificates of Participation, and 2002 Taxable Series D Certificates of Participation. The annual report includes, by reference, the audited financial statement of the City of Lodi (including the Electric Utility).

The annual report also contains the following five (5) tables as required in the Certificates:

1. A table setting forth the City's power supply resources for the most recently completed fiscal year.
2. A table showing the average number of customers, sales, revenues and demand for the past five fiscal years.
3. A table showing the outstanding debt of joint powers agencies in which Lodi participates and the City of Lodi share of that debt for the most recent fiscal year.
4. A table showing a summary of Operating Results for the past five fiscal years.
5. A table showing Lodi Electric Utility Department Rate Changes since November 1996 (applicable only to the 2002 Series C and D issues).

Reporting of Significant Events

The Certificates identify eleven (11) specific events that require special reporting. As of June 30, 2015, none of the specified events have occurred. Further, there is no knowledge on the part of the City Council, officers or employees of the City of any impending Significant Event that would require disclosure under the provisions of the Certificates.

Table 1 A table setting forth the City's power supply resources.

**CITY OF LODI
ELECTRIC UTILITY DEPARTMENT
POWER SUPPLY RESOURCES**

Source	Capacity Available (MW) ⁽¹⁾⁽⁴⁾	Actual Energy (MWh)	% of Total Energy
Purchased Power ⁽²⁾ :			
Western	8.00	9,824	2.15%
NCPA			
Geothermal Project	12.91	87,319	19.09
Hydroelectric Project	26.20	17,217	3.76
Combustion Turbine Project No. 1	9.98	439	0.10
Capital Facilities, Unit One	19.71	1,442	0.32
Lodi Energy Center	28.75	158,527	34.65
Contracts and Exchanges ⁽³⁾	45.00	182,686	39.93
Total	150.55	457,454⁽⁴⁾	100.00%
Total Capacity and Energy Sold at Wholesale	N/A	3,326	
City System Requirement for Retail Load	134.01	454,128	

(1) Source: NCPA. Non-coincident capacity.

(2) Entitlements, firm allocations and contract amounts.

(3) Includes participation in NCPA/Seattle City Light exchange.

(4) Includes supply from exchanges and line losses.

Table 2 A table showing the average number of customers, sales, revenues and demand for the past five fiscal years.

**CITY OF LODI
ELECTRIC UTILITY DEPARTMENT
CUSTOMER SALES, REVENUE AND DEMAND**

	Fiscal Years Ended June 30,				
	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Number of Customers:					
Residential	22,251	22,244	22,369	22,547	22,355
Commercial	2,865	2,834	2,902	2,898	3,264
Industrial	39	37	39	38	40
Other	229	235	246	250	253
Total Customers	25,384	25,350	25,556	25,733	25,912
Kilowatt-Hour (kWh) Sales:					
Residential	144,256,683	149,814,375	151,814,834	148,762,783	148,950,428
Commercial	137,584,723	138,735,487	140,733,500	146,176,148	149,380,413
Industrial	128,072,575	135,620,441	131,473,405	130,333,102	128,814,673
Other	11,216,348	11,485,428	11,800,726	12,022,160	11,635,397
Total kWh sales	421,130,329	435,655,731	435,822,465	437,294,193	438,780,911
Revenues from Sale of Energy:					
Residential	\$ 24,513,202	\$ 25,606,368	\$ 25,377,978	\$ 25,270,075	\$ 25,165,194
Commercial	21,870,624	21,814,073	21,816,149	23,127,603	23,780,354
Industrial	13,914,539	14,876,828	14,173,951	14,381,296	14,418,921
Other	1,868,985	1,954,099	1,861,567	1,913,833	1,871,470
Total Revenues from Sale of Energy:	\$ 62,167,350	\$ 64,251,368	\$ 63,229,645	\$ 64,692,808	\$ 65,235,939
Peak Demand (MW)	123.9	116.0	123.3	128.7	134.0

Excludes revenues from California Energy Commission Tax.

Sources: City of Lodi, audited annual financial statements and Customer Information System reports.

Table 3 A table showing the outstanding debt of joint powers agencies in which Lodi participates.

**CITY OF LODI
ELECTRIC UTILITY DEPARTMENT
OUTSTANDING DEBT OF JOINT POWERS AGENCIES
(Dollar Amounts in Millions)**

	<u>Outstanding Debt⁽¹⁾</u>	<u>Lodi's Participation⁽²⁾</u>	<u>Lodi's Share of Outstanding Debt</u>
NCPA			
Geothermal Project Three	\$ 38.0	10.28%	\$ 3.9
Hydroelectric Project	383.0	10.37	39.7
Capital Facilities Project Unit One	44.6	39.50	17.6
Lodi Energy Center Project	241.0	17.03	41.0
TANC			
COTP	284.0	1.92 ⁽³⁾	5.5
TOTAL*	<u>\$ 990.6</u>	<u>10.87%</u>	<u>\$ 107.7</u>

* Columns may not add to totals due to independent rounding.

(1) Source: NCPA Financial Statements.

(2) Participation obligation is subject to increase upon default of another project participant. Such increase shall not exceed, without the written Consent of a non-defaulting participant, an accumulated maximum of 25% of such non-defaulting participant's original participation.

(3) Lodi's actual payment obligation differs slightly from this percentage due to varying shares of certain series of TANC bonds relating to each TANC member-participant's taxable portion and each TANC member-participant's participation or non-participation in acquisition of assets from Vernon. Effective July 1, 2014, Lodi has entered into a layoff of its COTP interest which will effectively reduce Lodi's share of outstanding debt to \$0. Lodi remains contractually obligated for its share.

Source: Northern California Power Agency.

Table 4 A table showing a summary of operating results for the past five fiscal years.

**CITY OF LODI
ELECTRIC SYSTEM
SUMMARY OF OPERATING RESULTS ⁽¹⁾
Ending Fiscal Year June 30 (Dollars in 000s)**

	Actual 2011	Actual 2012	Actual 2013	Actual 2014	Actual 2015
Operating Revenues					
Rate Revenue	\$ 59,676	\$ 61,658	\$ 61,888	\$ 61,837	\$ 63,370
ECA Revenue	2,491	2,593	1,341	2,856	1,867
Other Revenue	1,140	969	745	2,451	1,895
Total Operating Revenue	<u>63,307</u>	<u>65,220</u>	<u>63,974</u>	<u>67,144</u>	<u>67,132</u>
Operating Expenses					
Purchased Power	35,282	39,416	39,191	37,303	38,512
Non-Power Costs ⁽²⁾	13,115	10,748	12,018	13,046	13,604
Total Operating Expenses	<u>48,397</u>	<u>50,164</u>	<u>51,209</u>	<u>50,349</u>	<u>52,116</u>
Net Revenue Available for Debt Service	<u>14,910</u>	<u>15,056</u>	<u>12,765</u>	<u>16,795</u>	<u>15,016</u>
Parity Debt Service					
2002 C & D, 2008 A Bonds	7,232	7,291	8,414	8,356	8,318
Total Net Debt Service	<u>7,232</u>	<u>7,291</u>	<u>8,414</u>	<u>8,356</u>	<u>8,318</u>
Debt Service Coverage	2.06	2.07	1.52	2.01	1.81
Remaining Revenue Available for Other Purposes	7,678	7,765	4,351	8,439	6,698
Non-Operating Revenue/Expenses					
Greenhouse gas allowance			2,018	453	2,323
In-Lieu Transfer to General Fund	(6,977)	(6,977)	(6,977)	(6,977)	(7,033)
Net Cash Flow Before Capital Expenditures	<u>701</u>	<u>788</u>	<u>(608)</u>	<u>1,915</u>	<u>1,988</u>
Beginning Operating Reserve	25,899	28,455	30,384	31,082	33,850
Changes in GOR	1,854	1,141	1,306	942	745
Net Deposit/Withdrawal from Reserves	701	788	(608)	1,915	1,988
Ending Operating Reserve	<u>\$ 28,454</u>	<u>\$ 30,384</u>	<u>\$ 31,082</u>	<u>\$ 33,939</u>	<u>\$ 36,583</u>

Source: City of Lodi

(1) As defined in the Installment Purchase Contract, this may or may not be on the same basis as Generally Accepted Accounting Principles.

(2) Non-power costs include cost of services provided by other departments and does not include depreciation and amortization expense.

Table 5 A table showing Lodi Electric Utility Department Rate Changes since November 1996.

**CITY OF LODI
ELECTRIC UTILITY DEPARTMENT
RATE CHANGES**

Effective Date	Percent Change
September 2015	Extended Economic Development Rates
January 2015	Average 5% increase across all rate classes
July 2013	Established Electric Vehicle and Industrial Equipment Charging Rates
April 2009	Established Economic Development Rates updated July 2013
December 2007	Established Solar Initiative Surcharge of \$0.00125 per kilowatt-hour
August 2007	Implemented monthly Energy Cost Adjustment
December 2005	Average 17% increase across all rate classes
December 2002	4.5% average rate increase
August 2001	Increased MCA for all but contract customers: 10% to 12% rate change
June 2001	Implemented MCA for residential and small commercial: 8% to 10% rate change
December 1998	5.00% rate decrease for small commercial/industrial customers
May 1998	2.50% general rate increase to fund public benefit programs
September 1997	4.5 to 5.5 cents per kilowatt-hour, non-demand, non-time-use, contract rate available for new large commercial/industrial loads
December 1996	10% to 40% economic development discount on new small to medium commercial/industrial electric loads

November 1996

Economic Stimulus Rate Credit increased to 1.262 cents per kilowatt-hour from 0.4 cents per kilowatt-hour for largest primary service customers (estimated 19% reduction)

Source: City of Lodi.

ANNUAL REPORT FOR WASTEWATER UTILITY

The Lodi Wastewater Utility has Continuing Disclosure requirements associated with its 2004 Series A Certificates of Participation, 2007 Series A Certificates of Participation and the 2012 Refunding Wastewater Revenue Bonds. The annual report includes, by reference, the audited financial statement of the City of Lodi (including the Wastewater Utility).

The annual report also contains the following five (5) tables as required in the Certificates:

1. A table setting forth the City's number of connections by user type for the past five fiscal years.
2. A table showing the proportion of service charge revenue by class of user for the most recent fiscal year (applicable only to the 2004 Series A issue).
3. A table showing the largest users by service charge revenues for the most recent fiscal year.
4. A table showing a schedule of service charges.
5. A table showing a summary of historic operating results and debt service coverage for the past five fiscal years.

Additionally, the Certificate for the 2007 Series A issue requires a description of any additional indebtedness incurred during the prior fiscal year which is payable from the system net revenues on a parity with the installment payments.

Reporting of Significant Events

The Certificates identify eleven (11) specific events that require special reporting. As of June 30, 2015, none of the specified events have occurred. Further, there is no knowledge on the part of the City Council, officers or employees of the City of any impending Significant Event that would require disclosure under the provisions of the Certificates.

Table 1 A table setting forth the City's number of connections by user type for the past five fiscal years.

**City of Lodi
Wastewater System
Number of Connections by User Type
as of June 30
and Percentage of Fiscal Year 2014-15 Service Charge Revenue by User Type**

User Type	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>% of FY 14/15 Service Charge Revenue</u>
Residential	21,956	21,864	21,959	22,076	21,920	77%
Commercial/Industrial	<u>1,785</u>	<u>1,819</u>	<u>1,851</u>	<u>1,851</u>	<u>1,876</u>	<u>23%</u>
Total All Users	<u><u>23,741</u></u>	<u><u>23,683</u></u>	<u><u>23,810</u></u>	<u><u>23,927</u></u>	<u><u>23,796</u></u>	<u><u>100%</u></u>

Source: City of Lodi

Table 2 A table showing the proportion of service charge revenue by class of user for the most recent fiscal year.

**City of Lodi
Wastewater System
Proportion of Service Charge Revenues by Class of User
Fiscal Year 2014-15**

<u>User Type</u>	<u>Percentage of Total Annual Service Charge Revenue</u>
Single Family Residential	60%
Multiple Family Residential	17%
Commercial/Industrial	23%
Total	100%

Source: City of Lodi

Table 3 A table showing the largest users by service charge revenue for the most recent fiscal year.

**City of Lodi
Wastewater System
Largest Users by Service Charge Revenues
Fiscal Year 2014-15**

<u>User</u>	<u>Type of Business</u>	<u>Service Charge Revenue</u>	<u>Percentage of Total Annual Service Charge Revenue</u>
ConAgra Foods	Specialty bakery, frozen dough	\$ 474,855	3.23%
General Mills	Cereals, bread mixes, snack foods	332,022	2.26
Lodi Unified School District	K-12, adult education	95,931	.65
Miller Packing Company	Hot dog producer	39,311	.27
Blue shield of California	Health Insurance	39,119	.27
Archer Daniels Midland	Agricultural processor	35,804	.24
Pacific Coast Producers	Private label fruit canning	32,856	.22
Covenant Care	Rehabilitation/Nursing Center	21,397	.14
Vienna Convalescent Hospital	Rehabilitation/Nursing Center	21,140	.14
Del Castillo Foods	Tortilla producer	20,580	.14
Total top ten users		\$ 1,113,015	7.56%
Total System		\$ 14,714,123	100.00%

Table 4 A table showing the schedule of service charges.

**City of Lodi
Wastewater System
Schedule of Wastewater Service Charges**

	<u>Service Charge</u> <u>(effective July</u> <u>1, 2011)</u>	<u>Service Charge</u> <u>(effective July</u> <u>1, 2012</u>	<u>Service</u> <u>Charge</u> <u>(effective July</u> <u>1, 2013)</u>	<u>Service</u> <u>Charge</u> <u>(effective July</u> <u>1, 2014)</u>
For Residential Users (per month):				
1 Bedroom.....	\$24.47	\$25.20	\$25.83	\$26.48
2 Bedrooms.....	32.62	33.60	34.44	35.30
3 Bedrooms.....	40.78	42.00	43.05	44.13
4 Bedrooms.....	48.93	50.40	51.66	52.95
5 Bedrooms.....	57.09	58.80	60.27	61.78
6 Bedrooms.....	65.24	67.20	68.88	70.60
7 Bedrooms.....	73.40	75.60	77.49	79.43
For Commercial/Industrial Users:				
Moderate Strength (annual per Sewage Service Unit (SSU).....	\$391.44	\$403.20	\$413.28	\$423.61
High Strength:				
Flow (annual per MG).....	3,303.25	3,402.35	3,487.41	3,574.60
BOD (annual per 1,000 lbs.).....	545.12	561.47	575.51	589.90
SS (annual per 1,000 lbs.).....	340.84	351.07	359.85	368.85
Grease Interceptor/Septic Holding Tank Waste within City Limits (per 1,000 gal.).....	288.63	297.29	304.72	312.34
Septic Holding Tank Waste Outside City Limits (per 1,000 gal.).....	612.73	631.11	646.89	663.06
Disposal to Storm Drain System (per MG).....	303.18	312.28	320.09	328.09
Disposal to Industrial System:				
Flow (per MG, annual basis).....	2,609.28	2,687.56		
BOD (per 1,000 lbs., annual basis).....	23.92	24.64		
Winery Waste (per 1,000 gallons).....	292.27	301.01	301.04	

Table 5 A table showing historic operating results and debt service coverage for the past five fiscal years.

City of Lodi Wastewater System Historical Operating Results and Debt Service Coverage Fiscal Years 2010-11 through 2014-15					
	<u>2010-11</u>	<u>2011-12</u>	<u>2012-13</u>	<u>2013-14</u>	<u>2014-15</u>
Operating Revenues					
Charges for Services	\$13,089,679	\$13,280,216	\$13,747,216	\$14,305,093	\$14,714,123
Non-Operating Revenues					
Interest Income	220,600	216,108	301,347	427,308	356,590
Rent					
Other	3,198,194	290,819	256,868	453,798	774,007
Total System Revenues	<u>16,508,473</u>	<u>13,787,143</u>	<u>14,305,431</u>	<u>15,186,199</u>	<u>15,844,720</u>
Operating Expenses					
Personnel services	3,257,618	3,130,012	3,089,930	3,215,190	3,116,493
Supplies, Materials and services	1,955,464	2,818,041	1,900,710	2,145,745	2,541,909
Utilities	758,934	710,622	683,508	642,508	676,838
Total Operating Expenses	<u>5,972,016</u>	<u>6,658,675</u>	<u>5,674,148</u>	<u>6,003,443</u>	<u>6,335,240</u>
System Net Revenues	10,536,457	7,128,468	8,631,283	9,182,756	9,509,480
Parity Debt Service					
2003 Installment Payments	381,393	379,170	381,122	3,280,111	
2004 Installment Payments	2,147,600	2,139,350	1,705,213	98,321	98,325
2007 Installment Payments	1,588,750	1,599,050	1,598,950	1,603,550	1,602,850
2012 Installment Payments			374,519	1,921,700	1,970,350
Total Parity Debt Service	<u>4,117,743</u>	<u>4,117,570</u>	<u>4,059,804</u>	<u>6,903,682</u>	<u>3,671,525</u>
Debt Service Coverage	2.56	1.73	2.13	1.33	2.59
Non-Operating Expenses					
Transfers (In)/Out	1,451,480	(778,092)	1,451,480	1,318,000	1,068,000
Total Non-Operating Expenses	1,451,480	(778,092)	1,451,480	1,318,000	1,068,000
Net Cashflow Before Capital Expenditures	\$4,967,234	\$3,788,990	\$3,119,999	\$961,072	\$4,769,955

Source: Financial Services Division

Additional Indebtedness

The Wastewater Utility did not incur any additional indebtedness during the 2014-15 fiscal year which is payable from the system net revenues on a parity with the installment payments.

ANNUAL REPORT FOR THE LODI PUBLIC IMPROVEMENT CORPORATION AND THE LODI PUBLIC FINANCING AUTHORITY

The Lodi Public Improvement Corporation and the Lodi Public Financing Authority have Continuing Disclosure requirements associated with its 2012 Refunding Lease Revenue Bonds. The annual report includes, by reference, the audited financial statement of the City of Lodi.

The annual report also contains the following five (5) tables as required in the Certificates:

1. A table setting forth the approved budget and actual results for the most recent fiscal year.
2. A table showing the comparative statements of revenue, expenditures and changes in fund balance for the general fund for the past five fiscal years.
3. A table showing the assessed valuations for the last five fiscal years.
4. A table showing the secured property tax collections for the past ten fiscal years.
5. A table showing the ten largest locally secured taxpayers for the last fiscal year.
6. A table showing the Employee-paid and City-paid employee portion of the retirement plan.

Reporting of Significant Events

The Certificates identify eleven (11) specific events that require special reporting. As of June 30, 2015, none of the specified events have occurred. Further, there is no knowledge on the part of the City Council, officers or employees of the City of any impending Significant Event that would require disclosure under the provisions of the Certificates.

***Table 1* A table setting forth the approved budget and actual results for the most recent fiscal year.**

Please refer to the Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual on page 86 of this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

Table 2 A table showing the comparative statements of revenue, expenditures and changes in fund balance for the general fund for the past five fiscal years.

**STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
GENERAL FUND
LAST FIVE YEARS**

	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Revenues:					
Taxes	\$ 23,061,164	22,928,438	23,022,370	23,718,396	24,630,745
Licenses and permits	83,395	79,745	62,582	83,420	87,908
Intergovernmental revenues	10,032,523	10,449,364	10,531,871	11,319,708	12,642,107
Charges for services	1,035,220	682,156	1,105,178	1,025,851	1,482,448
Fines, forfeits and penalties	1,404,307	1,355,101	1,628,870	1,552,531	1,573,071
Investment and rental income	455,923	807,270	979,100	1,548,787	1,546,845
Miscellaneous revenue	480,028	286,125	393,299	352,331	290,951
Total revenues	<u>36,552,560</u>	<u>36,588,199</u>	<u>37,723,270</u>	<u>39,601,024</u>	<u>42,254,075</u>
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General government	6,478,159	6,007,327	5,943,192	6,482,226	6,490,907
Public protection	24,091,472	24,923,155	25,920,654	26,470,110	26,388,172
Public works	1,421,238	1,112,569	1,555,833	1,554,939	1,882,250
Library	1,357,473	1,380,972	1,410,657	1,267,850	1,311,367
Parks and recreation	2,191,102				
Debt service:					
Interest and fiscal charges	6,427				
Principal payments	141,576				
Total expenditures	<u>35,687,447</u>	<u>33,424,023</u>	<u>34,830,336</u>	<u>35,775,125</u>	<u>36,072,696</u>
Excess of revenues over expenditures	<u>865,113</u>	<u>3,164,176</u>	<u>2,892,934</u>	<u>3,825,899</u>	<u>6,181,379</u>
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers in	5,379,186	5,370,230	5,367,990	3,952,000	3,952,000
Transfers out	(4,383,110)	(8,391,858)	(6,584,665)	(6,269,351)	(7,128,586)
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>996,076</u>	<u>(3,021,628)</u>	<u>(1,216,675)</u>	<u>(2,317,351)</u>	<u>(3,176,586)</u>
Net change in fund balances	1,861,189	142,548	1,676,259	1,508,548	3,004,793
Fund balances, beginning of year	4,285,216	6,146,405	6,288,953	7,965,212	9,473,760
Fund balances, end of year	<u>\$ 6,146,405</u>	<u>6,288,953</u>	<u>7,965,212</u>	<u>9,473,760</u>	<u>12,478,553</u>

Table 3 A table showing the assessed valuations for the last five fiscal years.

Please refer to the table shown in the Statistical Section on page 115.

Table 4 A table showing the secured property tax collections for the past ten fiscal years.

Please refer to the table shown in the Statistical Section on page 118.

Table 5 A table showing the ten largest locally secured taxpayers for the last fiscal year.

Please refer to the table shown in the Statistical Section on page 117.

Table 6 A table showing the Employee-paid and City-paid employee portion of the retirement plan.

**Pension Contributions
As of Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015**

<u>Bargaining Units</u>	<u>Employee Paid*</u>	<u>City Paid</u>	<u>Total Employee Share</u>
Council appointees	7.0%	%	7.0%
Executive management	7.0		7.0
Confidential mid-management	7.0		7.0
Confidential	7.0		7.0
Fire mid-management	9.0		9.0
Fire	9.0		9.0
Mid-management	7.0		7.0
General services	7.0		7.0
Maintenance and operators	7.0		7.0
IBEW	7.0		7.0
Police mid-management	9.0		9.0
Police	9.0		9.0
Dispatchers	7.0		7.0
*PEPRA Miscellaneous Employees	6.75		6.75
*PEPRA Safety Employees	11.25		11.25

ANNUAL REPORT FOR WATER UTILITY

The Lodi Water Utility has Continuing Disclosure requirements associated with its 2010 Series A and B Certificates of Participation. The annual report includes, by reference, the audited financial statement of the City of Lodi (including the Water Utility).

The annual report also contains the following four (4) tables as required in the Certificates:

1. A table setting forth the City's number of accounts and revenues by user type for the past five fiscal years.
2. A table showing the largest users by service charge revenues for the most recent fiscal year.
3. A table showing a schedule of selected rates effective January 1, 2015.
4. A table showing a summary of historic operating results and debt service coverage for the past five fiscal years.

Additionally, the Certificate for the 2010 Series A issue requires a description of any additional indebtedness incurred during the prior fiscal year which is payable from the system net revenues on a parity with the installment payments.

Reporting of Significant Events

The Certificates identify eleven (11) specific events that require special reporting. As of June 30, 2015, none of the specified events have occurred. Further, there is no knowledge on the part of the City Council, officers or employees of the City of any impending Significant Event that would require disclosure under the provisions of the Certificates.

Table 1 A table showing number of accounts and revenues by user type.

**CITY OF LODI
WATER SYSTEM
Number of Accounts and Revenues by User Type**

Year Ending December 31	Commercial/Industrial/ <u>Municipal</u>		<u>Residential</u>	
	Number of Accounts	Revenue	Number of Accounts	Revenue
2007	1,445	\$ 2,043,731	21,533	\$ 8,715,928
2008	1,470	2,184,496	21,449	9,429,594
2009	1,382	2,188,486	21,577	9,600,129
2010	1,383	2,097,001	21,622	9,604,412
2011	1,396	2,169,967	21,593	9,706,537
2012	1,432	2,329,957	23,399	8,411,315
2013	1,415	2,436,777	21,717	10,353,374
2014	1,435	2,534,741	21,722	10,359,235

Source: City of Lodi

Table 2 A table showing the largest users by service charge revenue for the most recent fiscal year.

**City of Lodi
Water System
Largest Users by Service Charge Revenues
Fiscal Year 2014-15**

<u>User</u>	<u>Type of Business</u>	<u>Service Charge Revenue</u>	<u>Percentage of Total Annual Service Charge Revenue</u>
Lodi Unified School District	K-12, adult education	\$ 303,546	2.39%
City of Lodi	Government	280,366	2.20
Pacific Coast Producers	Private label fruit canning	142,558	1.12
General Mills	Cereals, bread mixes, snack foods	81,600	0.64
ConAgra Foods	Specialty bakery, frozen dough	64,539	0.51
Lodi Memorial Hospital	Health care	54,230	0.43
Lodi Grape Festival	Festival Grounds	20,728	0.16
Temple Baptist Church	Church	17,848	0.14
Wine & Roses	Hotel and restaurant	13,623	0.11
Blue Shield of California	Health insurance	12,815	0.10
Subtotal Top Ten Users		\$ 991,853	7.80%
 TOTAL SYSTEM		 \$ 12,722,619	 100.00%

Table 3 A table showing selected rates effective January 1, 2015.

**CITY OF LODI
WATER SYSTEM
Selected Rates Effective January 1, 2015**

<u>Percent Increase</u>	<u>Current</u>
<i>Flat Rates (\$/month)</i>	
Single Family Residential Unit (\$/month)	
1 Bedroom	\$31.26
2 Bedroom	\$37.55
3 Bedroom	\$45.00
<i>Metered Water Rates</i>	
Service Charge (\$/month)	
<i>Single Family Residential</i>	
Up to 3/4" Meter	\$22.58
<i>Multi-Family and Non-Residential</i>	
1" Meter	\$35.91
1 1/2" Meter	\$63.66
2" Meter	\$93.26
Water Usage rates (\$/CCF)	
<i>Single Family Residential</i>	
Tier 1 - 0 to 10 CCF/month	\$0.96
Tier 2 - 11 to 50 CCF/month	\$1.32
Tier 3 - Over 50CCF/month	\$1.68
<i>Multi-Family and Non-Residential</i>	
All Water Usage	1.08

Source: City of Lodi.

Table 4 A table showing historic operating results and debt service coverage for the past five fiscal years.

CITY OF LODI					
WATER SYSTEM					
Historical Operating results and Debt Service Coverage					
Fiscal Years 2010-11 through 2014-15					
	<u>2010-11</u>	<u>2011-12</u>	<u>2012-13</u>	<u>2013-14</u>	<u>2014-15</u>
Gross Revenues					
Water Sales ⁽¹⁾	11,940,022	12,083,226	12,441,039	12,756,076	12,722,619
Investment Earnings	83,374	119,526	67,892	118,799	87,211
Water Impact Mitigation Fees	14,803	111,429	2,529	60,000	20,299
Meter Retrofit Installation Charges	1,653,399	675,815	585,965	405,677	56,052
Other Revenues ⁽²⁾	359,979	285,093	269,335	825,314	483,710
Total Gross Revenues	<u>14,051,577</u>	<u>13,275,089</u>	<u>13,366,850</u>	<u>14,165,866</u>	<u>13,369,891</u>
Operating and Maintenance Expenses					
Personnel Services ⁽³⁾	1,359,227	1,856,131	2,272,568	2,392,611	2,316,305
Supplies, Materials and Services ⁽³⁾	2,590,222	1,781,622	2,882,547	3,014,227	2,139,014
New Treatment Plant Operations (net)					
Utilities	652,296	693,657	683,635	648,233	579,774
Administrative Overhead	1,060,122	1,060,120	1,060,120	780,000	780,000
Total O & M Expenses	<u>5,661,865</u>	<u>5,391,530</u>	<u>6,898,870</u>	<u>6,835,071</u>	<u>5,815,093</u>
Net Revenue Available for Debt Service	<u>8,389,712</u>	<u>7,883,559</u>	<u>6,467,980</u>	<u>7,330,795</u>	<u>7,554,798</u>
Debt Service					
1991 California DWR SRF loan ⁽⁴⁾	1,433,395				
2010 Bonds ⁽⁵⁾	849,968	2,304,811	2,335,360	2,355,230	2,356,141
Total Net Debt Service	<u>2,283,363</u>	<u>2,304,811</u>	<u>2,335,360</u>	<u>2,355,230</u>	<u>2,356,141</u>
Debt Service Coverage ⁽⁶⁾					
Debt Service Coverage	3.67	3.42	2.77	3.11	3.21
Debt Service Coverage (excluding impact mitigation fees)	3.67	3.37	2.77	3.09	3.20
Net Remaining Revenues Available for Capital Capital Improvement Projects	6,106,349	5,578,748	4,132,620	4,975,565	5,198,657
Meter Retrofit Program ⁽⁷⁾	919,555	6,325,558	6,536,687	6,891,350	4,841,932

Other Water System Improvements ⁽⁸⁾	3,666,202	540,832	1,144,363	380,675	267,902
Total Capital Improvement Projects	<u>4,585,757</u>	<u>6,866,390</u>	<u>7,681,050</u>	<u>7,272,025</u>	<u>5,109,834</u>
Net Change in Reserve	1,520,592	(1,287,639)	(3,548,520)	(2,296,460)	88,823
Water Enterprise Fund ⁽⁹⁾					
Beginning Cash Balance	14,120,605	12,807,412	12,465,350	9,044,659	7,027,567
Ending Cash Balance	12,807,412	12,465,350	9,044,659	7,027,567	6,755,522

- (1) Water sales reflect Council-adopted rate increases effective January 1, 2015.
- (2) Includes rent, sales of City property, discounts, water reimbursements, and damage to property, water tap fees, DBCP reimbursements, and other miscellaneous revenues. DBCP reimbursements are expected to decline beginning in Fiscal Year 2012-13 as new plant becomes operational and groundwater draws diminish. PCE/TCE litigation revenues are excluded from Fiscal year 2005-06 through 2009-10. Fiscal year 2009-10 reflects one-time adjustments from prior years.
- (3) PCE/TCE litigation expenses are excluded from Fiscal Year 2006-07 through Fiscal year 2010-11.
- (4) Debt service on 1991 Loan was paid off in full on October 1, 2010.
- (5) Reflects total debt service for the 2010 Water Revenue Bonds net of the 35% interest rate subsidy for the Series 2010B bonds.
- (6) Coverage calculated based on Net Revenues divided by net Debt Service and Net Revenues less mitigation fees divided by Net Debt Service.
- (7) Annual capital costs of transition to water meters. Program expected to be completed in Fiscal Year 2017-18.
- (8) Excludes costs of the Project to be funded from proceeds of the Series 2010 Bonds.
- (9) Water Enterprise Fund balance includes both operating and capital reserves and is presented on a cash basis. Cash position is expected to increase substantially upon completion of the water meter installation program.

Source: City of Lodi

